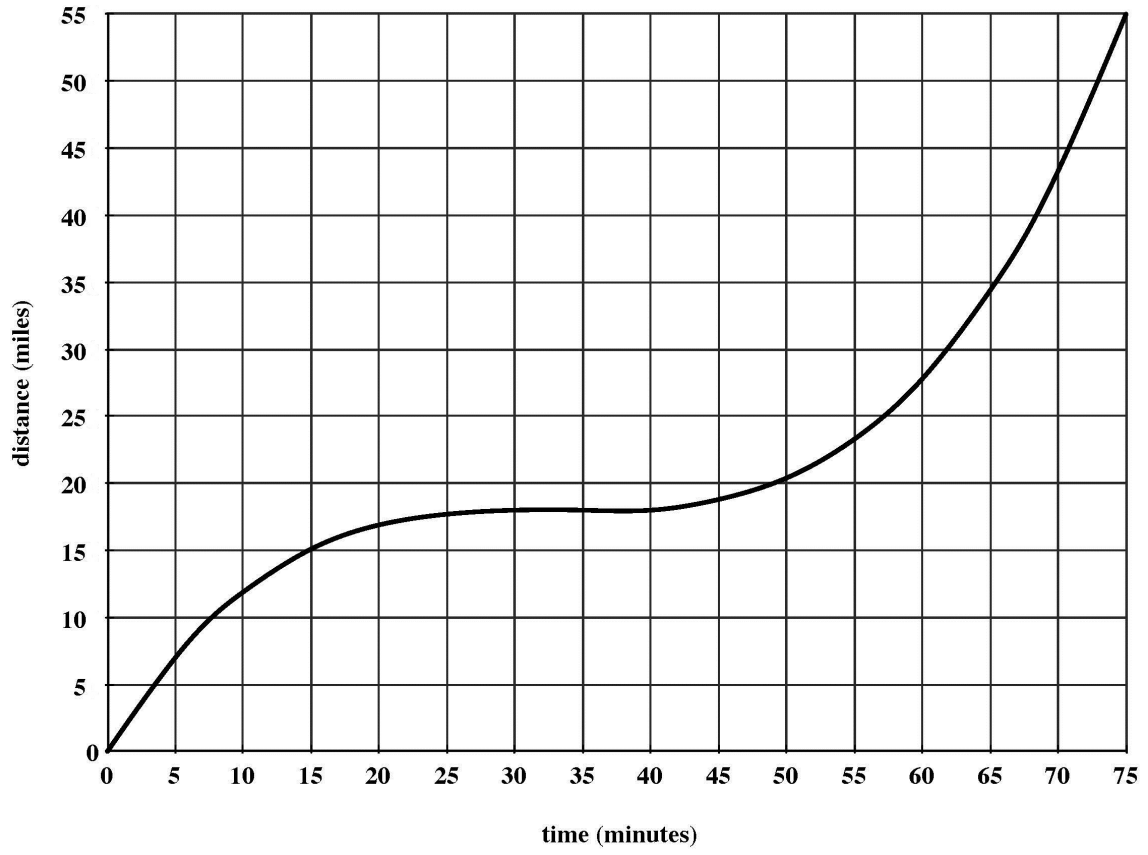
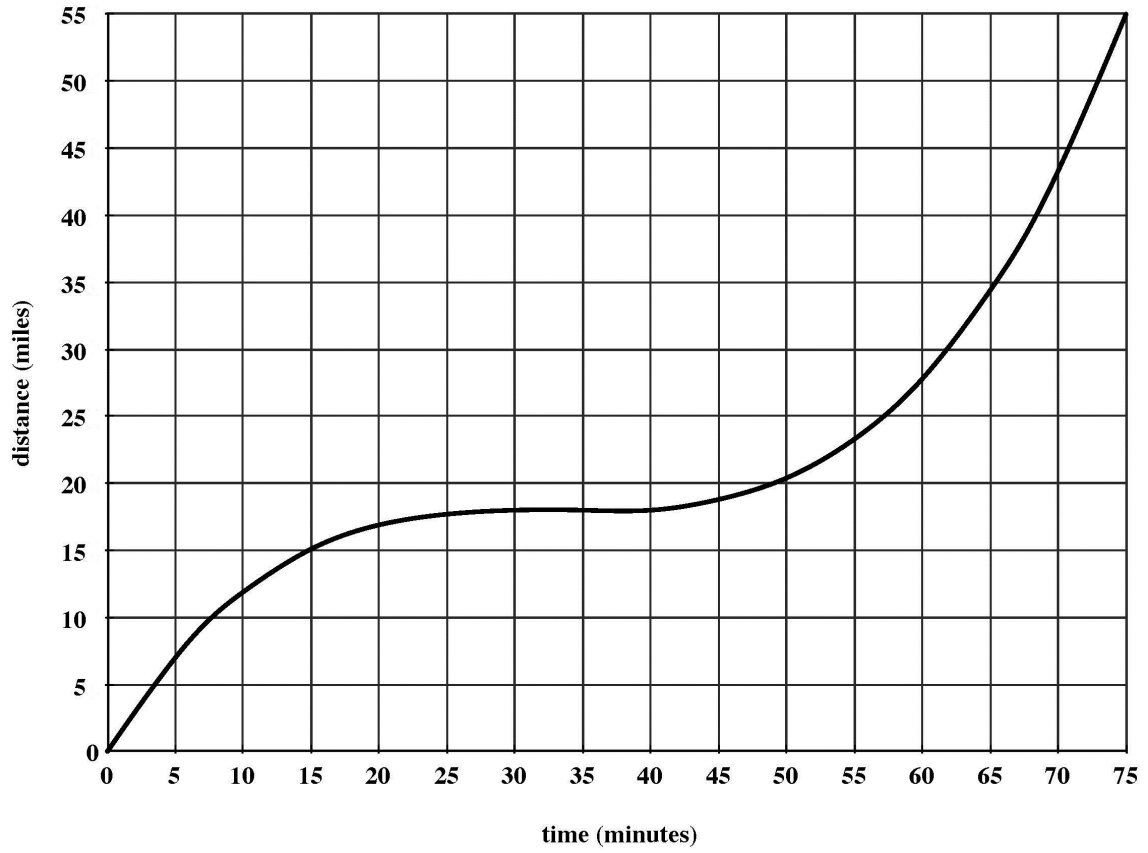


