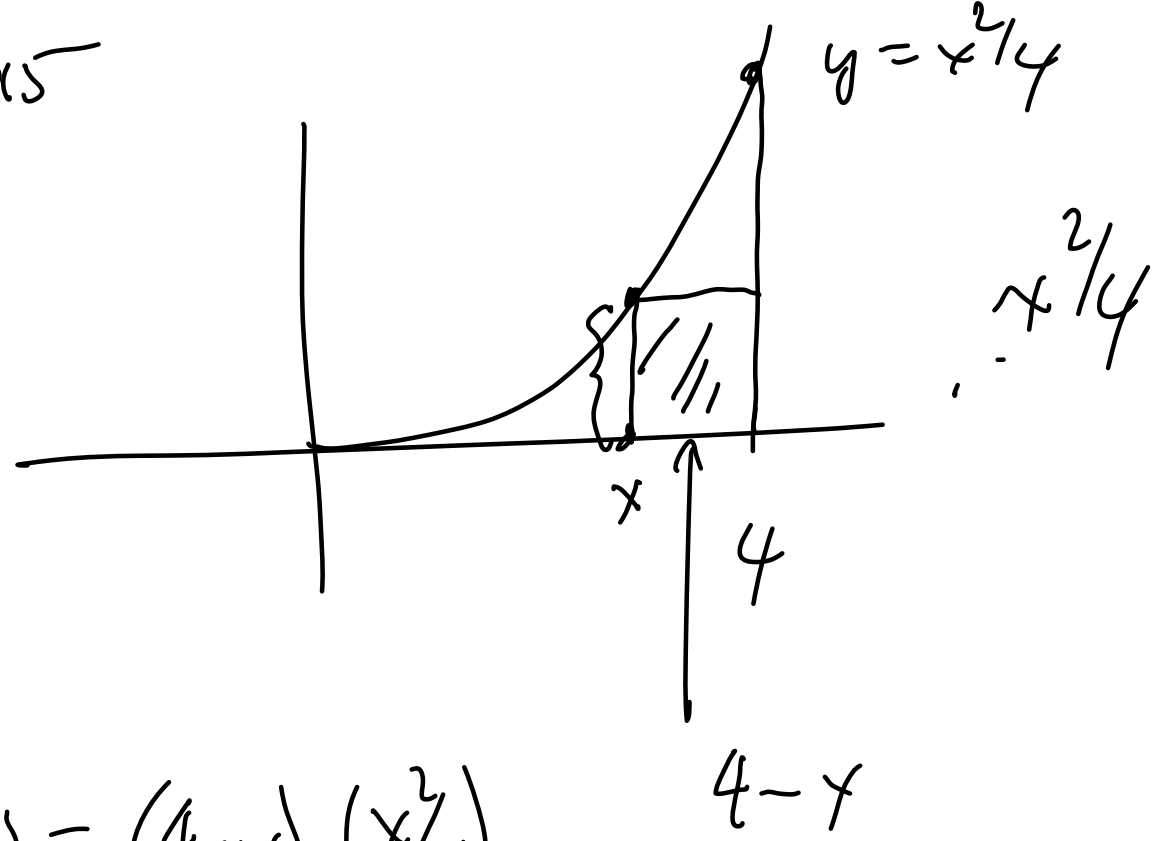


12/7/16 SPRING 2015

6 →
 1a
 3
 4a(iv)
 5
 2b



$$A(x) = (4-x) \left(\frac{x^2}{4}\right)$$

$$= x^2 - \frac{x^3}{4}$$

$$A'(x) = 2x - \frac{3x^2}{4} = 0$$

$x = 0$
 $2 - \frac{3}{4}x = 0$
 $x = 8/3$

$$A(0) = 0$$

$$A(4) = 0$$

$$A\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) = \left(4 - \frac{8}{3}\right) \frac{\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)^2}{4}$$

By ext val theorem there is a max & it occurs at endpoint or cp.

