## MORE FUNCTION GRAPHING; OPTIMIZATION

## FRI, OCT 25, 2013

*Exercise* 1. Let n be an arbitrary positive integer. Give an example of a function with exactly n vertical asymptotes. Give an example of a function with infinitely many vertical asymptotes.

*Exercise* 2. Let f be a function which is differentiable everywhere. Suppose that f'(x) > 1 for all x. Show that  $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x) = \infty$ .

Exercise 3. Graph the function

$$f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 + 9x \; .$$

Indicate domain, critical points, inflection points, regions where the graph is increasing/decreasing, x-intercepts and y-intercepts, regions of concavity (up or down), local maxima and minima, any asymptotes and behavior at infinity.

Exercise 4. Find

$$\lim_{t \to 16} \frac{\sqrt{t} - 4}{t - 16}$$

in three ways: (i) using methods learned up to and including the first midterm; (ii) by realizing the limit as f'(c) for some function f(t) and some value c; (iii) using L'Hospital's Rule.

*Exercise* 5 (Section 4.7, #19). Find the point on the line y = 2x + 3 that is closest to the origin.

*Exercise* 6 (Section 4.7, #21). Find the points on the ellipse  $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$  that are farthest away from the point (1, 0).

*Exercise* 7 (Section 4.7, #24). Find the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in the ellipse  $x^2/a^2 + y^2/b^2 = 1$ .

*Exercise* 8 (Section 4.7, #54). At which points on the curve  $y = 1 + 40x^3 - 3x^5$  does the tangent line have the largest slope?