

**HONOR STATEMENT**

I affirm that my work upholds the highest standards of honesty and academic integrity at the University of Washington, and that I have neither given nor received any unauthorized assistance on this exam.

Name

Signature

Student ID #

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Please circle Section

AA AB AC  
BA BB BC

	1.	2.	3.	4.	$\Sigma$
Possible	15	15	15	15	60
Points					

- Please turn off your cell phone and put it away.
- There are 4 problems on 9 pages. Check your copy of the exam for completeness. Note that front **and** back of the pages are printed on.
- You are allowed to use a hand written sheet of paper (8x11 in), back and front.
- The only calculator allowed is Ti-30x IIS
- When applicable, make a labeled sketch of the situation. It will grant you at least 1 point.
- Justify all your answers and show your work for full credit.
- If you round, then round to the 4th decimal number.

Do not open the test until everyone has a copy and the start of the test is announced.

GOOD LUCK!

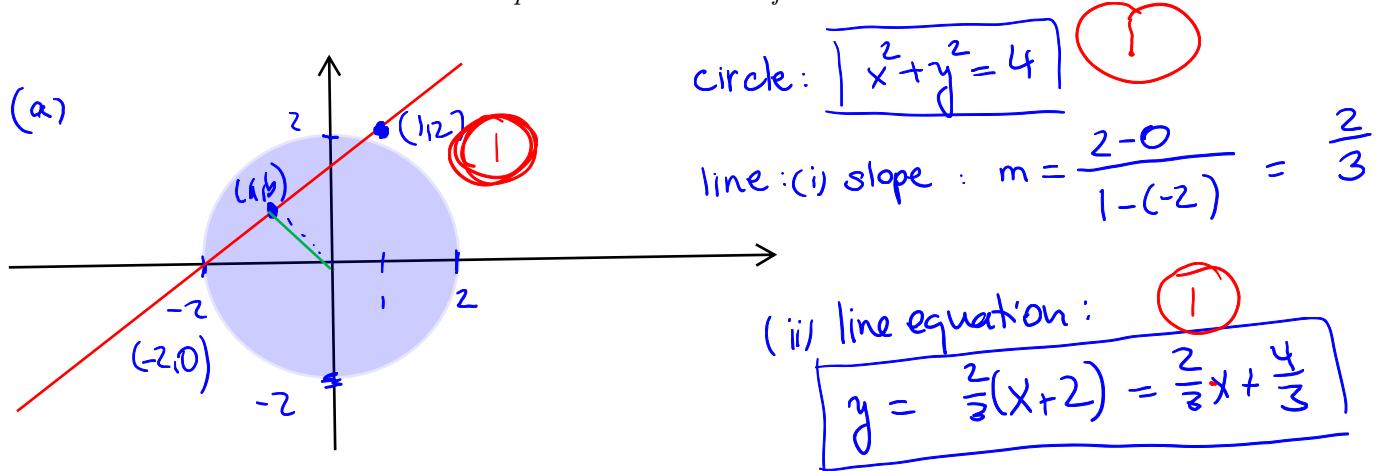


7+8

**Problem 1 (5+10 points)** A colorful duck is walking near a lake, which is of the shape of a perfect circle with radius 2km. The duck begins its walk 1km East and 2km North of the center of the lake and it is heading on a straight line to the westernmost point of the lake.

(a) Where will the duck enter the lake and start swimming? Work with exact numbers, no rounding.

