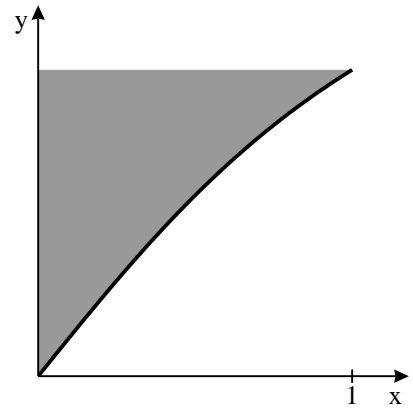


**Instructions:** DO NOT TURN IN. This is practice for the midterm. I will base some of the midterm problems on some of the problems here.

- 1 Stewart, section 7.7: #5, 9, 10, 13, 30, 32, 35, 39
- 2 Stewart, section 7.8: #1, 3, 7, 9, 13, 19, 27, 30, 31, 64, 69, 70

3 The portion of the graph of  $y = \tan^{-1} x$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$  is rotated around the  $y$ -axis to form a container. The container is filled with water. Use  $n = 6$  subdivisions and Simpson's Rule to approximate the work required to pump all the water out over the side. Distance is measured in meters and the density of water is  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .



4 The rocket in Problem 3 of Week 4 required the following force when the rocket was at a distance of  $x$  from the center of the moon:

$$F(x) = \frac{R^2 P}{x^2} \text{ pounds.}$$

a) The total amount of work done raising the payload from the surface (an altitude of 0, so  $x = R$ ) to an altitude of  $R$  ( $x = 2R$ ) is

$$W = \int_a^b F(x) dx = \int_R^{2R} \frac{R^2 P}{x^2} dx = \underline{\hspace{10em}} \text{ mile-pounds.}$$

b) How much work will be needed to raise the payload from the surface of the moon to the “end of the universe”?