

Visualizing the Math Department

The Planning Committee

December 2020



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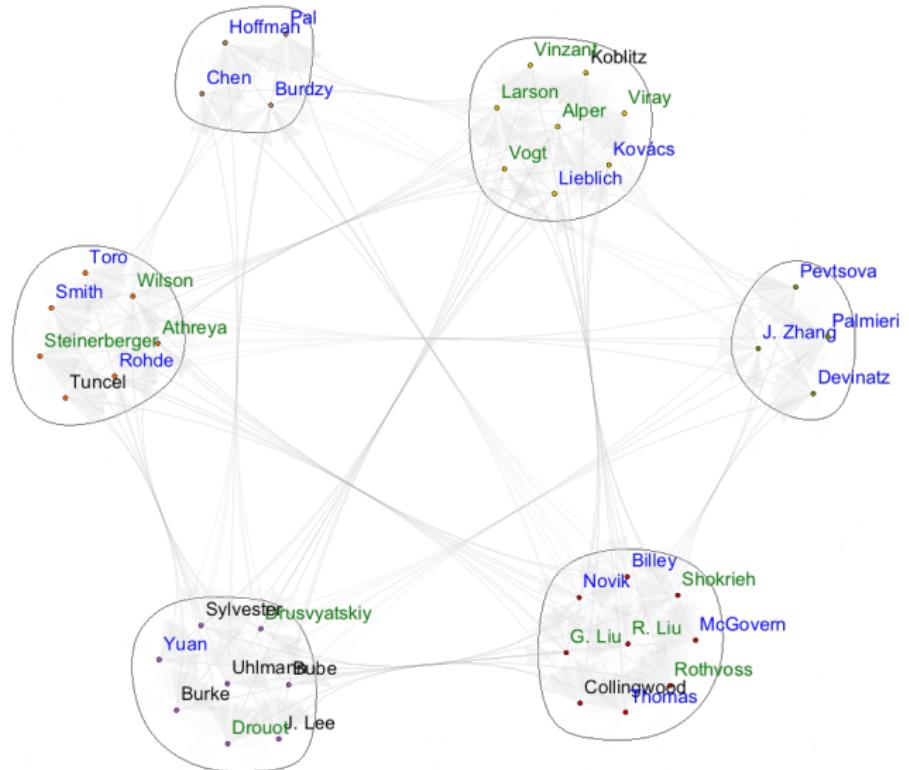
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3. The subsequent pictures are the results of specific algorithms applied to specific selection of parameters. Many more such pictures could be created.

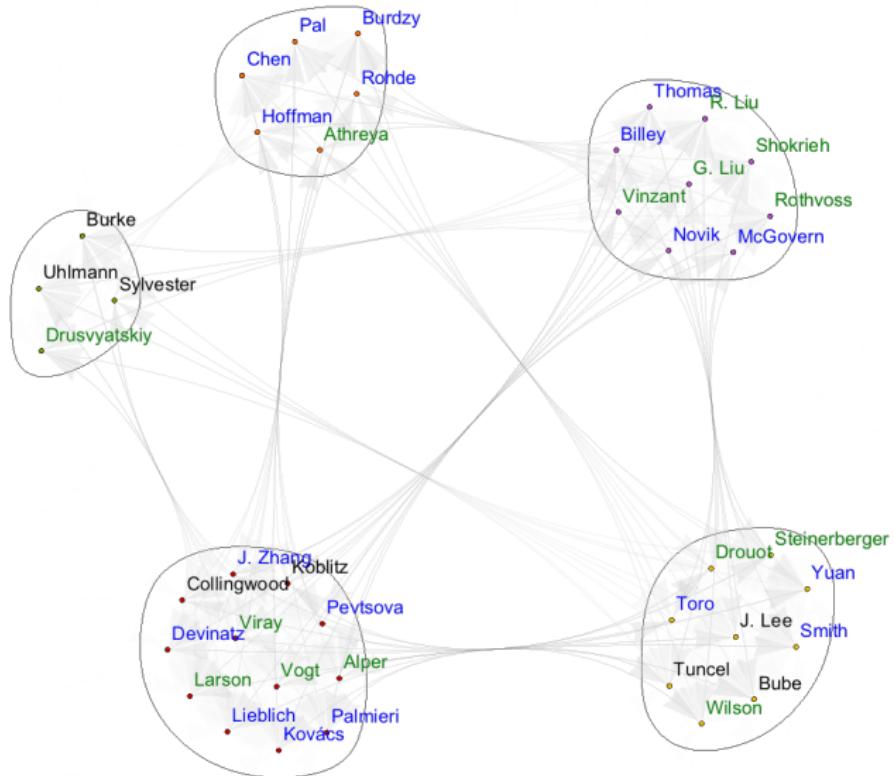
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4. The pictures are imperfect snapshots from a certain angle rather than absolute truth.

