MATH 111 D Exam I Hints and Answers

- 1. (3 points each)
 - (a) HINT: Compute the slope of the secant line through the distance graph at t = 10 and t = 70.

ANSWER: approximately 0.43 mpm

(b) HINT: Draw a diagonal line with slope 1.6 and see where it intersects the distance graph.

ANSWER: t = 24 (approximately)

- (c) HINT: Use the line with slope 1.6 that you drew in part (b) and slide your ruler parallel to that line until you've got a five-minute interval.
 ANSWER: t = 85 minutes (approximately)
- (d) ANSWER: approximately 0.67 mpm
- (e) HINT: Mark the point on the distance graph at t = 15. Draw a line from that point with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ (i.e. go over 3 and up 2). Find the two places where this line intersects the distance graph. These occur at about t = 38 and t = 97. That means that the slope of the secant line from 15 to 38 is $\frac{2}{3}$ and the slope of the secant from 15 to 97 is $\frac{2}{3}$. So, 38 and 97 are values of 15 + h. You want values of h. ANSWERS: h = 23 and h = 82 (approximately)
- 2. (3 points each)
 - (a) HINT: VC(2) is approximately 30 dollars. Since FC = \$120, this means that TC(2) is approximately 150 dollars.

ANSWERS: AVC(2) = 15 dollars per thing; AC(2) = 75 dollars per thing

- (b) HINT: Compute the slope of the secant line through TR from q = 7 to q = 8. (Note: Since the quantity is measured in single Things, the slope of the tangent line at q = 7is an approximation of the MR, but isn't the best thing to use here.) ANSWER: approximately 15 dollars
- (c) HINT: Find the largest vertical gap between TR and VC and subtract your fixed costs.

ANSWER: approximately 185 dollars

- (d) HINT: AR is the slope of a diagonal through TR and AVC is the slope of a diagonal through VC. You need to find a line that is a diagonal through BOTH graphs. This will happen only at the place where the two graphs intersect. ANSWER: q = 10
- 3. (a) (3 points) HINT: The temperature doesn't change from t = 2 to t = 4. (The change in temp graph shows a ΔT of 0 at t = 2.) So, it's not graph (i). The change in temp from t = 4 to t = 6 (ΔT = 1) is smaller than the change in temp from t = 6 to t = 8 (ΔT = 1.5). ANSWER: (iii)
 - (b) (5 points) T; T; F; F; T
 - (c) (3 points) HINT: Add the changes over the intervals that start at t = 12 (noon) and 14 (2 p.m.): -1.1 - 1.9. ANSWER: -3 degrees
- 4. (4 points each)
 - (a) ANSWERS: q = 2 and q = 11
 - (b) ANSWER: $x = \frac{8}{3}, y = 9$
 - (c) ANSWER: $x = \frac{4}{R-5}$