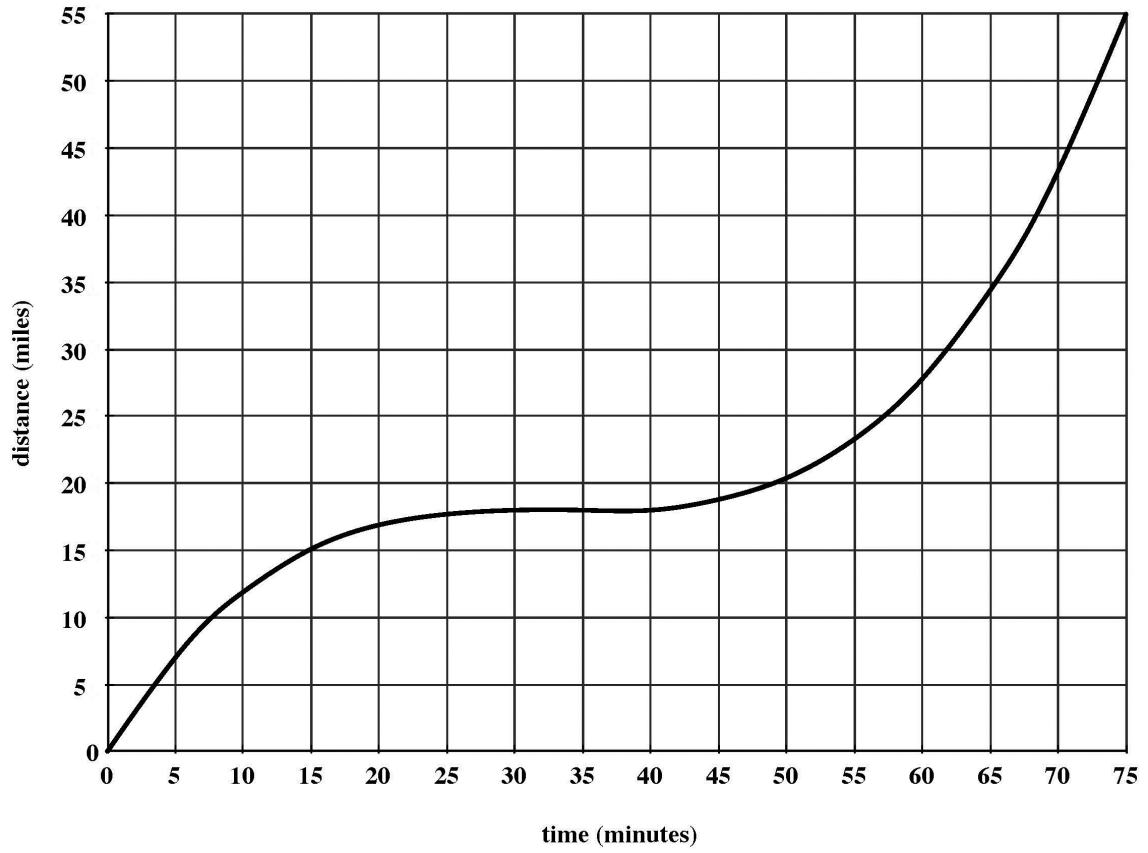
Section 2.1 - Computing Average Trip Speed (ATS)



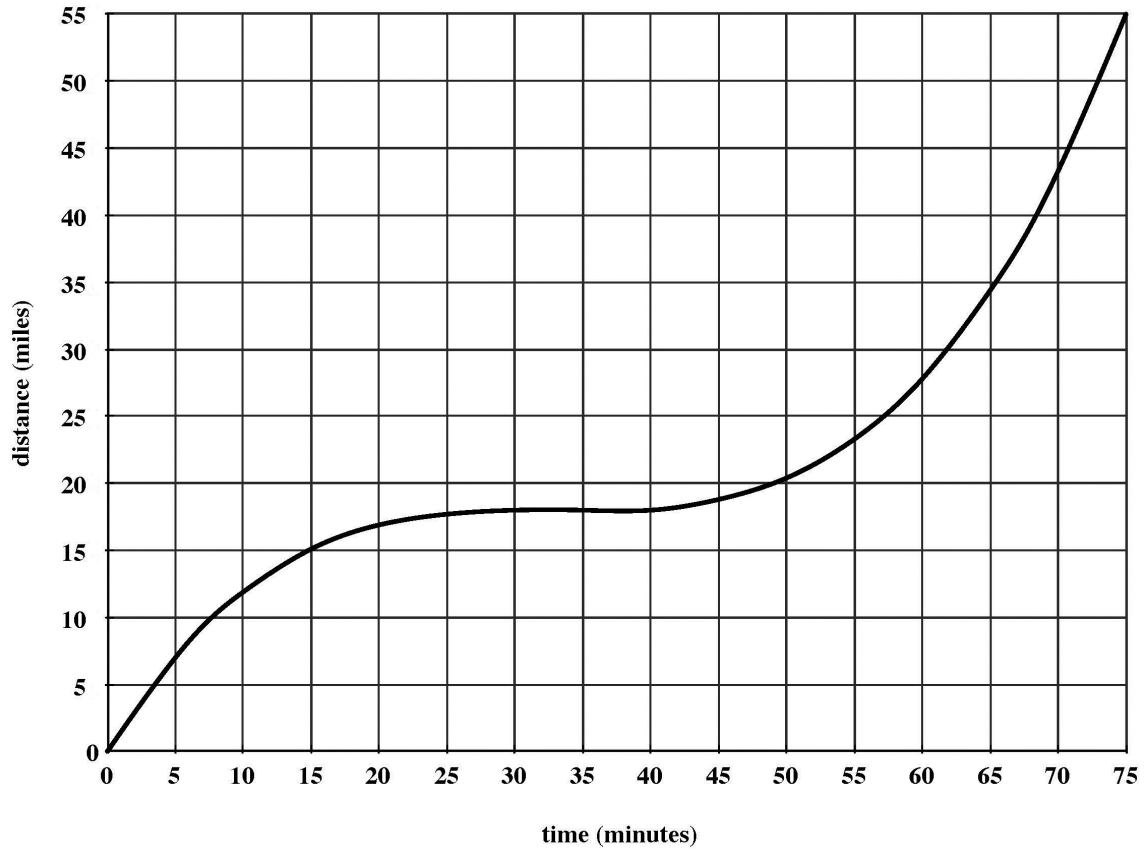
Section 2.2 - Computing Average Speed (AS)



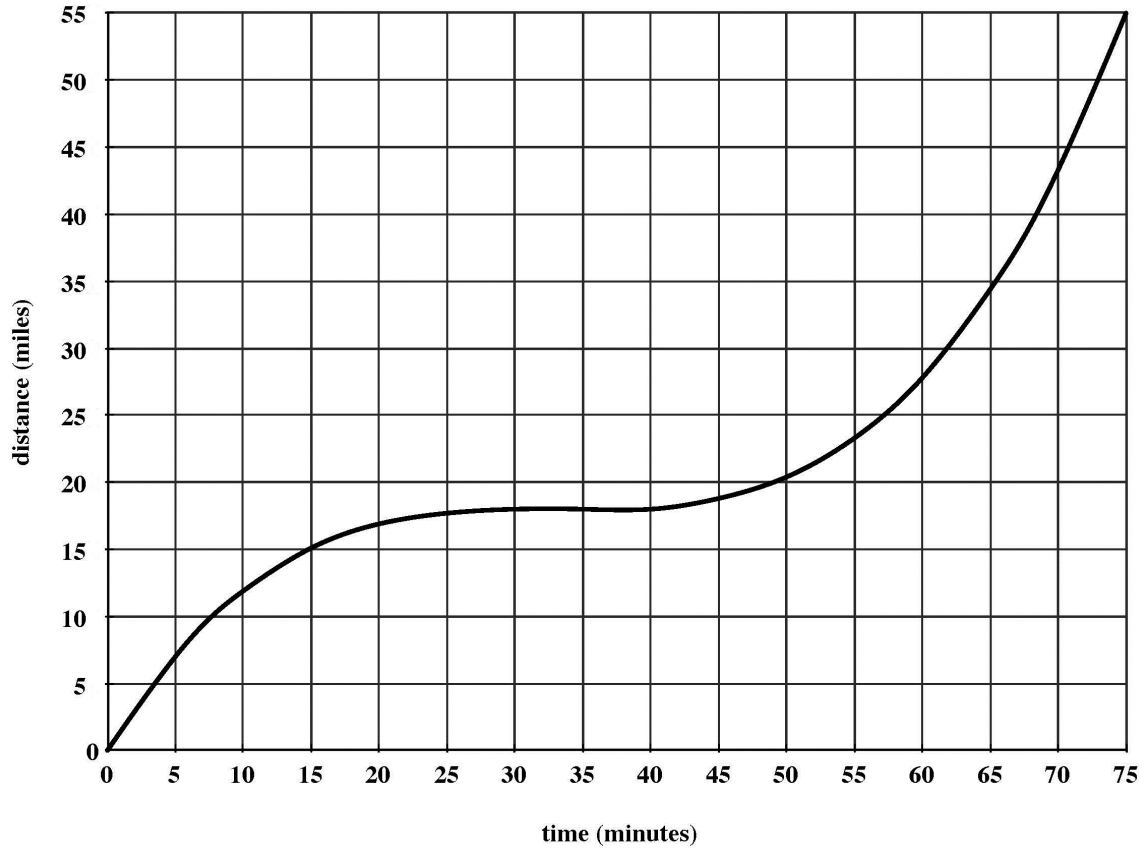
Section 3.1 - Going Backwards (ATS)