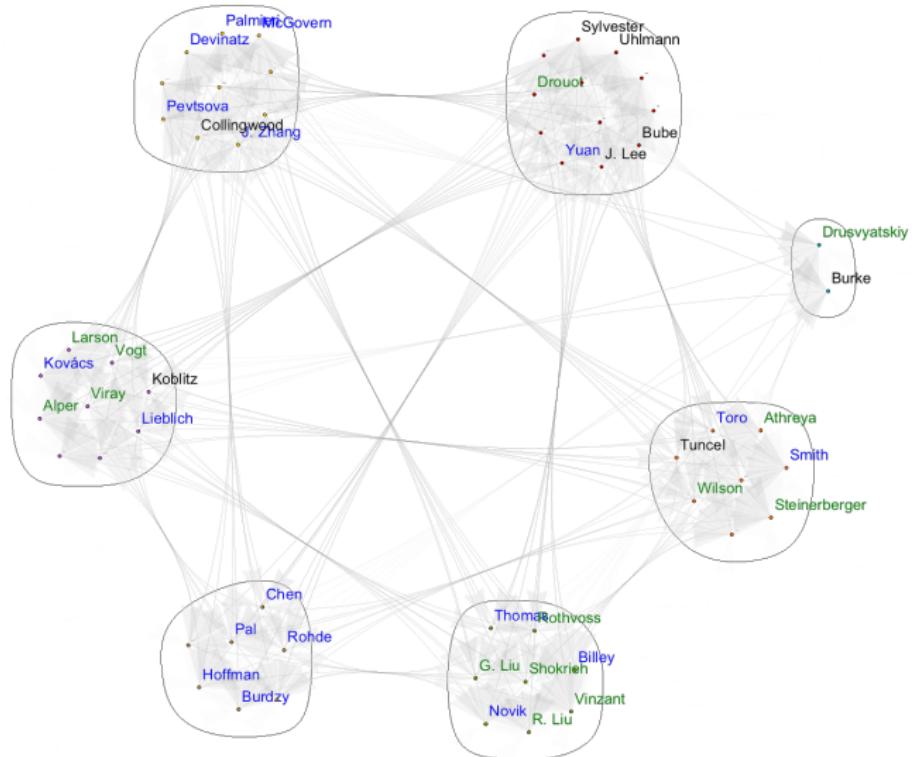
Current Faculty Composition (2020)



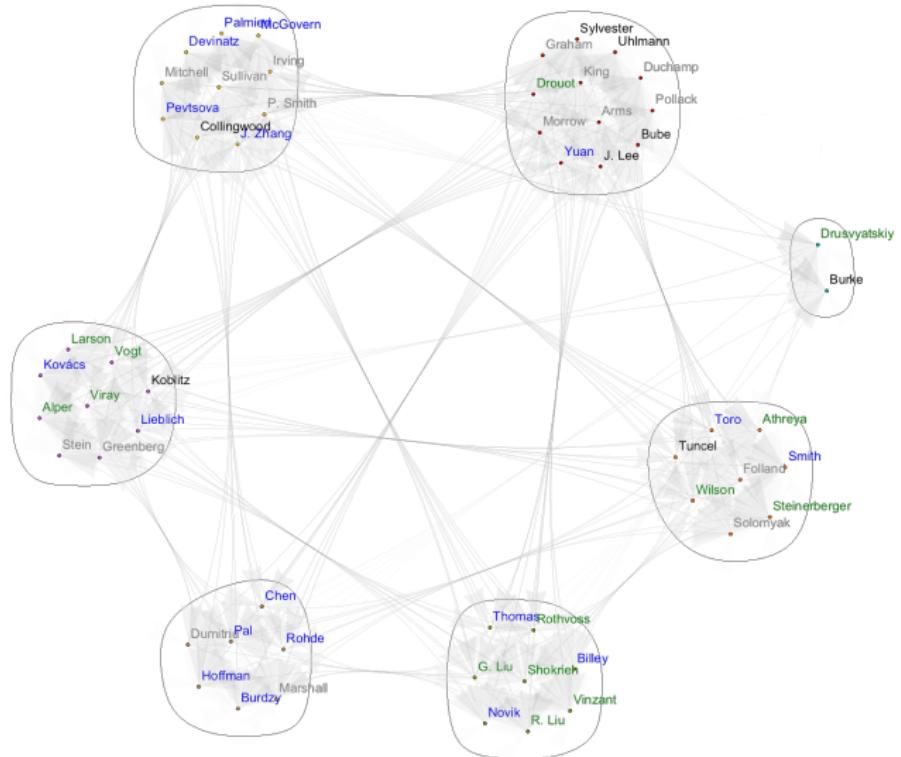
Another Perspective (2020)



