## Problem Set 16

UW Math Circle – Advanced Group

Session 22 (3 April 2014)

1. Count the number of necklaces you can make with n black beads and n-1 white beads. Two necklaces are considered the same if you can get one from the other by rotating. Does it look familiar? (Why?) Figure shows all necklaces for n = 4.



2. Count the number of ways to tile an  $n \times n$  "staircase" with exactly n rectangles. Does it look familiar? (Why?) Figure shows all tilings for n = 3.



- 3. If G is a group, the *center* of G, denoted  $Z_G$ , is the set of elements that commute with all other elements of G (that is,  $z \in Z_G$  if zg = gz for all  $g \in G$ ).
  - (a) Prove that the center of a group G is a subgroup of G.
  - (b) Prove that the center of the symmetric group  $S_n$  for n > 2 is the group with one element.