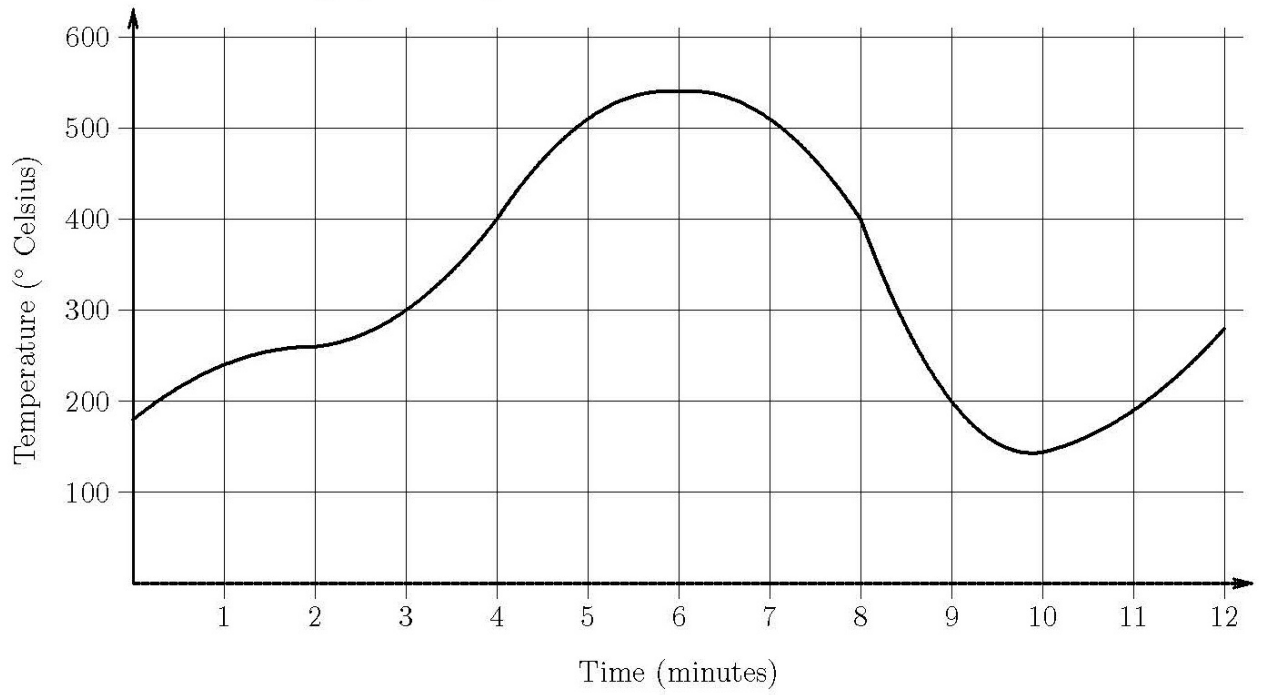
Section 3.2 - Going Backwards (AS)