(b) Assume that the duck walks at a speed of 2km/h and swims at a speed of 5km/h. When does the duck reach the closest point to the center of the lake?



intersect line and circle:

$$x^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}\right)^2 = 4 \Leftrightarrow x^2 + \frac{4}{9}x^2 + \frac{16}{9}x + \frac{16}{9} = 4 \quad (2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{13}{9}x^2 + \frac{16}{9}x = \frac{20}{9} \Leftrightarrow x = -2 \text{ or } x = \frac{10}{13}$$

Then  $y = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{10}{13} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{24}{13}$  The duck will enter the lake at  $\left(\frac{10}{13}, \frac{24}{13}\right)$

b) Find point on  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$  closest to  $(0,0)$ :

Perpendicular line through  $(0,0)$ :  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x \quad (1)$

Intersect two lines:  $\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} \stackrel{(1)}{=} -\frac{3}{2}x \Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{8}{13}$ . Then  $y \stackrel{(1)}{=} -\frac{3}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{8}{13}\right) = \frac{12}{13} \quad \left(-\frac{8}{13}, \frac{12}{13}\right)$

Walking from  $(1,2)$  to  $(-\frac{8}{13}, \frac{12}{13})$ :  $d = \sqrt{(-\frac{10}{13})^2 + (2 - \frac{24}{13})^2} = 0.274 \rightarrow \frac{0.274 \text{ km}}{2 \text{ km/h}} = 0.1387 \text{ h}$

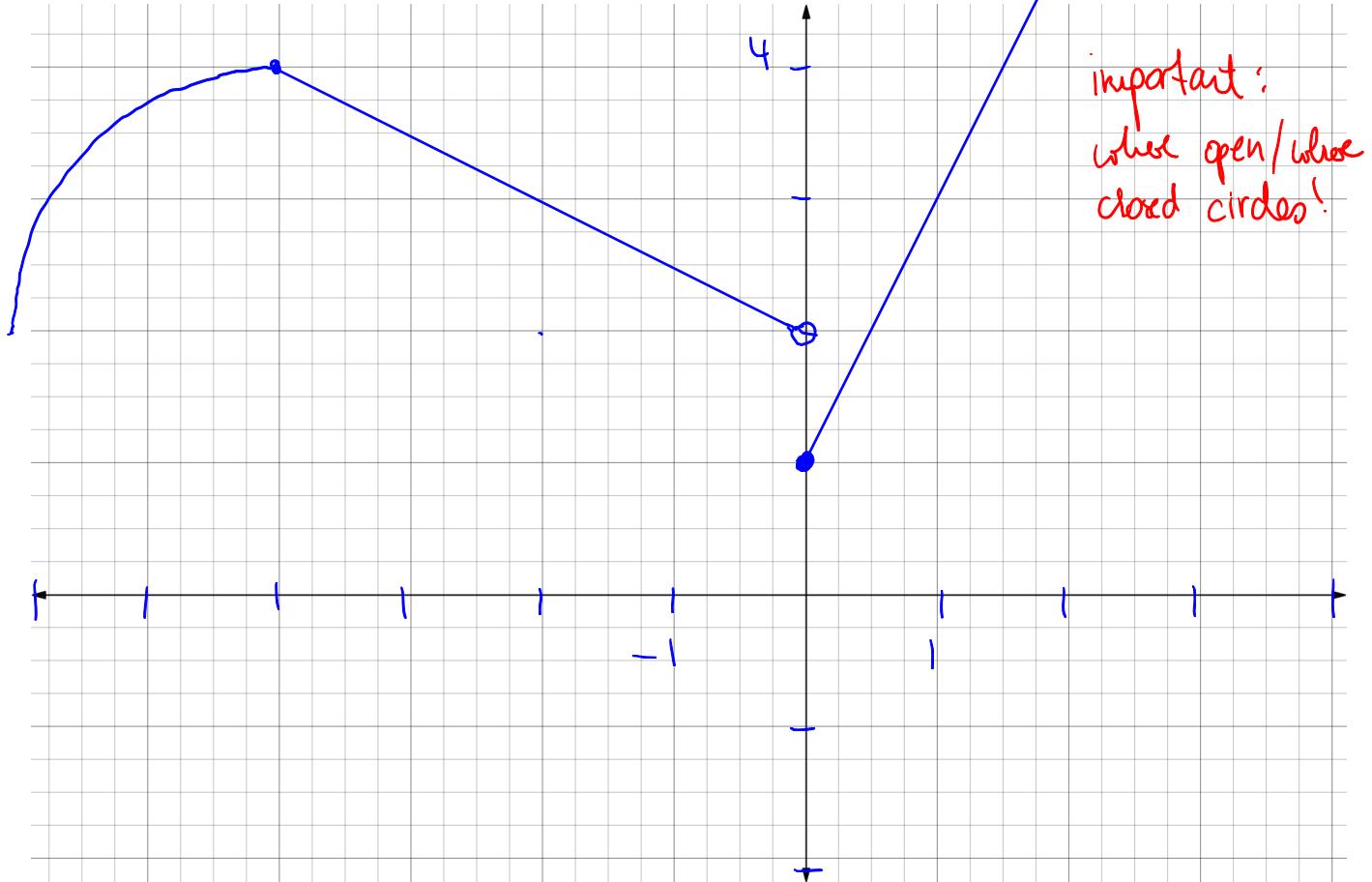
Swimming from  $(\frac{10}{13}, \frac{24}{13})$  to  $(-\frac{8}{13}, \frac{12}{13})$ :  $d = \sqrt{(\frac{10}{13} + \frac{8}{13})^2 + (\frac{12}{13} - \frac{24}{13})^2} = 1.6641 \text{ km} \rightarrow \frac{1.6641 \text{ h}}{5 \text{ km/h}} = 0.3328 \text{ h}$

