Write clearly and legibly. Justify all your answers.
You will be graded for correctness and clarity of your solutions.
You may use one 8.5 x 11 sheet of notes; writing is allowed on both sides.
You may use a calculator.
You can use elementary algebra and any result that we proved in class (but

not in the homework). You need to prove everything else. Please raise your hand and ask a question if anything is not clear. This exam contains 7 pages and is worth a total of 45 points.

You have 50 minutes. Good luck

NAME:____

NAME:_____

PROBLEM 1 (12 points) _____ PROBLEM 2 (9 points) _____ PROBLEM 3 (8 points) _____ PROBLEM 4 (8 points) _____ PROBLEM 5 (8 points) _____ Total _____

- **Problem 1** In this problem 3 div *a* means 3 divides *a* and 3 notdiv *a* means 3 does not divide *a*.
 - Write a statement equivalent to the negation of

 $\forall x \in Z, \, \forall y \in Z, \, 3 \text{ div } xy \Leftrightarrow (3 \text{ div } x \lor 3 \text{ div } y)$

that does not contain the negation symbol \neg (not). You are allowed to use not div.

- Prove or disprove that

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{Z}, \forall y \in \mathbb{Z}, 3 \text{ div } xy \Leftrightarrow (3 \text{ div } x \lor 3 \text{ div } y)$

- Prove or disprove that

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{Z}, \forall y \in \mathbb{Z}, 3 \text{ div } xy \Leftrightarrow (3 \text{ div } x \land 3 \text{ div } y)$

• **Problem 2** Define a function $f: Z \to Z$ by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & \text{if } x < 0\\ x-1 & \text{if } x \text{ is odd and } x \ge 0\\ x-3 & \text{if } x \text{ is even and } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

a) Is f injective ? (Give a proof).

b) Is f surjective ? (Give a proof).

• **Problem 3** Use induction to prove that $\sum_{i=1}^{2n} (-1)^i i = n$

• **Problem 4** For each of the following statements circle whether the statement is true or false and give a proof.

1. $\exists x \in Z$, $\forall y \in Z$, x - y = 10.

TRUE FALSE

2. $\forall x \in Z, \exists S \in P(Z), \forall w \in S, x + w = 0$ (Here P(Z) is the power set of Z).

TRUE FALSE

 \bullet **Problem 5** Let $A,\,B$, C be sets. Prove that

 $A\times (B\cap C)=(A\times B)\cap (A\times C)$