Section 3.3 - Change in Distance



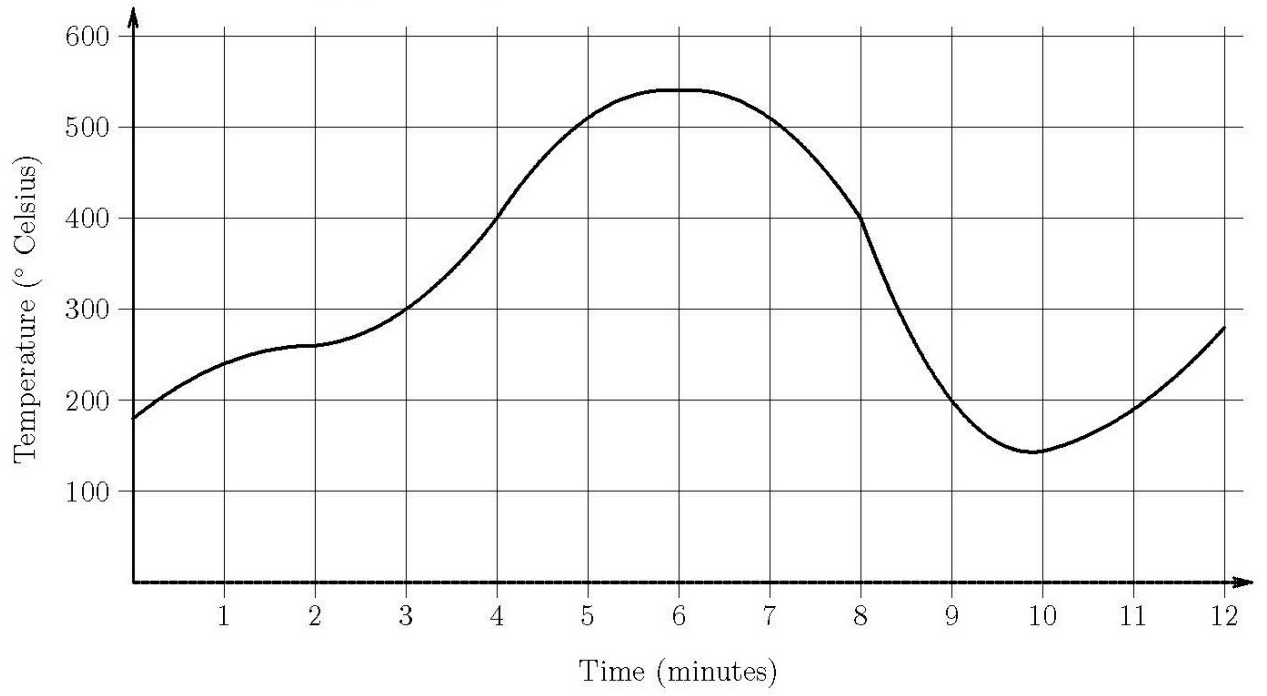
Section 4.1 - Overall Rate of Change



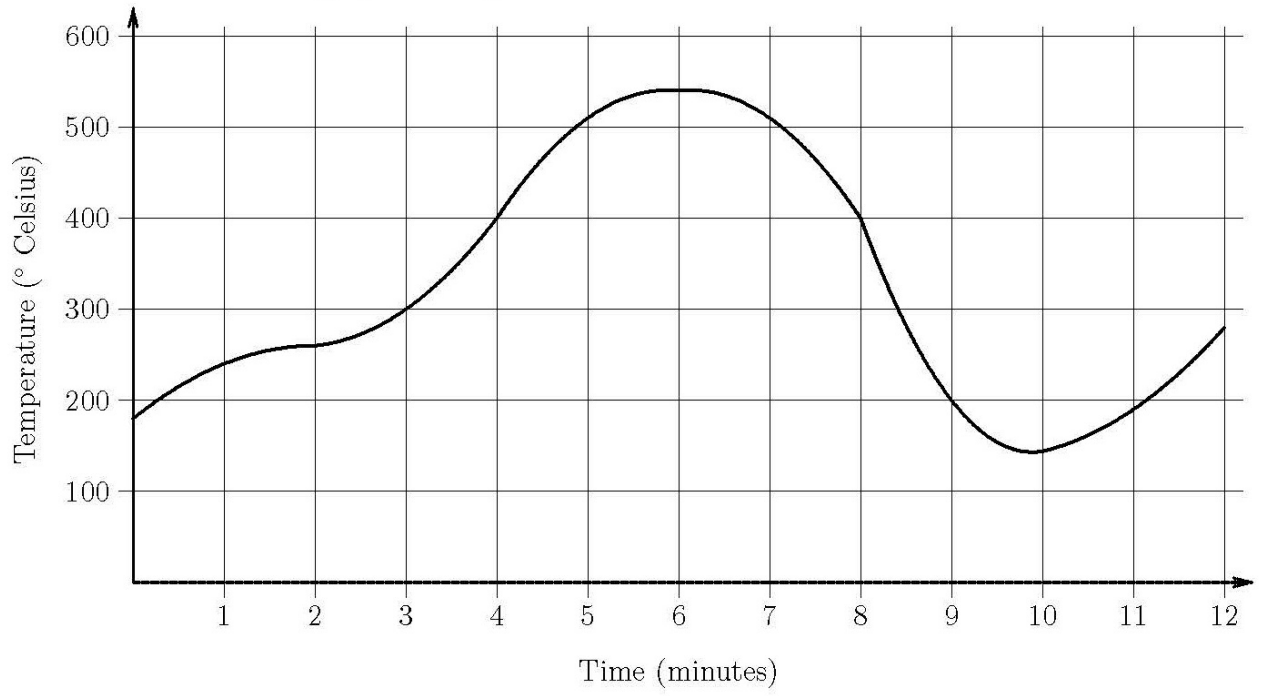
Section 4.2 - Incremental Rate of Change



