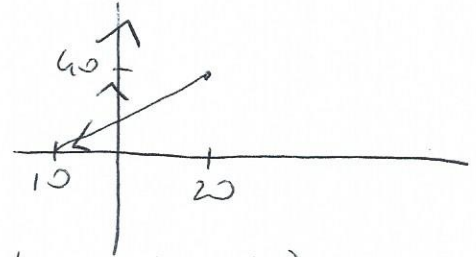


# VERSION 1

1. At time  $t = 0$  Tom leaves his house and starts driving North on a straight road at a constant speed of 30 mph. At the same time Bob leaves from a location situated 20 mi East and 40 mi North of Tom's house and starts driving on a straight road directly towards a location situated 10 mi West of Tom's house; Bob drives at a constant speed of 50 mph. Set up a coordinate system with the origin  $O$  corresponding to Tom's house, the  $x$  axis in the West East direction, the  $y$  axis in the South North direction.

(a) Give Tom's coordinates at time  $t$  ( $t \geq 0$ ).

$$(0, 30t)$$



(b) Give Bob's coordinates at time  $t$  ( $t \geq 0$ ). ( $at + b, ct + d$ )

at  $t_1 = 0$  Bob at  $(20, 40)$

at  $t_2 = ?$  Bob at  $(-10, 0)$

$t_2 = \frac{50}{50} = 1$  use  $x = at + b$

$20 = a \cdot 0 + b$

$-10 = a \cdot 1 + b$

$b = 20$   $a = -30$

$t_2 = \frac{d}{c}$   $d = \sqrt{(20 - (-10))^2 + 40^2}$   
 use  $y = ct + d$  "50"

$40 = c \cdot 0 + d$

$0 = c \cdot 1 + d$

$d = 40$   $c = -40$

$$(-30t + 20, -40t + 40)$$

(c) When are Tom and Bob closest?

$$d^2 = (-30t + 20)^2 + (-40t + 40 - 30t)^2$$

$$= 5800t^2 - 6800t + 2000 \quad \text{parabola}$$

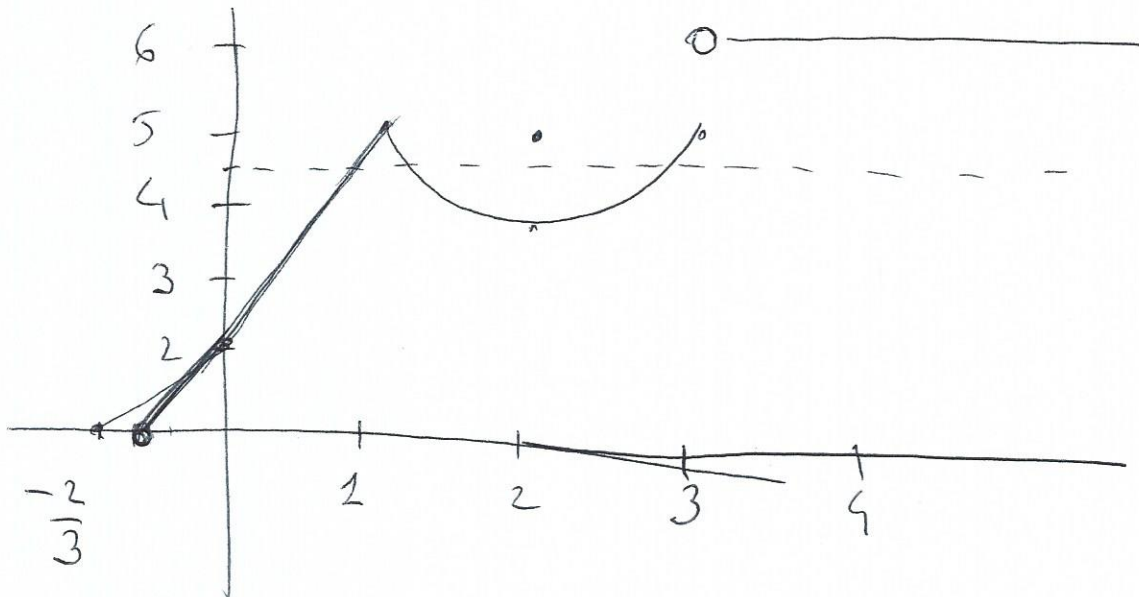
min is at vertex

$$t = \frac{6800}{2 \cdot 5800} \approx 0.59 \text{ hrs}$$

2. Given the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 2, & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 5 - \sqrt{1 - (x - 2)^2}, & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 3 \\ 6 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

(a) Draw the graph of  $y = f(x)$ . Make sure to mark all relevant points on the axes.