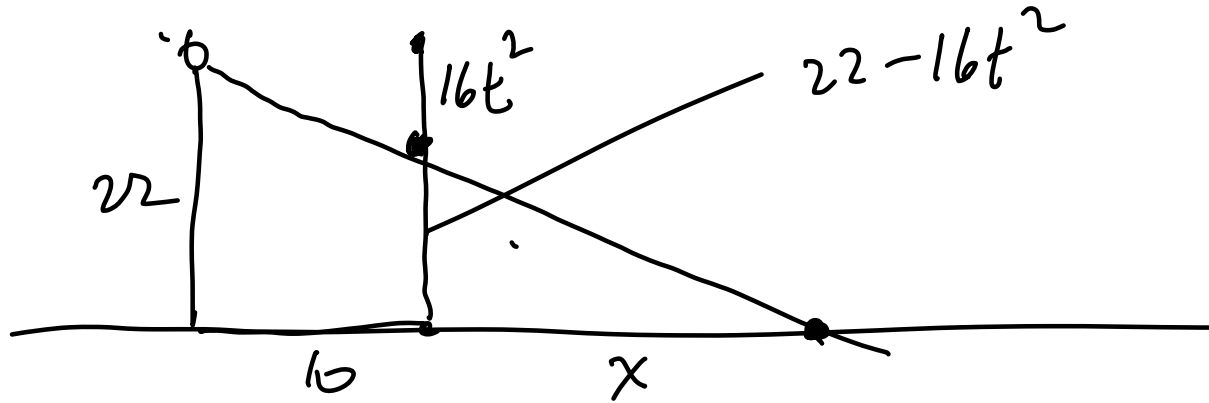
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x - \sqrt{x^2 + 4x}$$

$$(x - \sqrt{x^2 + 4x}) \frac{(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x})}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x}} = \frac{x^2 - (x^2 + 4x)}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x}}$$

$$= \frac{-4x}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x}} \Rightarrow \frac{-4}{1 + \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x}}{x}}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{x^2(1 + 4/x)}}{x}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4/x}} \rightarrow \frac{-4}{2} = -2$$



want $x'(\frac{1}{2})$

$$\frac{x}{22-16t^2} = \frac{x+10}{22}$$

$$~~22x = 22x + 220 - 16t^2x - 160t^2~~$$

$$16t^2x = 220 - 160t^2$$

$$x = \frac{220 - 160t^2}{16t^2} = \frac{220}{16t^2} - 10$$

$$x' = -\frac{440}{16t^3}$$

$$x'(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{-440}{16(\frac{1}{8})} = -220 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} f(x^2) &= f'(x^2) \cdot 2x \\ \text{at } x=1 &= f'(1) \cdot 2 = -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^3 - 4xy + y^2 = 0$$

$$3x^2 - 4y - 4xy' + 2yy' = 0$$

$$y'(-4x + 2y) = 4y - 3x^2$$

$$y' = \frac{4y - 3x^2}{-4x + 2y}$$

$$y'(3) = \frac{4 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 9}{-12 + 6} = \frac{-15}{-6} = \frac{5}{2}$$

If vert. tang then $-4x + 2y = 0$

$$y = 2x$$

$$x^3 - 4x(2x) + (2x)^2 = 0$$

$$x^3 - 8x^2 + 4x^2 = 0$$

$$x^3 - 4x^2 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 4 \\ y = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4y - 3x^2 &= 32 - 48 \\ &= -16 \neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^3 - 4xy + y^2 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{4x \pm \sqrt{16x^2 - 4x^3}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4x \pm \sqrt{4x^2(4-x)}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4x \pm 2x\sqrt{4-x}}{2}$$

$$= 2x \pm x\sqrt{4-x}$$

$$y' \neq 0 \quad y' = 2 \pm \left[\sqrt{4-x} + \frac{x(-1)}{2\sqrt{4-x}} \right]$$

bad only if $x = 4$

$d(3,3)$

$$y' = 5/2$$

Tang $y =$ $L(x) = \frac{5}{2}(x-3) + 3$

$$\frac{5}{2}(x-3) + 3 = 2.95$$

$$x = \frac{t}{t^2 + 1}$$

$$y = \frac{4 - t^2}{t^2 + 1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(t^2 + 1)(-2t) - (4 - t^2)(2t)}{\cancel{(t^2 + 1)^2}}}{\frac{(t^2 + 1) - t(2t)}{\cancel{(t^2 + 1)^2}}}$$

$$= \frac{-2t^3 - 2t - 8t + 2t^3}{t^2 + 1 - 2t^2}$$

$$= \frac{-10t}{1 - t^2}$$

eq normal

$$y = \frac{1 - t^2}{10t} \left(x - \frac{t}{t^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{4 - t^2}{t^2 + 1}$$

$$0 = \frac{-t(1 - t^2)}{10t(t^2 + 1)} + \frac{4 - t^2}{t^2 + 1}$$

$$y^2 - xy + x^2 + y = 22$$

$$2yy' - y - xy' + 2x + y' = 0$$

If $y' = 0$ then $-y + 2x = 0$

$$y = 2x$$

$$4x^2 - 2x^2 + x^2 + 2x = 22$$

$$3x^2 + 2x - 22 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 264}}{6}$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{268}}{3}$$

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