## Math 336 Sample $\mathfrak{P r o b l e m s ~}$

One notebook sized page of notes will be allowed on the test. The test will cover up to $\S$ VI. 2 in the text (excluding those sections for which there was no homework).

1. Let $f$ be an analytic function on an open connected set $W$. Suppose $0 \in W$ and suppose $\left|f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right|<e^{-n}$ for all $n>0$. Prove that $f(z)=0$ for all $z \in W$.
2. Suppose $f(z)$ is an entire function and $|f(z)|<1+|z|^{1 / 2}$. Prove that $f$ is constant.
3. Compute

$$
\int_{0}^{2 \pi} e^{e^{i \theta}} d \theta
$$

4. Suppose $f$ is continuous on a connected open set $W$. Suppose also that $f^{2}$ and $f^{3}$ are analytic on $W$. Prove that $f$ is analytic.
5. Let $u$ and $v$ be harmonic on an open connected set $W$. Suppose that $u(z) v(z)=0$ on an open subset of $W$. Prove that either $u$ or $v$ is identically 0 on $W$.
6. Suppose $f(z)=u(z)+i v(z)$ is entire and $|u(z)|>|v(z)|$ for all $z$. Prove that $f$ is constant.
7. Where does

$$
\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-z^{2} \sqrt{n}}
$$

converge? Where is it analytic?
8. Suppose $f$ is analytic in $\{0<|z|<r\}$ for some $r>0$. Suppose also that $|f(z)|<|z|^{-1+\epsilon}$ in $\{0<|z|<\delta\}$, where $\epsilon>0$. Prove that $f$ has a removable singularity at 0 .
9. Let $D=\{z:|z|<1\}$. Let $f$ be analytic and non-constant on $W$, and suppose $\bar{D} \subset W$. Suppose $|f|$ is constant on $\partial D$. Prove that $f$ has at least one zero in D.
10. Suppose $\operatorname{Re}\left(z_{1}\right)<0, \operatorname{Re}\left(z_{2}\right)<0$. Prove that

$$
\left|e^{z_{1}}-e^{z_{2}}\right|<\left|z_{1}-z_{2}\right|
$$

11. Suppose $f$ is entire and $|f(z)| \leq\left|K e^{z}\right|$ for some $K$. Prove that $f(z)=C e^{z}$ for some $C$.
12. Let $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_{n} z^{n}$ of Laurent series of $\frac{1}{\sin (z)}$ in $|z|<\pi$. Prove that $a_{n}=0$ if $n<-1$ and $a_{n}=0$ if $n$ is even. Compute $a_{-1}$ and $a_{1}$.
13. There may be homework problems, example problems from the text, or requests for statements of theorems on the midterm.