(b) Find all solutions of the equation  $f(x) = 4.5$

$$3x + 2 = 4.5 \quad \text{gives} \quad x = \frac{2.5}{3} = \frac{5}{6} \approx \boxed{0.83}$$

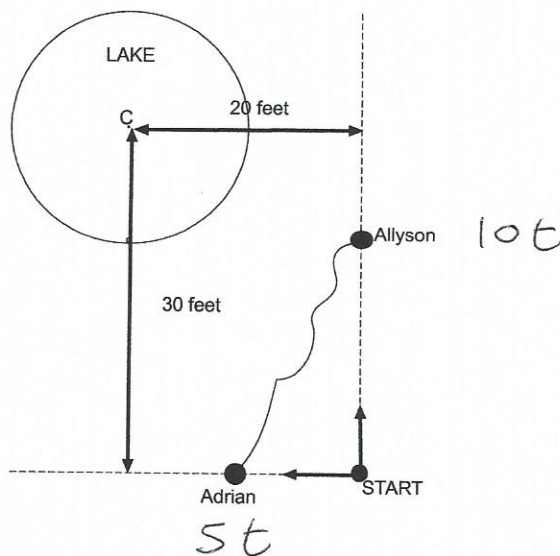
$$5 - \sqrt{1 - (x - 2)^2} = 4.5 \quad \text{gives}$$

$$0.5 = \sqrt{1 - (x - 2)^2} \quad \text{or} \quad 0.25 = 1 - (x - 2)^2$$

$$\text{or} \quad (x - 2)^2 = \boxed{0.75} \quad x = 2 \pm \sqrt{0.75}$$

$$x \approx \boxed{1.13 \quad \text{or} \quad 2.87}$$

3. Allyson and Adrian have decided to connect their ankles with a bungee cord; one end is tied to each person ankle. The cord is 30 feet long, but it can stretch up to 90 feet. They both start at the same location. Allyson moves 10 ft/sec and Adrian moves 5 feet/sec in the directions indicated. Next to their starting location there is a lake that has the shape of a circle of radius 10 feet.



- (a) Determine when the bungee cord first becomes tight (i.e. 30 feet long).

$$\sqrt{(5t)^2 + (10t)^2} = 30$$

$$\sqrt{125} t = 30$$

$$t = \frac{30}{\sqrt{125}} \approx 2.68$$

- (b) At time  $t = 6$  sec, how much of the bungee cord is over the water?

At  $t = 6$  Adrian is at  $(-30, 0)$  Allyson at  $(0, 60)$  bungee cord along the line

