

## HW 2

Read chapter 2 of the textbook.

Main skills:

- You need to review induction
- You need to know some useful inequalities and identities.
- You need to know the definition of limit of a sequence, and be able to use it in proofs.
- You need to know the limit laws.

Do the following problems:

1. Prove Bernoulli inequality:  $(1+x)^n \geq 1+nx$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x > -1$ .
2. Consider the following sequences:
  - (a)  $\{a_n\}$  where :  
 $a_1 = \sqrt{2}$   
 $a_{n+1} = \sqrt{2+a_n}$  .  
Calculate  $a_3$
  - (b)  $\{b_n\}$  where :  
 $b_n = \sum_{i=1}^n (i+2)$ . Calculate  $b_4$ .
  - (c)  $\{c_n\}$  where :  
 $c_n = \sum_{i=1}^n (n+2)$ . Calculate  $c_4$ .
3. Prove that if the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converges to  $a$  and  $c$  is a constant, then the sequence  $\{ca_n\}$  converges to  $ca$ .
4. Find the limit  $c$  of the following sequences and give a proof the sequence converges to  $c$ :
  - (a)  $\{a_n\}$  , where  $a_n = \frac{n+1}{n+2}$
  - (b)  $\{b_n\}$  , where  $b_n = \frac{1+(-1)^n}{n}$
  - (c)  $\{c_n\}$  , where  $c_n = \frac{\sin n}{n}$
  - (d)  $\{d_n\}$  , where  $d_n = \frac{2}{n} + (\frac{1}{2})^n$
  - (e)  $\{e_n\}$  , where  $e_n = 2 \frac{\sin n}{n^2} \frac{n+1}{n+2} + 3$
5. Prove that if  $a_n \leq b_n$  for all  $n$ , and  $\{a_n\}$  converges to  $a$  and  $\{b_n\}$  converges to  $b$  then  $a \leq b$