

Math 335 Sample Problems

One notebook sized page of notes will be allowed on the test. The test will cover through §7.6

1. Let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence of continuous functions in $I = [a, b]$ and suppose $f_n(x) \geq f_{n+1}(x) \geq 0$ for all $x \in I$. Suppose $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = 0$ for all $x \in I$ (point-wise convergence to 0). Is the convergence uniform? Give a proof or a counterexample.
2. Let f_n be a sequence of Riemann integrable functions on interval $I = [a, b]$. Suppose f_n converges uniformly to a limit f on I . Prove that f is Riemann integrable.
3. Prove that $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x}{(1 + |x|)^n}$ converges for all x , but the convergence is not uniform.
4. Assume $p \geq 1$, $q \geq 1$. Prove that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{t^{p-1}}{1+t^q} dt = \frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{p+q} + \frac{1}{p+2q} \dots$$

Give careful justification of any manipulations.

5. Suppose $a_n > b_n > 0$, $a_n > a_{n+1}$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$. Does $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n b_n$ converge? Give a proof or a counterexample.

6. Prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos nx}{n}$ converges uniformly for $x \in [a, b]$, $0 < a < b < 2\pi$, but does not converge absolutely for any x .

7. Prove that

$$\int_0^1 \left(\frac{\log(1/t)}{t} \right)^{1/2} dt = \sqrt{2\pi}.$$

8. Prove that $\sum_1^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\sin nx}{n}$ converges uniformly on $\{|x| < 1\}$ to a continuous function.

9. Folland §7.5, #9.

10. Let f_n be a sequence of functions defined on the open interval (a, b) . Suppose $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f_n(x) = a_n$ for all n . Suppose $\sum_1^{\infty} f_n$ converges uniformly on (a, b) to a function f . Prove that $\sum_1^{\infty} a_n$ converges and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = \sum_1^{\infty} a_n$. Do not assume f_n is continuous on (a, b) .

11. Folland, §7.5, #14.

12. Suppose the series $\sum_1^{\infty} a_n$ converges. Prove that $\sum_1^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n^x}$ converges for $x \geq 0$. Let $f(x) = \sum_1^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n^x}$. Prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \sum_1^{\infty} a_n$.

13. You will need to know the definitions of the following terms and statements of the following theorems.

- (a) Absolute and conditional convergence of a series
- (b) Dirichlet's test
- (c) Abel's test and theorem

- (d) Uniform convergence of a sequence or series of functions
 - (e) Weierstrass M-test
 - (f) Continuity of a uniform limit of continuous functions
 - (g) Integration and differentiation of a sequence or series
 - (h) Power series
 - (i) Radius of convergence of a power series
 - (j) Integration and differentiation of a power series
 - (k) Improper integrals dependent on a parameter
 - (l) Uniform convergence of an improper integral
 - (m) Integration and differentiation of an improper integral
 - (n) Gamma function
14. There may be homework problems or example problems from the text on the midterm.