

Homework II for Group Cohomology, Winter 2006
due Monday, February 27

Unless specified otherwise, k is a field, G is a finite group.

Problem 0. Find a new justification for the equality $H^i(G, kG) = 0$ for $i > 0$.

Problem 1. Let Δ be a category with objects $\{[n], n \geq 0\}$, the ordered sets of numbers $0 \dots n$, and with morphisms being the order-preserving maps. Show that any morphism is a composition of “face” and “degeneracy” maps.

Problem 2.

(a) Let $0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow \mathcal{G} \xrightarrow{p} G \rightarrow 1$ be an extension of G by an abelian group A . Show that the following are equivalent

- (1) p admits a section (i.e. there is a group homomorphism $s : G \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ such that $p \circ s = id_G$)
- (2) $\mathcal{G} \simeq G \ltimes A$

(b) Let $0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow \mathcal{G} \xrightarrow{p} G \rightarrow 1$ be a fixed split extension. Two sections are called equivalent if they differ by conjugation of an element from A . Show that there is 1–1 correspondence between $H^1(G, A)$ and the set of equivalence classes of sections of p .

Problem 3. Let $0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow \mathcal{G} \xrightarrow{p} G \rightarrow 1$ be an extension of G by an abelian group A , and let $f \in Z^2(G, A)$ be a *normalized* cocycle (i.e. $f(1, g) = f(g, 1) = 0$ for any $g \in G$). Show that $gf(g^{-1}, g) = f(g, g^{-1})$.

Problem 4. Let k be a field and n be a positive integer. Let γ denote the class in $H^2(PGL_n(k), k^*)$ corresponding to the extension $1 \rightarrow k^* \rightarrow GL_n(k) \rightarrow PGL_n(k) \rightarrow 1$. If $\rho : G \rightarrow PGL_n(k)$ is a projective representation, show that ρ lifts to a linear representation $\tilde{\rho} : G \rightarrow GL_n(k)$ if and only if $\rho^*(\gamma) = 0$ as an element of $H^2(G, k^*)$ where $\rho^* : H^*(PGL_n(k), k^*) \rightarrow H^*(G, k^*)$ is the map in cohomology induced by ρ .

Problem 5. Let G be a finite group, H be a subgroup of G , and k be a field. Prove “tensor identity”: for a G -module M and an H -module N there is a canonical isomorphism

$$\text{Ind}_H^G(N \otimes_k M) \simeq \text{Ind}_H^G N \otimes_k M$$

Problem 6. Let $i : H \hookrightarrow G$ be a subgroup of G , M be a G -module, and $f : M \rightarrow \text{Coind}_H^G M$ be the canonical map. Show that the induced map in cohomology $i^* : H^*(G, M) \rightarrow H^*(H, M)$ coincides with the map $H^*(G, M) \rightarrow H^*(G, \text{Coind}_H^G M) \xrightarrow{Frob} H^*(H, M)$.

Problem 7. Consider $\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$ as a subgroup in $\mathbb{Z}/(mn)\mathbb{Z}$. Compute the associated restriction and corestriction maps on cohomology with trivial coefficients \mathbb{Z} .

Problem 8. Prove “double coset formula”:

$$\text{Res}_K^G \text{Ind}_H^G M = \bigoplus_{x \in K \backslash G / H} \text{Ind}_{K \cap x H x^{-1}}^K \text{Res}_{K \cap x H x^{-1}}^{x H x^{-1}} x M$$

where $K, H \subset G$ are subgroups of finite index, M is a G -module and $K \backslash G / H$ is a set of double coset representatives.