

Name \_\_\_\_\_

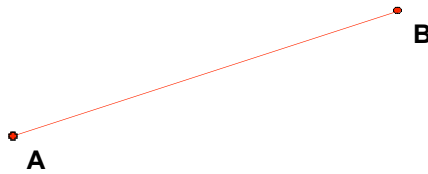
## Construction Portfolio: Part 1

This document consists of 13 figures. Each of these figures provides the starting point for a construction using a compass and an (unmarked) straightedge.

- For each figure, carry out the construction indicated. This will give you practice in some of the fundamental constructions in the course.
- Then save the constructions as the first part of your Construction Portfolio. This Portfolio is considered a major assignment, and will be checked later for correctness and completeness.

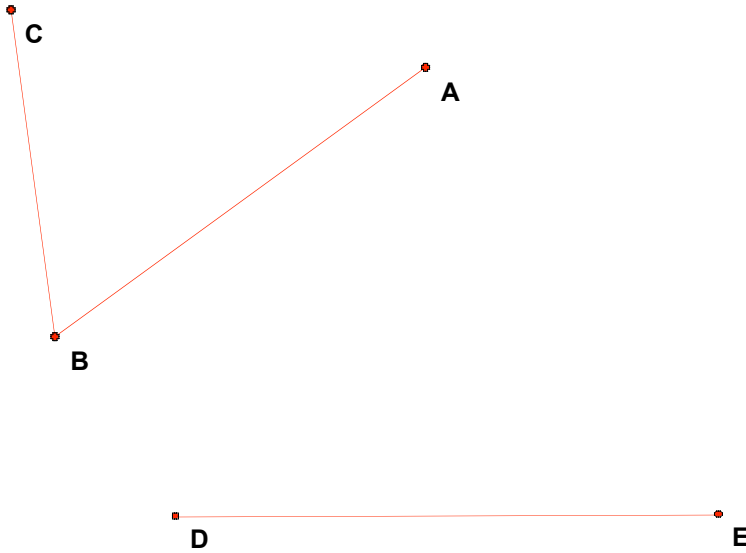
### 1. *Equilateral triangle from a side*

Construct a point C so that the triangle ABC is equilateral



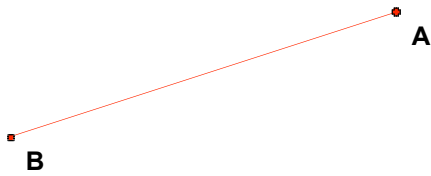
## 2. Copying an angle

Construct a point F so that angle DEF is congruent to angle ABC.



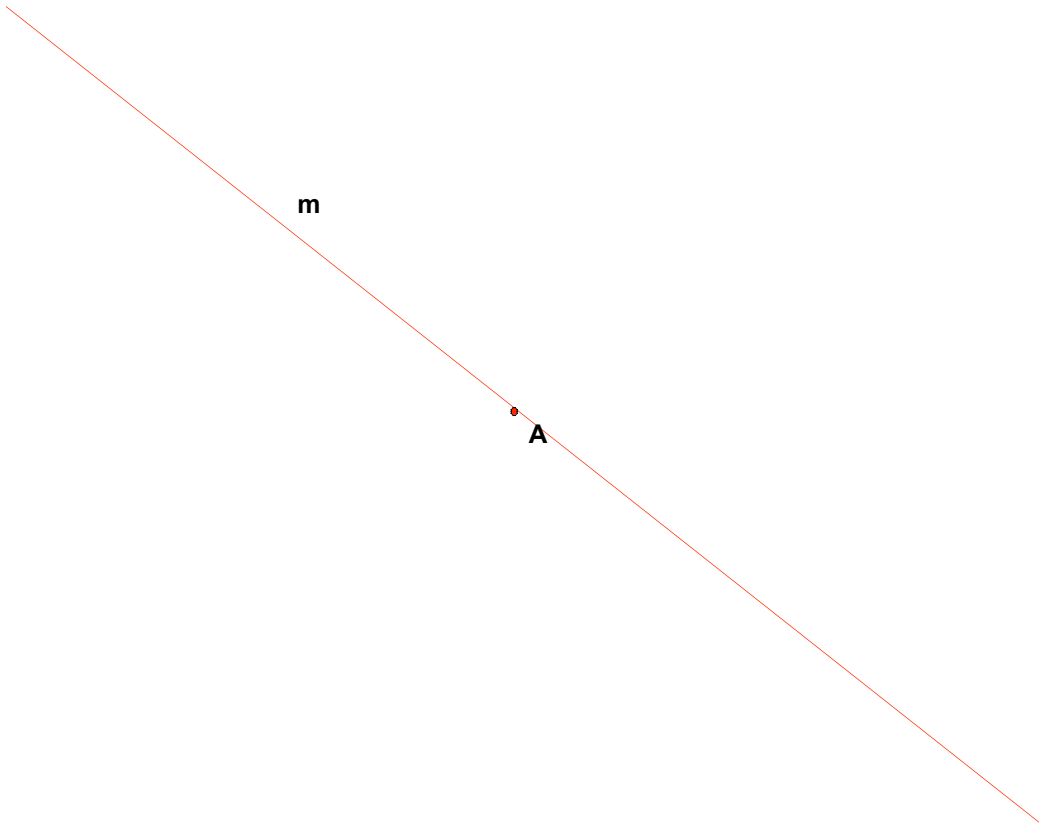
### 3. *Perpendicular bisector of a segment*