Time (total):  $0.1387 \text{ h} + 0.3328 \text{ h} = \boxed{0.471 \text{ h}}$

**Problem 2 (10 points)** Consider the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{4 - (x+4)^2} + 2 & \text{if } -6 \leq x < -4 \\ -\frac{1}{2}x + 2 & \text{if } -4 \leq x < 0 \\ 2x + 1 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

(a) Find the graph of this function. Use the provided coordinate system. Label the axes.



Algebraically,

(b) Find all points where  $f(x) = -x$ . (More space on the next page) Exact values, please.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \quad \sqrt{4 - (x+4)^2} + 2 &= -x \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{4 - (x+4)^2} = -2 - x \Rightarrow 4 - (x+4)^2 = 4 + 4x + x^2 \\ &\Leftrightarrow -x^2 - 8x - 16 = 4x + x^2 \\ &\Leftrightarrow 2x^2 + 12x + 16 = 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (x+3)^2 = -8 + 9 \Leftrightarrow x+3 = \pm 1 \\ &\Leftrightarrow x = -4 \text{ or } x = -2. \quad \begin{matrix} \text{NOPE} \\ \text{NOPE} \end{matrix} \quad \leftarrow \text{note: } (-6 \leq x < -4!) \end{aligned}$$
  

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad -\frac{1}{2}x + 2 &= -x \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2}x = 2 \Leftrightarrow x = 4 \quad \boxed{(-4, 4)} \quad \text{YES} \end{aligned}$$

$$(iii) \quad 2x+1 = -x \quad (\Rightarrow x = -1)$$

NOPE

**Problem 3** (10 points) You start running from a point 63 meters due EAST of a statue in a park and run directly toward a point 16 meters due NORTH of the statue. You run at a constant speed of 5 meters per second.

- (a) Take the statue as the origin of a coordinate system. Find the parametric equations of your location after  $t$  seconds of running.