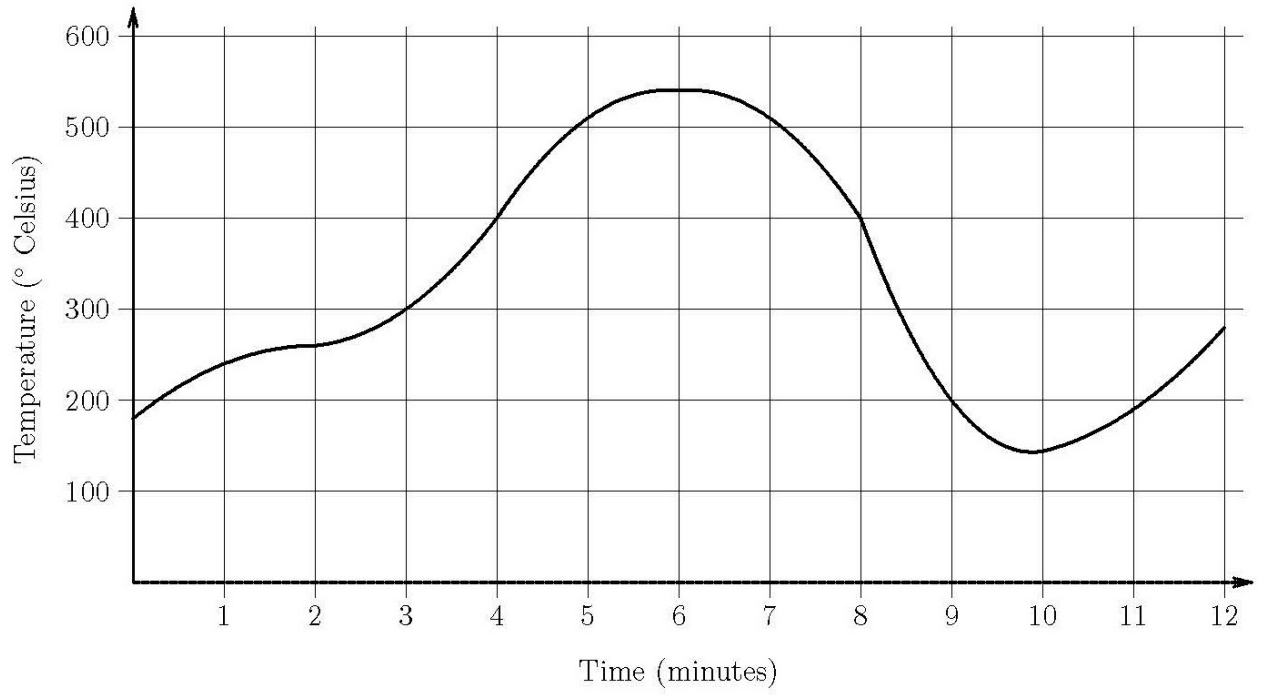
Section 5 - Table rows 1-4



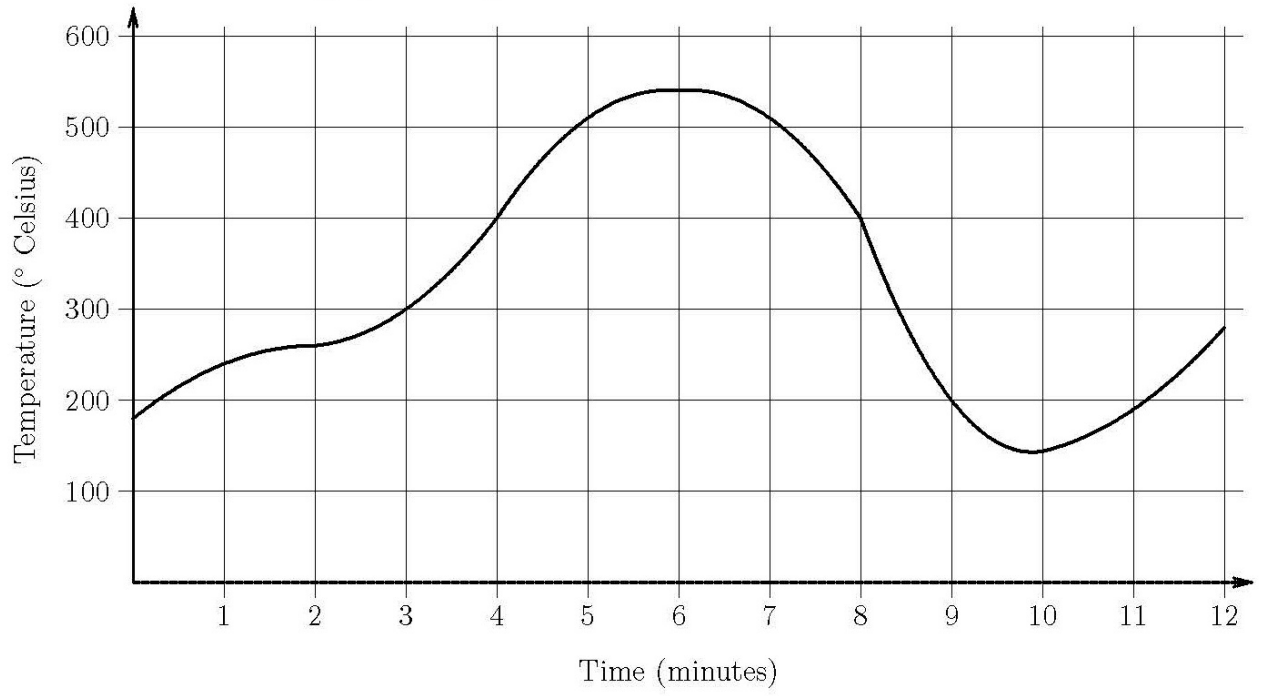
Section 5 - Table rows 5-8



Section 5 - Table rows 9-12



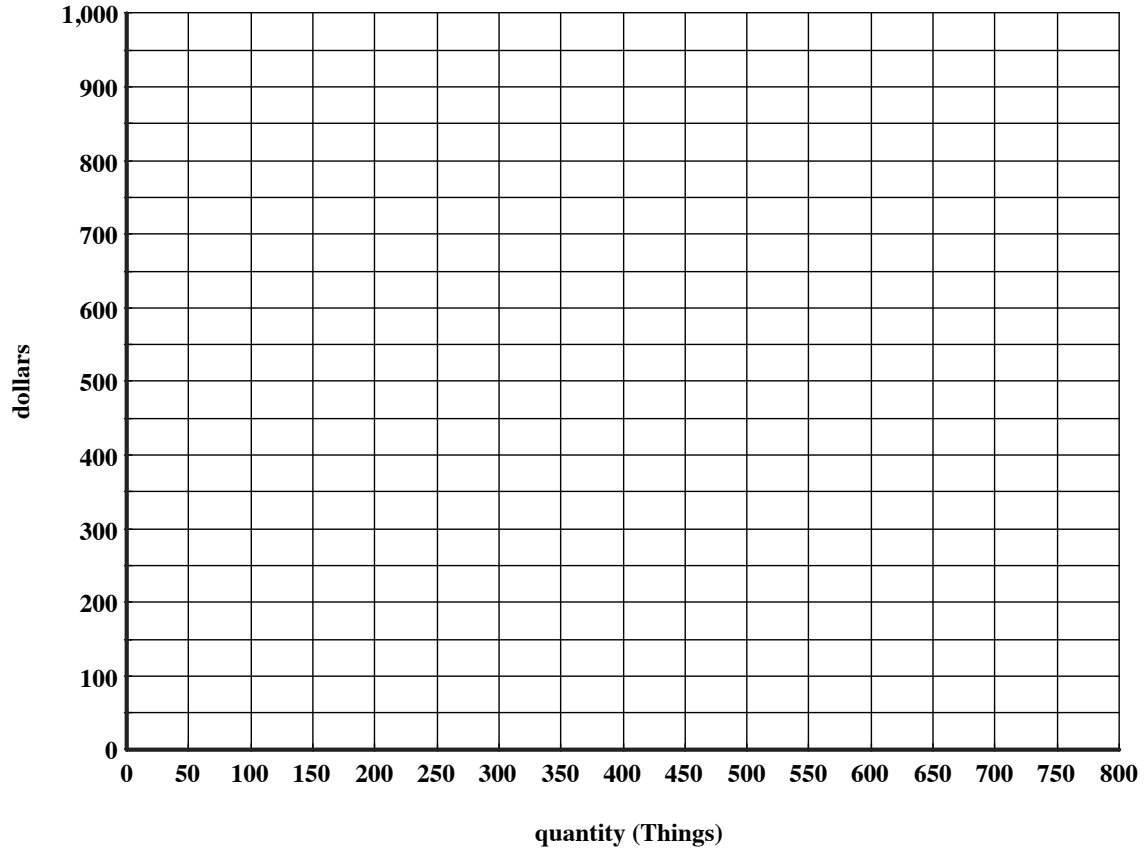
Section 5 - Table rows 13-16



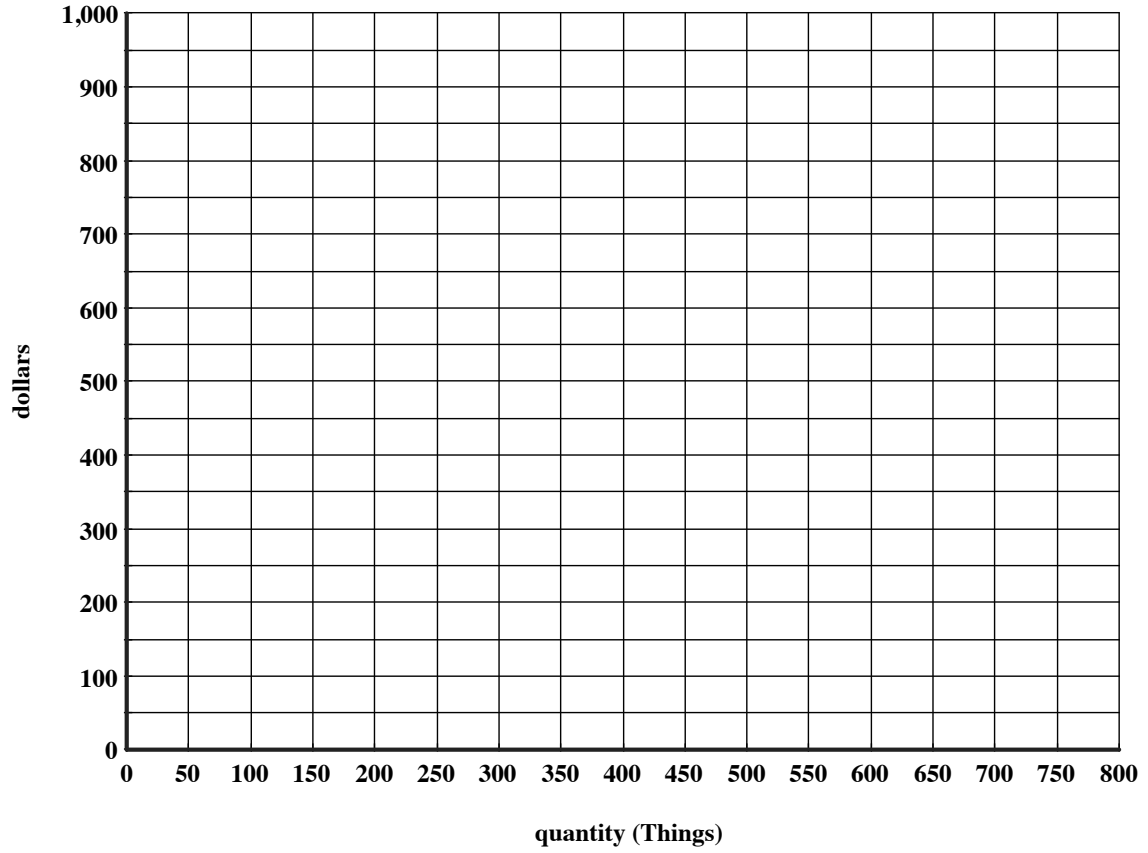
	English	Graph	Functional Notation
1	At time $t = 4$, the temperature is 400°	At $t = 4$, the height of graph is 400.	$P(4) = 400$
2			$P(b) - P(a)$
3	The incremental rate of change in temperature from time a to time b		
4		the y -intercept of the temperature graph	
5			$\frac{P(b) - P(0)}{b - 0}$
6			$P(10) < P(9)$
7	Between 4 and 6 minutes, the temperature rises by 140°		
8		The slope of the secant from $t = 0$ to $t = 4$ is 57.	

