MATH 111 D

Exam I

Hints and Answers

1. (3 points each)

(a) HINT: Compute the slope of the secant line through the distance graph at t = 30 and t = 80.

ANSWER: approximately 0.25 mpm

(b) HINT: Draw a diagonal line with slope 0.8 and see where it intersects the distance graph.

ANSWER: t = 57 or t = 93 minutes (approximately)

(c) HINT: Use the line with slope 0.8 that you drew in part (b) and slide your ruler parallel to that line until you've got a five-minute interval.

ANSWER: t = 75 minutes (approximately)

(d) ANSWER: approximately 0.67 mpm

(e) HINT: Mark the point on the distance graph at t=15. Draw a line from that point with slope $\frac{1}{3}$ (i.e. go over 3 and up 1). Find the two places where this line intersects the distance graph. These occur at about t=58 and t=77. That means that the slope of the secant line from 15 to 58 is $\frac{1}{3}$ and the slope of the secant from 15 to 77 is $\frac{1}{3}$. So, 58 and 77 are values of 15+h. You want values of h.

ANSWERS: h = 43 and h = 62 (approximately)

2. (3 points each)

(a) HINT: VC(7) is approximately 245 dollars. Since FC = \$70, this means that TC(7) is approximately 315 dollars.

ANSWERS: AVC(7) = 35 dollars per thing; AC(7) = 45 dollars per thing

(b) HINT: Compute the slope of the secant line through TR from q=3 to q=4. (Note: Since the quantity is measured in single Things, the slope of the tangent line at q=3 is an approximation of the MR, but isn't the best thing to use here.)

ANSWER: approximately 28 dollars

(c) HINT: Find the largest vertical gap between TR and VC and subtract your fixed costs

ANSWER: approximately 240 dollars

(d) HINT: AR is the slope of a diagonal through TR and AVC is the slope of a diagonal through VC. You need to find a line that is a diagonal through BOTH graphs. This will happen only at the place where the two graphs intersect.

ANSWER: q = 10

3. (a) (3 points) HINT: The temperature doesn't change from t=2 to t=4. (The change in temp graph shows a ΔT of 0 at t=2.) So, it's not graph (iii). The change in temp from t=4 to t=6 ($\Delta T=1$) is smaller than the change in temp from t=6 to t=8 ($\Delta T=1.5$).

ANSWER: (i)

(b) (5 points) F; F; T; T; T

(c) (3 points) HINT: Add the changes over the intervals that start at t = 4, 6, 8,and 10: 1 + 1.5 + 1.9 + 2.

ANSWER: 6.4 degrees

4. (4 points each)

(a) ANSWERS: q = 7 and q = 10

(b) ANSWER: $x = \frac{4}{5}, y = 7$

(c) ANSWER: $x = \frac{1}{R-2}$