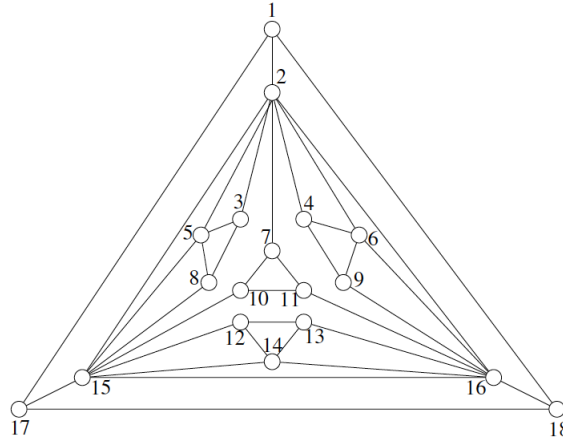


# Homework 3 - Math 409

In preparation of Quiz 3 on April 18

- Use the algorithm seen in class to find a maximum size matching (and check that it is maximum) in the graph below.



- Give an example of a graph  $G$ , a matching  $M$ , and a blossom  $B$  for  $M$  such that a maximum matching in  $G/B$  does not lead to a maximum matching in  $G$ . Explain why this does not contradict the following theorem that we proved in class:

*Let  $B$  be a blossom with respect to  $M$ . Then  $M$  is a maximum size matching in  $G$  if and only if  $M/B$  is a maximum size matching in  $G/B$ .*

- Let  $G = (V, E)$  be any graph. Let  $S \subseteq V$  be any set of vertices such that there exists a matching  $M$  for which  $S$  is a subset of the matched vertices in  $M$ . Prove that there exists a *maximum* matching  $M^*$  for which all the vertices of  $S$  are matched as well.
- Let  $G = (V, E)$  be any graph and let  $U \subseteq V$  be a set of vertices such that there exists a matching  $M$  of size  $\frac{1}{2}(|U| + |V| - o(G \setminus U))$ . Let  $K_1, \dots, K_l$  be the connected components of  $G \setminus U$ .
  - If  $M$  is *any* maximum matching, then  $M$  contains exactly  $\lfloor \frac{|K_i|}{2} \rfloor$  edges from the subgraph of  $G$  induced by the vertices of  $K_i$ .
  - If  $M$  is *any* maximum matching, then each vertex  $u \in U$  is matched to a vertex  $v$  in an odd component  $K_i$  of  $G \setminus U$ .
  - If  $M$  is *any* maximum matching, then the only exposed vertices must be in odd components of  $G \setminus U$ .
- Consider the Tutte-Berge formula  $\max_M |M| = \min_{U \subseteq V} \frac{1}{2}(|U| + |V| - o(G \setminus U))$ . Can there exist different sets  $U \subseteq V$  that minimize the right handside? If so, find an example; otherwise, prove that the set  $U$  that minimizes the right handside is unique.