	English	Graph	Functional Notation
9	When is the temperature 350° ?		
10			$P(t) - P(2) > 100$
11	Find two times, 2 minutes apart, when the temperature is the same.		
12	How many minutes after $t = 4$ does the temperature become 250° ?		
13			$P(3 + r) - P(3) = 100$
14	the average rate of change of temperature for h minutes beginning at $t = 3$		
15		For which t is graph twice as high as it is when $t = 10$?	
16			$\frac{P(5) - P(2)}{5 - 2} > \frac{P(8) - P(2)}{8 - 2}$

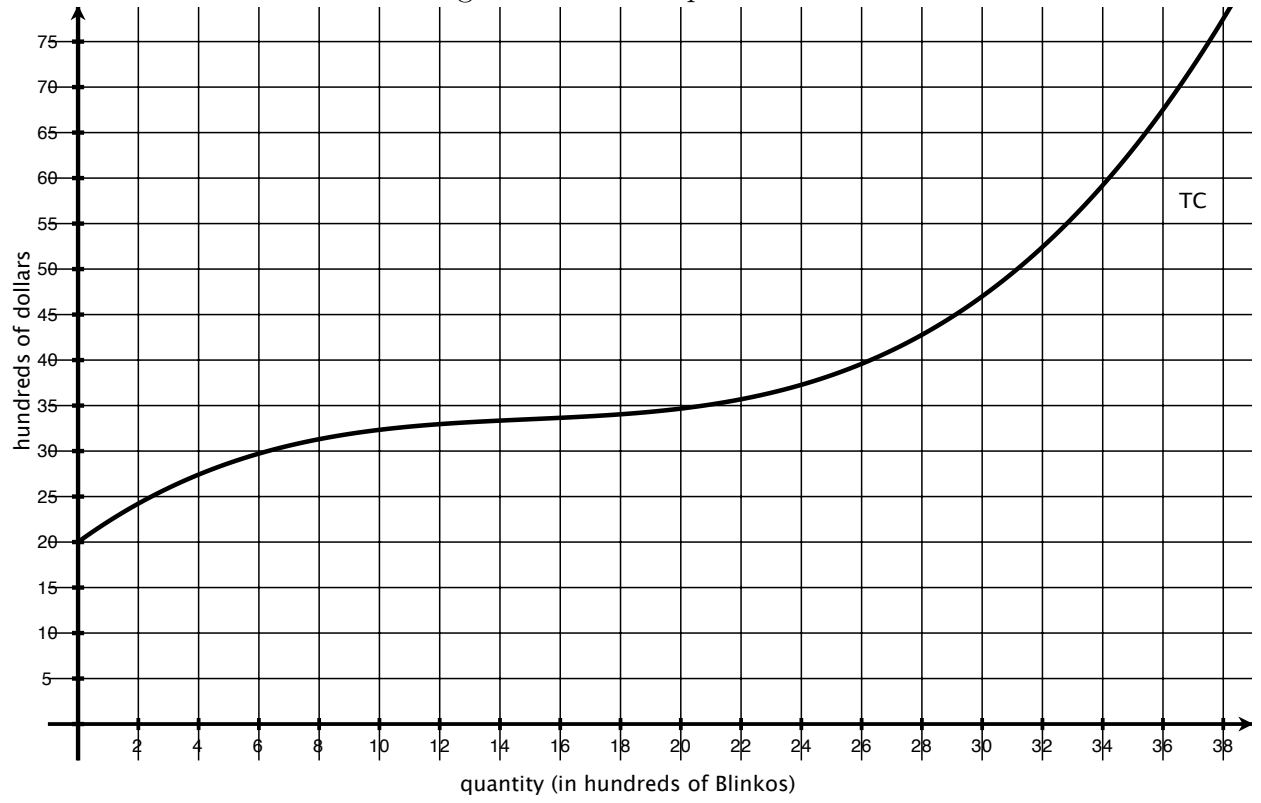
Section 6 - Total Cost and Marginal Cost



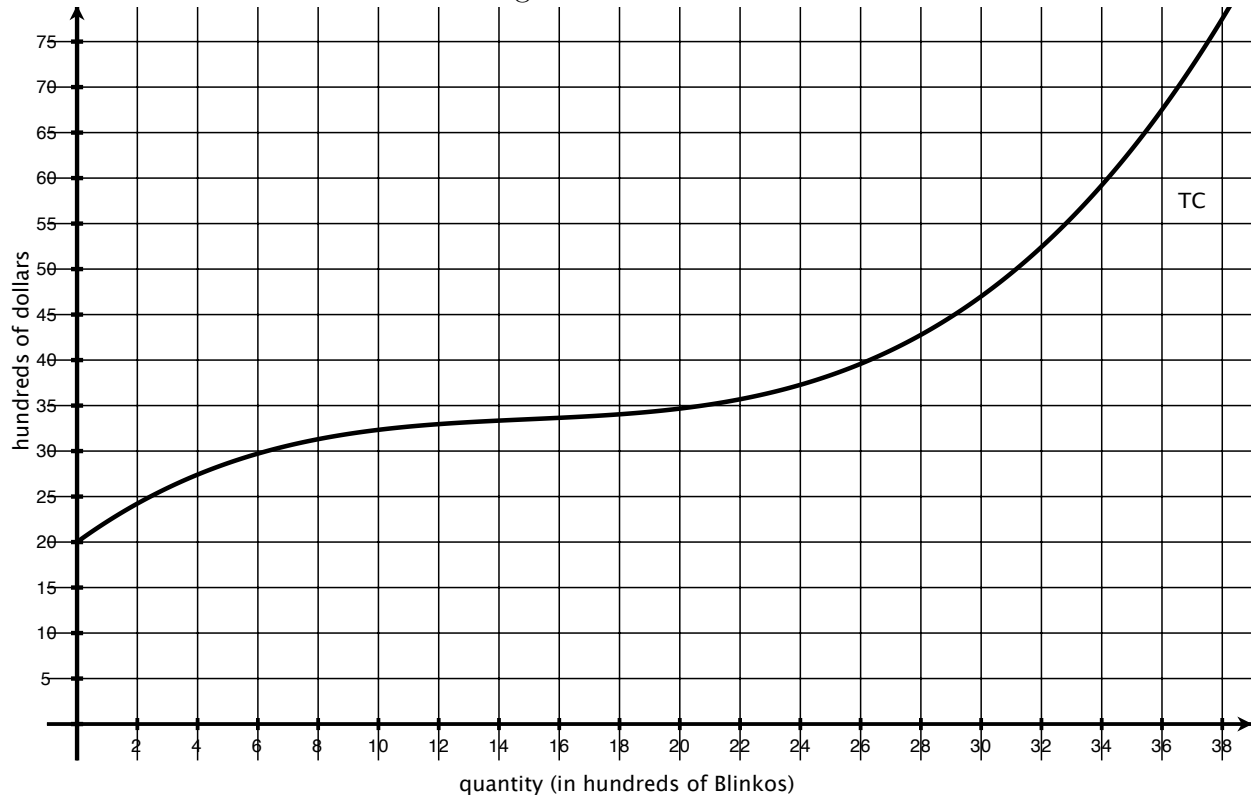
Section 6 - Total Cost, Total Revenue and Profit