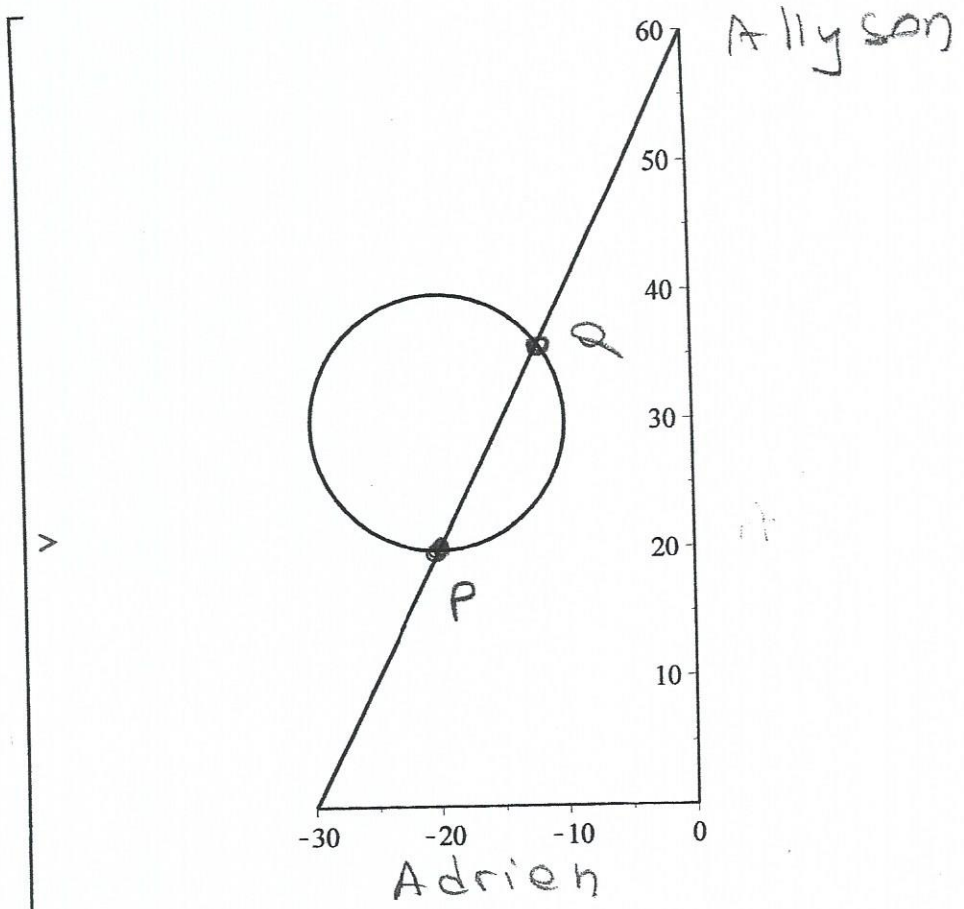
$$\frac{y-0}{x+30} = \frac{60-0}{30} \quad y = 2x + 60 \quad \text{Solve } y$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} (x+20)^2 + (y-30)^2 = 100 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} (x+20)^2 + (2x+60-30)^2 = 100 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 5x^2 + 160x + 1200 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{array} \right\} 4$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = -12, -20 \\ y = 36, 20 \end{array} \right\}$$



$Q (-12, 36)$        $P = (-20, 20)$

$$d(P, Q) = \sqrt{(-12 + 20)^2 + (36 - 20)^2} \approx$$

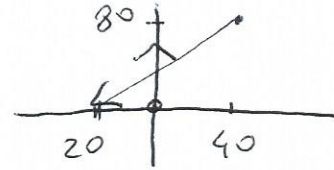
$$18\sqrt{5} \approx 17.89 \text{ feet}$$

# VERSION 2

1. At time  $t = 0$  Tom leaves his house and starts driving North on a straight road at a constant speed of 60 mph. At the same time Bob leaves from a location situated 40 mi East and 80 mi North of Tom's house and starts driving on a straight road directly towards a location situated 20 mi West of Tom's house; Bob drives at a constant speed of 50 mph. Set up a coordinate system with the origin  $O$  corresponding to Tom's house, the  $x$  axis in the West East direction, the  $y$  axis in the South North direction.

- (a) Give Tom's coordinates at time  $t$  ( $t \geq 0$ ).

$$(0, 60t)$$



- (b) Give Bob's coordinates at time  $t$  ( $t \geq 0$ ).  $(at + b, ct + d)$

At  $t_1 = 0$  Bob at  $(40, 80)$

at  $t_2 = ?$  Bob at  $(-20, 0)$   $t_2 = \frac{d}{v}$

$$d = \sqrt{(40 - (-20))^2 + 80^2} = 100 \quad t_2 = \frac{100}{50} = 2 \text{ h}$$

or  $x = at + b$

$$40 = 0 + b$$

$$-20 = 2a + b$$

$$b = 40$$

$$a = -30$$

or  $y = ct + d$

$$80 = 0 + d$$

$$0 = -20 + d$$

$$d = 80 \quad c = -40$$

$$(-30t + 40, -40t + 80)$$

- (c) When are Tom and Bob closest?

