NAME

Math 308E Spring 2016

Final June 8, 2016

Instructions

- Point totals for each problem are shown in parentheses.
- You must show all your work on the examination to receive credit (except for the first problem). You must also use the techniques of this course on each problem. Ask if you are not sure about what is permitted.
- Read each problem carefully. You will not receive credit if you misunderstand or misread a problem.
- Your work must be neat and organized.
- Be very careful with your arithmetic. None of the calculations or answers are too complicated.
- Make sure your test has 6 questions.

- (16) 1. Determine whether each of the following statements is true or false. Put T in the box if true and F if false. No explanation is required. (2 points for each correct answer, 0 points if no answer, -2 points if incorrect answer. The minimum for the entire problem is 0.)
 - a. If S is a subspace of \mathbf{R}^n and dim S = n, then $S = \mathbf{R}^n$.
 - b. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and B is a 2×2 matrix with AB = 0, then B is the 0 matrix.
 - C. If A is a 3×4 matrix with rank A = 3, then there is a 4×3 matrix B with $AB = I_3$.
 - d. If A is an invertible $n \times n$ matrix and B is an $n \times n$ matrix, then rank $(AB) = \operatorname{rank}(BA)$.
 - e. If A is a 3×4 matrix, then nullity(A) =nullity (A^T) .
 - f. If B is obtained from A through elementary row operations, then the column space of A is equal to the column space of B.
 - g. If A is an invertible matrix and det(A) > 1, then 1 is not an eigenvalue of A.
 - h. If A is an invertible matrix and $A^2 A$ is not invertible, then 1 is an eigenvalue of A.

(5) 2. Determine whether span $\{(-1, 4, 2), (2, 3, 1)\} = \text{span}\{(1, 7, 3), (-4, 5, 3)\}$. You must justify your answer to get any credit.

(5) 3. Find the eigenvalues and bases for the corresponding eigenspaces of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(5) 4. Suppose that S is a subspace of \mathbf{R}^3 and that $\operatorname{proj}_S(\mathbf{x})$ is given by

$$\operatorname{proj}_{S}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & 2 & -1\\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}.$$

Find an orthogonal basis for S.

(5) 5. Let S be the subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 spanned by (-1, 1, 2, 4) and (1, -1, 0, -1). Find a basis for S^{\perp} .

(5) 6. Find the least squares solution to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$