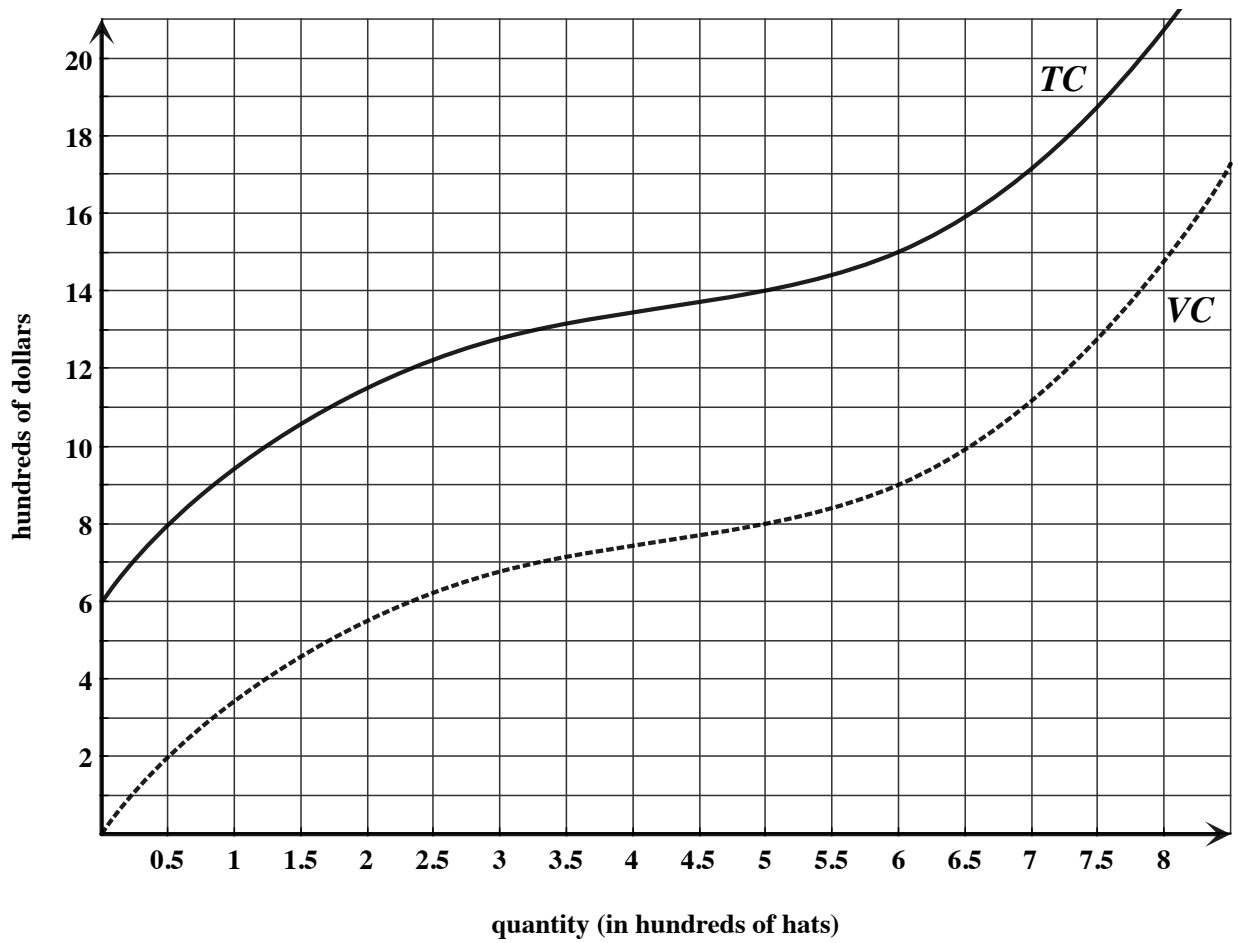
Section 7.1 - Marginal Cost as Slope of Secant Line



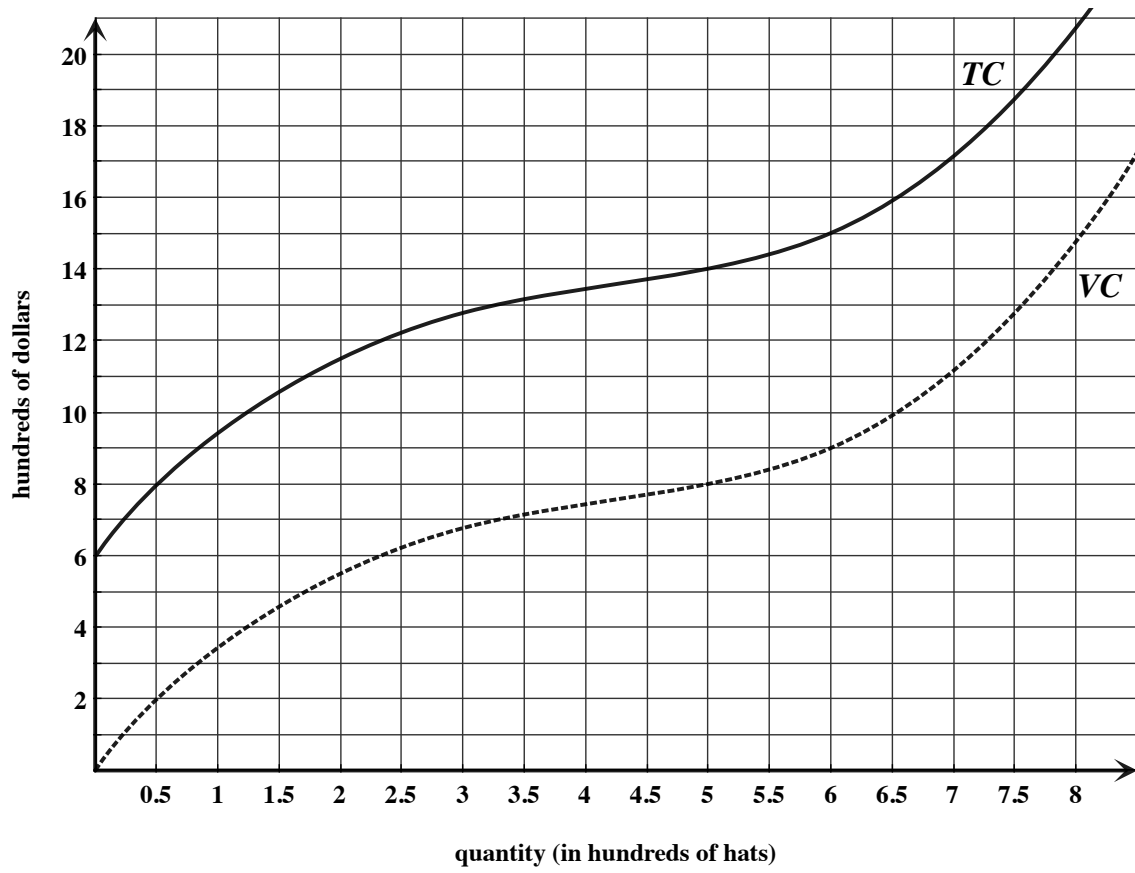
Section 7.4 - Marginal Revenue and Profit



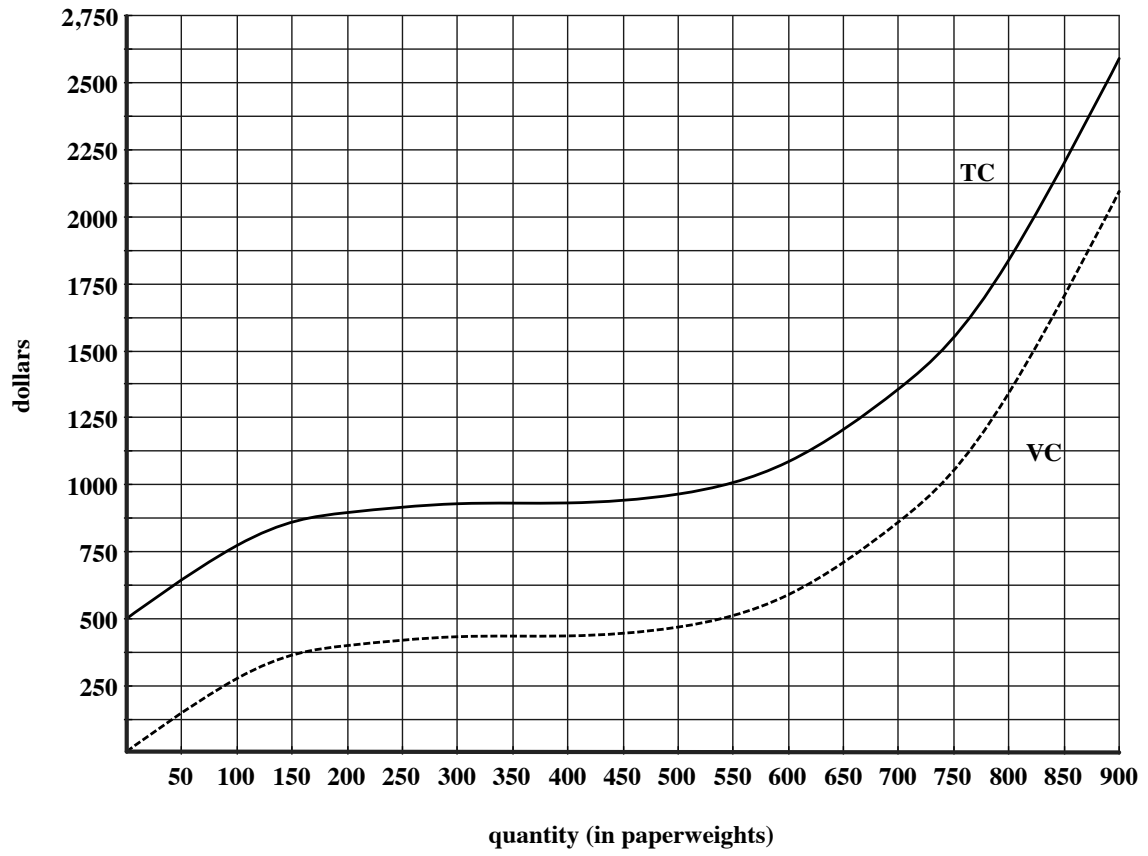
Section 8.1-8.2 - Average Cost-Breakeven Price, Average Variable Cost-Shutdown Price