Construct the perpendicular bisector of segment AB. Also construct the midpoint M of AB.



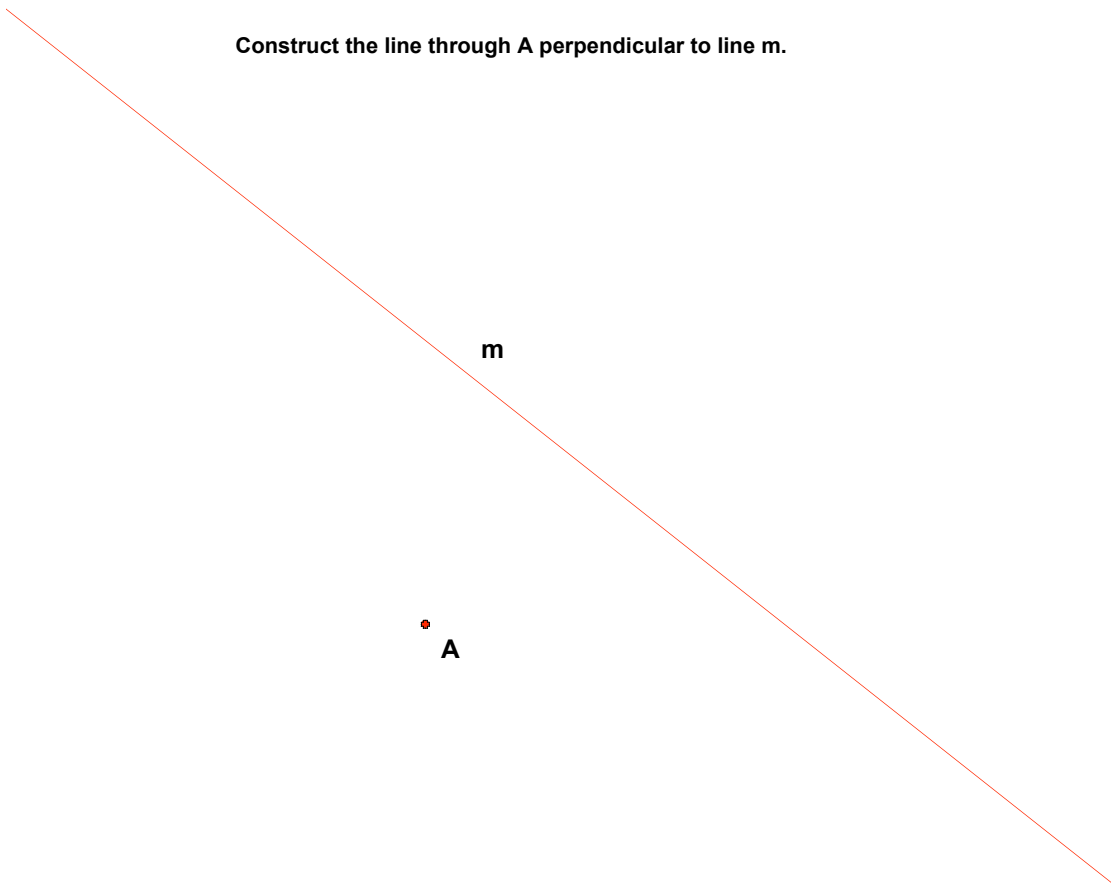
**4. Line through a point perpendicular to a given line: point on line**

Construct the line through A perpendicular to line m.



