# Math 308 L - Spring 2017 Midterm Exam Number One April 19, 2017 

Name: $\qquad$
Signature:

Student ID no. : $\qquad$
Section: $\qquad$

| 1 | 15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2 | 12 |  |
| 3 | 14 |  |
| 4 | 15 |  |
| 5 | 10 |  |
| 6 | 12 |  |
| 7 | 10 |  |
| 8 | 12 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

- This exam consists of EIGHT problems on FIVE pages, including this cover sheet.
- Show all work for full credit.
- You may use a scientific, non-graphing, non-algebraic calculator during this exam. Other calculators and electronic device are not permitted.
- You do not need to simplify your answers.
- If you use a trial-and-error or guess-and-check method when a more rigorous method is available, you will not receive full credit.
- If you write on the back of the page, please indicate that you have done so!
- Draw a box around your final answer to each problem.
- You may use one hand-written double-sided $8.5^{\prime \prime}$ by $11^{\prime \prime}$ page of notes.
- You have 50 minutes to complete the exam.

1. [ $\mathbf{1 5}$ points] Below is a traffic diagram of three intersections.

Find the general solution for $\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}\right)$.

2. [12 points] Write the following matrix in reduced echelon form. (Found a shortcut? Great! But please explain it.)
$\left[\begin{array}{rrrrr}1 & 3 & 5 & -9 & 2 \\ 2 & 12 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -6 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3\end{array}\right]$
3. [14 points] Can you write the vector $\left[\begin{array}{c}-4 \\ 5 \\ 5\end{array}\right]$ as a linear combination of $\left[\begin{array}{c}6 \\ 3 \\ 10\end{array}\right]$ and $\left[\begin{array}{l}4 \\ 1 \\ 5\end{array}\right]$ ?
4. [15 points] Here are four vectors: $\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 2 \\ -1\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 4 \\ 1\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}-1 \\ 2 \\ z_{1}\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 0 \\ z_{2}\end{array}\right]$.
(a) For what values of $z_{1}$ and $z_{2}$ do these vectors span $\mathbb{R}^{3}$ ?
(b) For what values of $z_{1}$ and $z_{2}$ are these vectors linearly independent?
5. [10 points] Below on the left is a picture of Victor, a humble unit square chilling in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$.

One day, a witch cursed him with a linear transformation, turning him into the parallelogram on the right!



The witch's spell was formed by applying the function $T(\mathbf{x})=A \mathbf{x}$ for some matrix $A$. What's $A$ ?
6. [12 points] Find three vectors $\mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{2}$, and $\mathbf{u}_{3}$ such that each of the pairs $\left\{\mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{2}\right\},\left\{\mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{3}\right\}$, and $\left\{\mathbf{u}_{2}, \mathbf{u}_{3}\right\}$ are linearly independent, but $\left\{\mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{2}, \mathbf{u}_{3}\right\}$ are linearly dependent.
7. [10 points] Let $T\left(\left[\begin{array}{l}x_{1} \\ x_{2} \\ x_{3}\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{c}x_{1}-4 \\ x_{1}+x_{2}\end{array}\right]$. Is this a linear transformation? Why or why not?
8. [3 points per part] Here, I bought you this linear transformation:

$$
T(\mathbf{x})=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right] \mathbf{x}
$$

Answer the following questions. Explain your reasoning!
(a) What's the domain of $T$ ?
(b) What's the codomain of $T$ ?
(c) Is $T$ one-to-one?
(d) Is $T$ onto?