$$d^2 = (-30t + 40)^2 + (-40t + 80 - 60t)^2$$

$$= 10900t^2 - 18400t + 8000$$

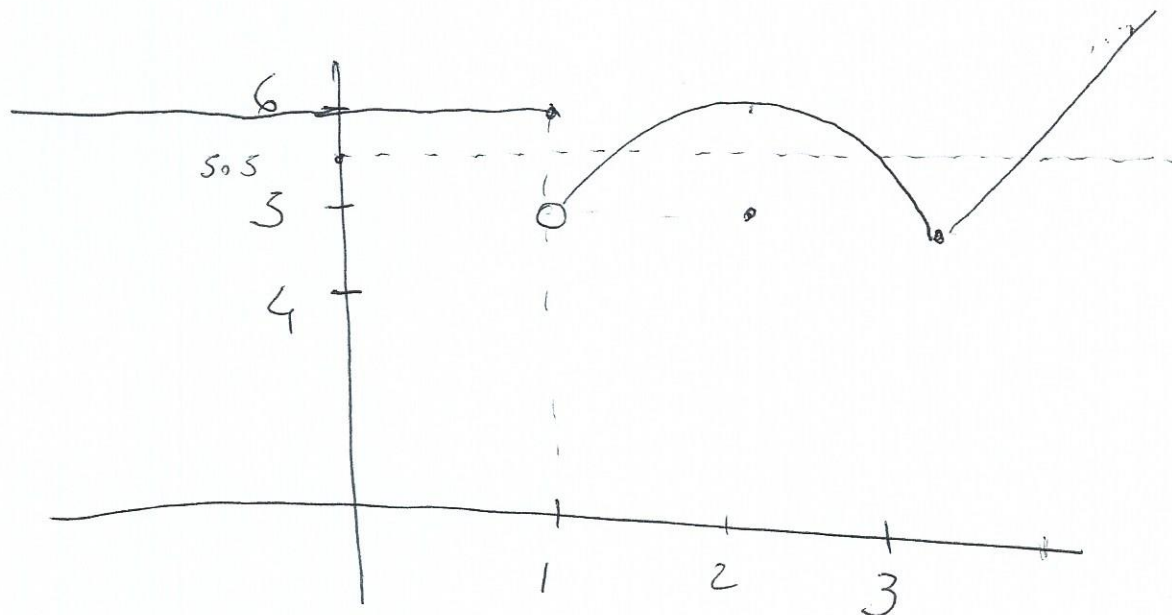
min is at vertex

$$t = \frac{18400}{2 \cdot 10900} \approx 0.84 \text{ hrs}$$

2. Given the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 6 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 5 + \sqrt{1 - (x-2)^2}, & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 3 \\ 2x - 1 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

(a) Draw the graph of  $y = f(x)$ . Make sure to mark all relevant points on the axes.



(b) Find all solutions of the equation  $f(x) = 5.5$

$$5 + \sqrt{1 - (x-2)^2} = 5.5 \quad \text{or} \quad \sqrt{1 - (x-2)^2} = 0.5 \quad \text{or}$$

$$1 - (x-2)^2 = 0.25 \quad \text{or} \quad 0.75 = (x-2)^2 \quad \text{or}$$

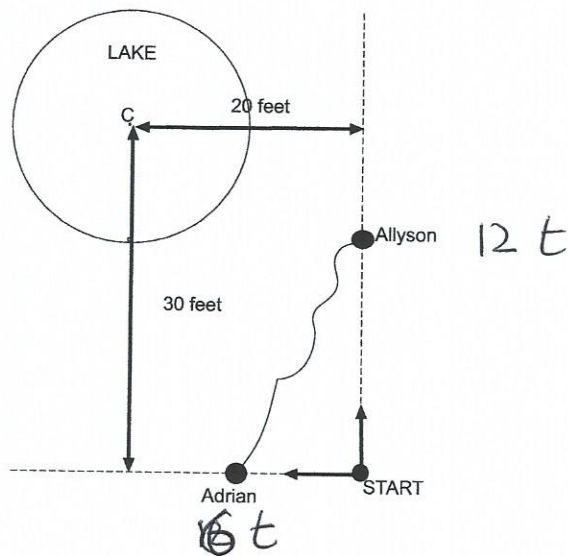
$$x = 2 \pm \sqrt{0.75} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{x = 1.13 \quad x = 2.87}$$

$$2x - 1 = 5.5$$

$$2x = 6.5$$

$$\boxed{x = 3.25}$$

3. Allyson and Adrian have decided to connect their ankles with a bungee cord; one end is tied to each person ankle. The cord is 40 feet long, but it can stretch up to 90 feet. They both start at the same location. Allyson moves 12 ft/sec and Adrian moves 6 feet/sec in the directions indicated. Next to their starting location there is a lake that has the shape of a circle of radius 10 feet.



