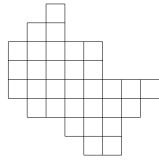
## Homework 1 - Math 409

## Due on April 4, 2016

- 1. (10 points) Show that, given a bipartite graph  $G = (A \cup B, E)$ , G has a matching of size |A| if and only if for every  $S \subseteq A$ , we have  $|N(S)| \ge |S|$  where  $N(S) = \{b \in B : \exists a \in S \text{ with } (a, b) \in E\}$ . **Hint:** one way to do so is to use the construction in the proof of König's theorem.
- 2. (10 points) Consider the problem of perfectly tiling a subset of a checkerboard (like below) with dominoes (a domino being two adjacent squares).
  - (a) (6 points) Show that this problem can be formulated as the problem of deciding whether a bipartite graph has a perfect matching.
  - (b) (4 points) Can the following figure be tiled by dominoes? Give a tiling or a **short** proof that no tiling exists.



- 3. (10 points) A graph is *d*-regular if the degree of every vertex is *d*, i.e., if the number of edges adjacent to any vertex is *d*.
  - (a) (6 points) Show that a *d*-regular bipartite graph has a perfect matching if  $d \ge 1$ . Hint: one way to do so is to use the statement you proved in the first question.
  - (b) (3 points) Show that a d-regular bipartite graph has d disjoint perfect matchings. **Hint:** one way to do so is to use induction.
  - (c) (1 point) Give an example of a *d*-regular non-bipartite graph that does not have a perfect matching.
- 4. (10 points) We say a matching M for G = (V, E) is **maximal** if  $M \cup e$  is not a matching for any  $e \in E \setminus M$ . Show that in any (not necessarily bipartite) graph G = (V, E), the size of any maximal matching M is at least half the size of a maximum matching  $M^*$ .