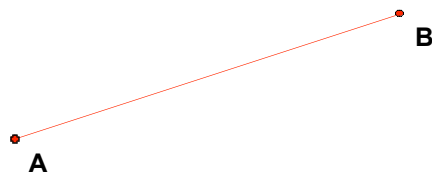
**5. Line through a point perpendicular to a given line: point not on line**

Construct the line through A perpendicular to line m.



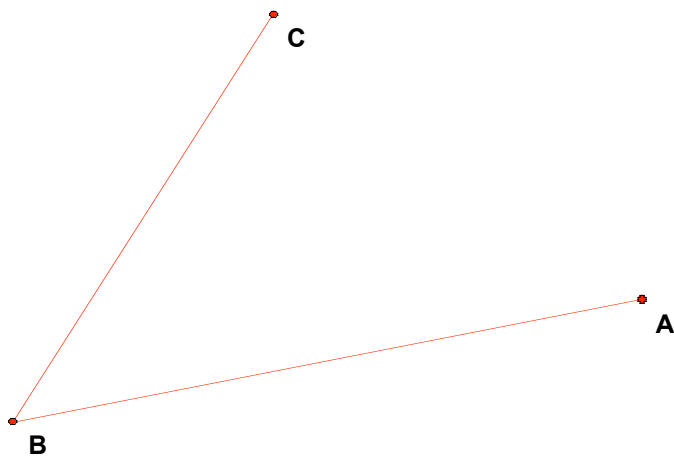
## 6. *Square from a side*

Construct points C and D so that the quadrilateral ABCD is a square.



## 7. Angle bisector

Construct the bisector of angle ABC.  
Also construct the bisectors of the exterior angles of ABC.



**8. Construct a square from the center**

Construct a square ABCD with one vertex the given A so that the point O is the center of the square.

O

A small red dot representing point O.

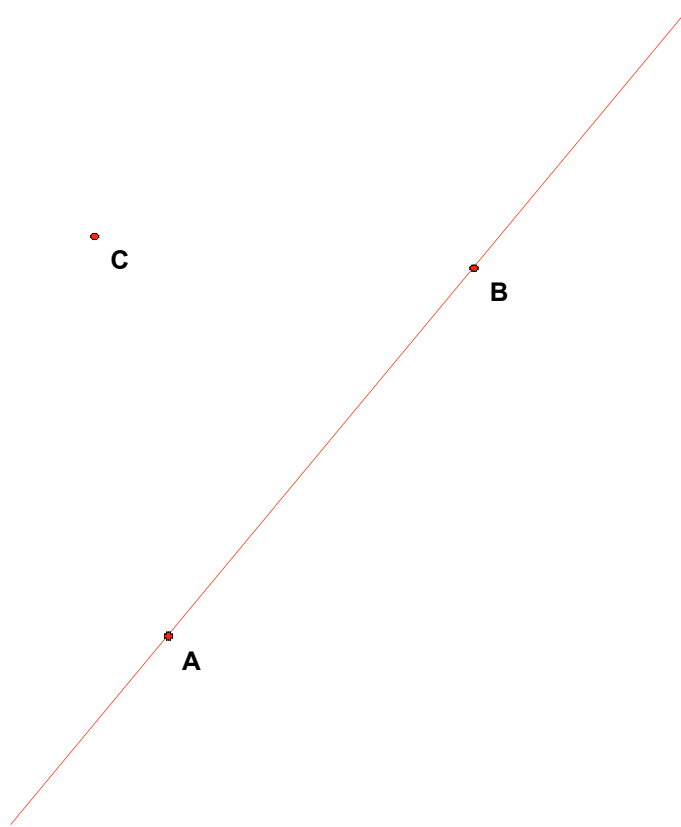
A

A small red dot representing point A.