- (a) Determine when the bungee cord first becomes tight (i.e. 40 feet long).

$$\sqrt{(12t)^2 + (6t)^2} = 40$$

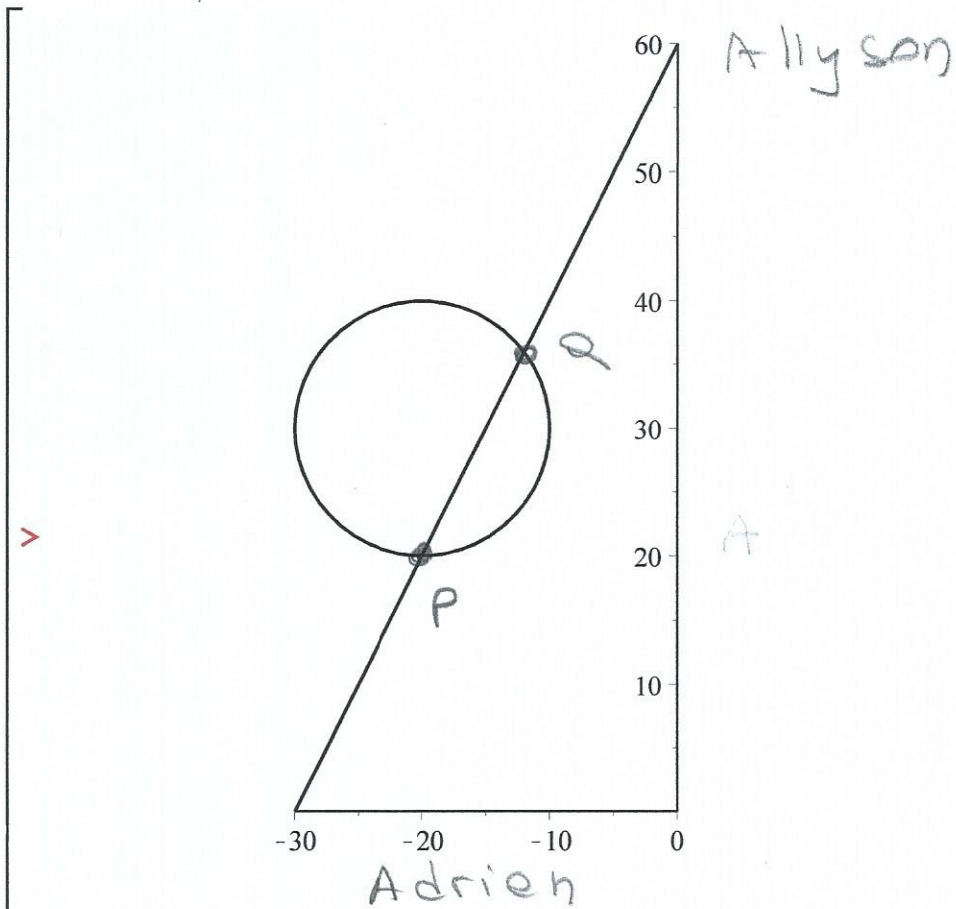
$$\sqrt{180} t = 40 \quad t = \frac{40}{\sqrt{180}} \approx 2.98 \text{ sec}$$

- (b) At time  $t = 5$  sec, how much of the bungee cord is over the water?

At  $t = 5$  Adrian position is  $(-30, 0)$   
 Allyson position is  $(0, 60)$  bungee cord  
 along line  $\frac{y-60}{x-0} = \frac{0-60}{-30-0}$  or  $y = 2x + 60$

solve  $\begin{cases} (x+20)^2 + (y-30)^2 = 100 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{cases}$   $\begin{cases} (x+20)^2 + (2x+60-30)^2 = 100 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} 5x^2 + 160x + 1200 = 0 \\ y = 2x + 60 \end{cases}$   $\begin{cases} x = -12, -20 \\ y = 36, 20 \end{cases}$



$$Q(-12, 36)$$

$$P = (-20, 20)$$

$$d(P, Q) = \sqrt{(-12 + 20)^2 + (36 - 20)^2} \approx$$

$$18\sqrt{5} \approx 17.89 \text{ feet}$$