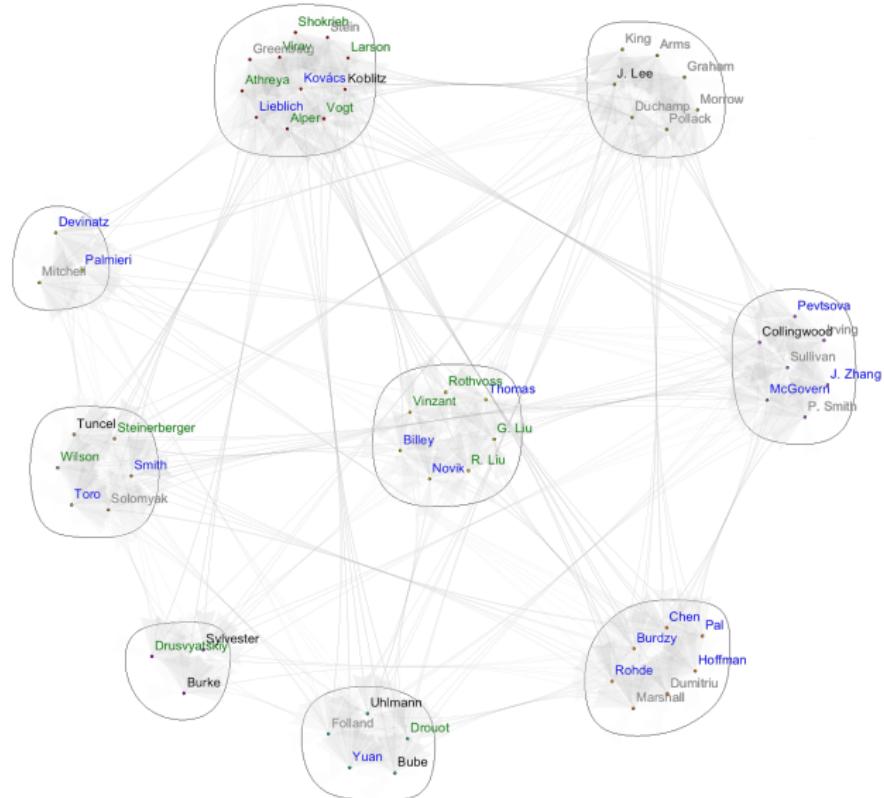
Current Faculty (2020) + Recent Departures (until 2014)



Current Faculty (2020) + Recent Departures (until 2014)



Current Faculty + Recent Departures: another view



Technical Notes

- ▶ We create a graph $G = (V, E)$, where V are faculty members and E are (weighted) edges.
- ▶ Between any two faculty members we create a *similarity score*
MSC₁
 1. The number of MSC classifications that they have in common.
 2. Add an additional point if they have the same primary.

MSC₂: primary, secondary, tertiary

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{points}$$

NSF

1. Add a point if they apply to the same NSF division.

Seminar Attendance: often, regularly, occasionally

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & 6 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{points}$$

Technical Notes

- ▶ The formula that we used is
Similarity $_i = 2 \text{ MSC}_i + \text{ NSF}_i + 0.1 \text{ Seminar}_i$.
This seems to lead to somewhat reasonable results, however, other parameter choices are certainly conceivable.
- ▶ We then create a Graph by connecting each faculty member to the k faculty members that they have the highest similarity score with. k acts as a parameter introducing scale: large values of k lead to larger clusters, smaller values of k lead to smaller cluster. ($2 \leq k \leq 20$)
- ▶ This graph is then partitioned using Mathematica's `FINDGRAPHCOMMUNITIES`. The pictures above use the `SPECTRAL` and the `MODULARITY` setting.