- (b) A coyote starts running at the same time you do. After  $t$  seconds of running, the coyote's location is given by

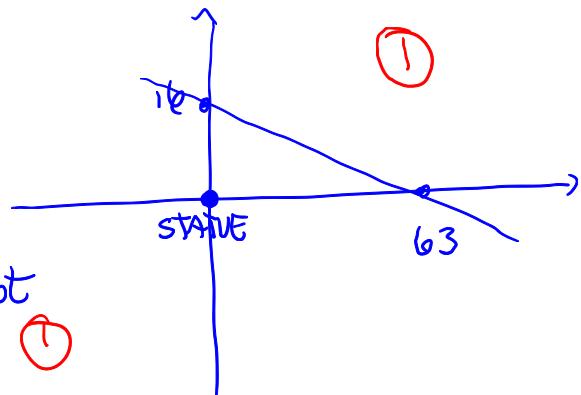
$$x = 1 + \frac{2t}{13} \quad y = 55 - \frac{29}{13}t$$

Find the time  $t$  when you and the coyote are closest to each other.

(a)  $x = a + bt \quad y = c + dt \quad (1)$

At  $t=0$  the location is  $(63, 0) \rightarrow$

$\textcircled{1} \quad 63 = a \quad \text{and} \quad 0 = c \rightarrow x = 63 + bt$   
 $y = dt \quad \textcircled{1}$



We need a second time and corresponding location.

$\textcircled{2}$  Know that you will, at some time, get to  $(16, 0)$ . Distance travelled:

$$d = \sqrt{63^2 + 16^2} = 65. \text{ With a speed of } 5 \text{ m/seconds, this takes } 13 \text{ seconds}$$

to reach.

At  $t=13$  the location is  $(0, 16) \rightarrow 0 = 63 + 13b \Rightarrow b = -\frac{63}{13} \quad \textcircled{1}$

$$16 = d \cdot 13 \Rightarrow d = \frac{16}{13} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

So 
$$\boxed{x = 63 - \frac{63}{13}t, y = \frac{16}{13}t}$$

5) Distance between coyote and you at any time:  $c = \text{coyote } y = \text{you}$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_c - x_y)^2 + (y_c - y_y)^2} = \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2}{13}t - 63 + \frac{63}{13}t\right)^2 + \left(1 + \frac{29}{13}t - \frac{16}{13}t\right)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(-62 + 5t)^2 + (1 + t)^2} = \sqrt{25t^2 - 618t + 3844}$$

$d$  is minimal when parabola under  $\sqrt{\quad}$  is minimal, when  $t$  is at the vertex :  $t = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{618}{52} = \boxed{11.8846 \text{ seconds.}}$

**Problem 4 (11+4)** Assume the temperature on a sunny day in Seattle (I know...but let's just pretend) can be modeled through a quadratic function. Over the course of the day you measure the temperature three times, 5 hours apart from each other. The first measurement shows  $58^{\circ}\text{F}$ , the second shows  $75.5^{\circ}\text{F}$ , and the last shows  $68^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

(a) Determine the quadratic function that fits these three measurements.

(b) Assuming your first measurement is at 9am, when will the temperature reach its maximum?

$$(a) y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

where  $x$  is time/h and  $y$  is temperature. (1)

$(9, 58)$ ,  $(5, 75.5)$ ,  $(10, 68)$  are on the graph/elements of the (2)

$$\begin{aligned} 58 &= a \cdot 0 + b \cdot 0 + c \\ 75.5 &= a \cdot 5^2 + b \cdot 5 + c \\ 68 &= a \cdot 10^2 + b \cdot 10 + c \end{aligned}$$

setting up system

$$\begin{cases} c = 58 \\ 35 - 50a = 10b \\ 10 = 100a + (35 - 50a) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 58 \\ 75.5 = 25a + 5b + 58 \\ 68 = 100a + 10b + 58 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 58 \\ 35 - 50a = 10b \\ -25 = 50a \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 58 \\ 35 = 50a + 10b \\ 10 = 100a + 10b \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 58 \\ 10b = 35 + 25 \\ a = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + bx + 58 \quad (1)$$

b) Vertex  $x$ -coordinate:  $x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{6}{2(-\frac{1}{2})} = 6$  (4)

At 3pm, the temperature will be highest.

Scratch Paper -1

Scratch Paper -2