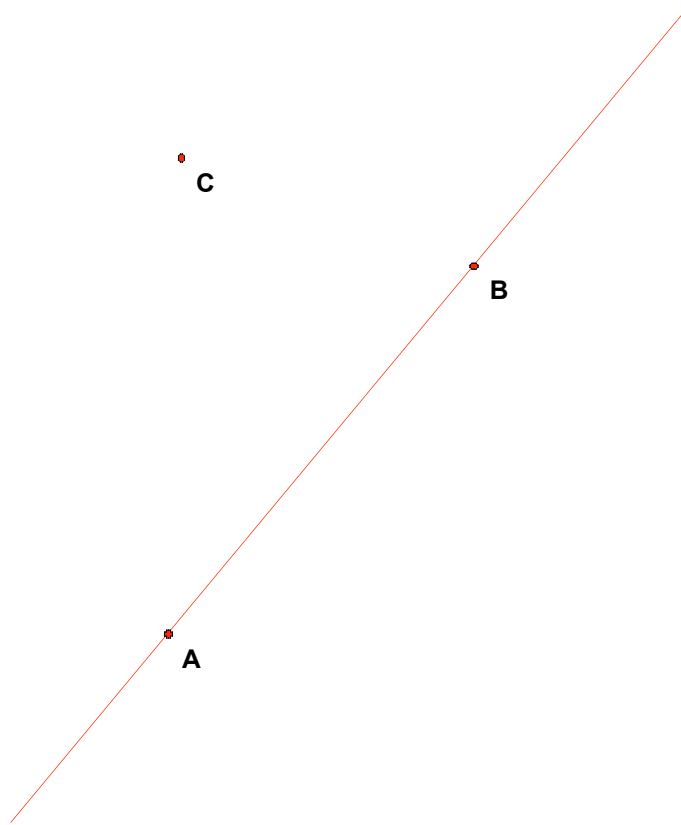
**9. Parallel to line through a given point**

Construct a line through C parallel to line AB.



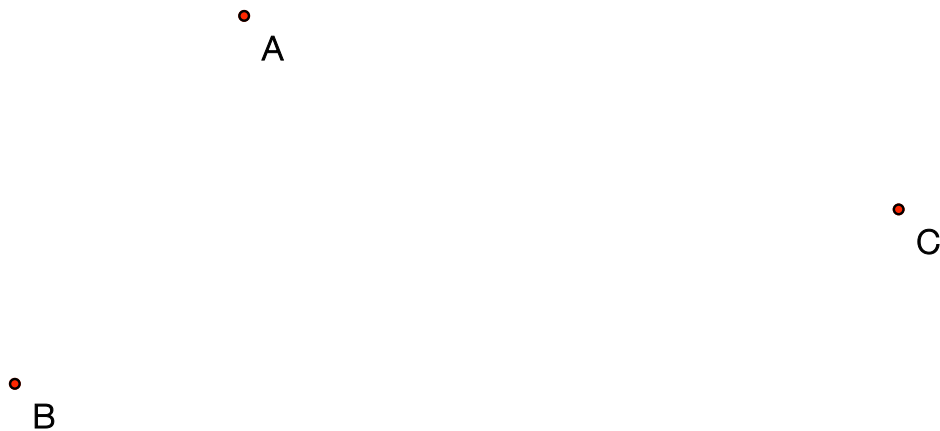
## 10. *Parallelogram from 3 vertices*

Construct a point D so that ABCD is a parallelogram.



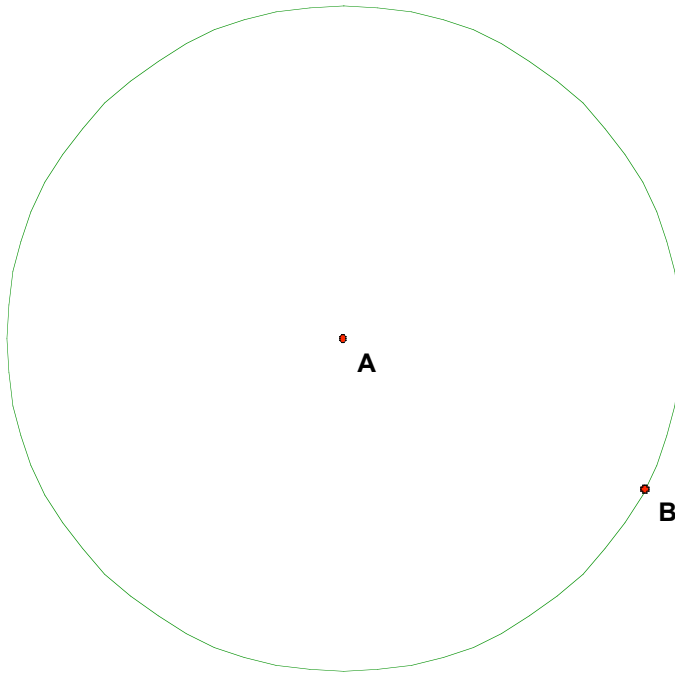
**11. Perpendicular Bisectors and Voronoi Regions**

Construct the perpendicular bisectors of the sides of triangle ABC. Then shade the 3 Voronoi (Dirichlet) regions a, b, c of points closest to A, closest to B, closest to C.



**12. Tangent line to point on circle**

Construct the line through B that is tangent to the circle.



**13. Circle tangent to line, given center**

Construct the circle with center A that is tangent to line m.