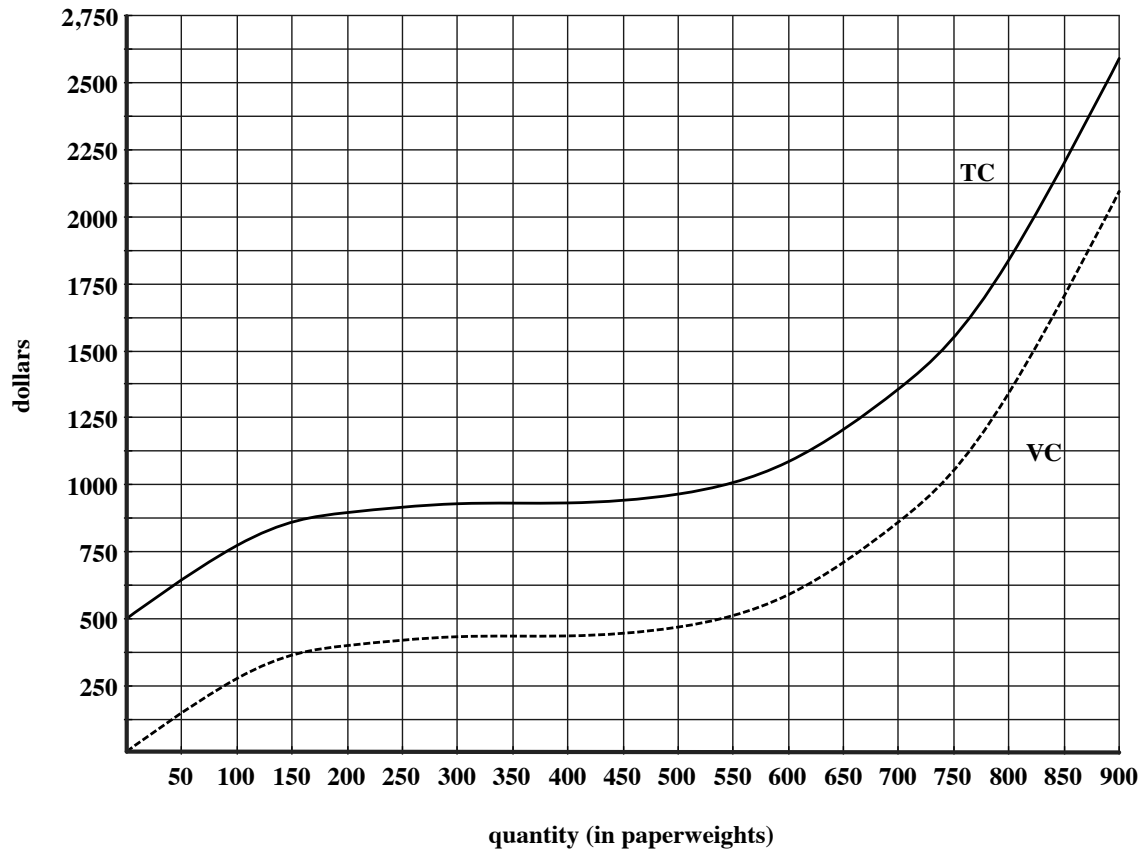
Breakeven Price and Shutdown Price



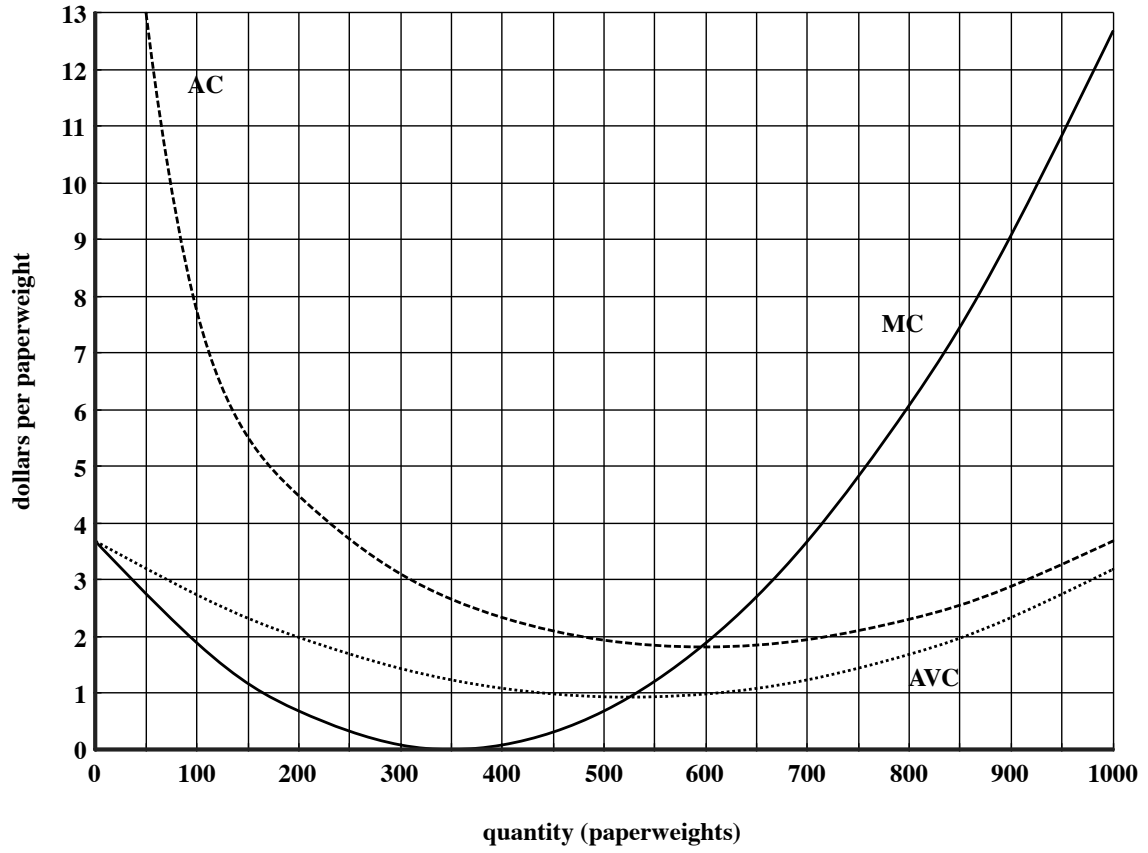
Section 9



Section 9



Section 9



Section 9

