

### 3.8 The Addition Formulas

---

1. Find the exact values of  $\cos(\frac{5\pi}{12})$  and  $\sin(\frac{11\pi}{12})$ .
2. Write the expression  $\cos(48^\circ)\cos(23^\circ) + \sin(48^\circ)\sin(23^\circ)$  as a function of one angle.
3. Use an addition formula to find the solutions of the equation  $\sin(4t)\cos(t) = \sin(t)\cos(4t)$  on the domain  $[0, 2\pi)$ .
4. Express  $f(x) = \cos(4x) - \sqrt{3}\sin(4x)$  in the form  $A\cos(Bx - C)$  and standard sinusoidal form, then sketch the graph.
5. If a mass suspended from a spring is raised  $y_0$  feet and given an initial vertical velocity of  $v_0$  feet per second, the position  $y$  of the mass  $t$  seconds later is given by

$$y = y_0 \cos(\omega t) + \frac{v_0}{\omega} \sin(\omega t),$$

where  $\omega$  is a positive constant related to the size of the mass and the stiffness of the spring.

- (a) If  $y_0 = 2$ ,  $v_0 = 6$ , and  $\omega = 3$ , write  $y$  in the form  $A\cos(Bt - C)$ . What is the amplitude of  $y$ ?
  - (b) If  $y_0 = 1$  and  $\omega = 2$ , what initial velocity results in an amplitude of 4 feet?
6. If a tuning fork with frequency  $\omega$  is struck and held at a certain distance from the eardrum, the resulting pressure of the sound wave on the eardrum at time  $t$  is given by  $p_1(t) = c\sin(\omega t)$  for some constant  $c > 0$ . If a second identical tuning fork is struck with a possibly different force and held at a possibly different distance from the eardrum, the resulting pressure on the eardrum is given by  $p_2(t) = d\sin(\omega t + l)$  for some constants  $d$  and  $l$  with  $d > 0$  and  $-\pi \leq l \leq \pi$ . When both forks are struck, the total pressure is the sum of these two:

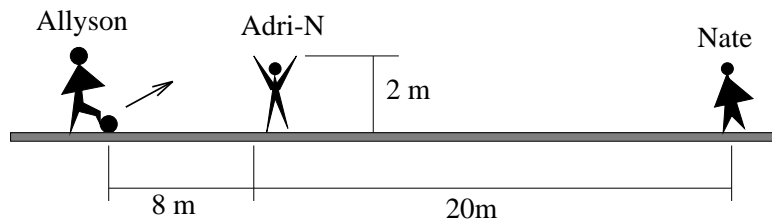
$$p(t) = p_1(t) + p_2(t) = c\sin(\omega t) + d\sin(\omega t + l).$$

- (a) Express  $p(t)$  in the form  $a\cos(\omega t) + b\sin(\omega t)$  for some suitable constants  $a$  and  $b$ .
  - (b) Show that the amplitude  $A$  of  $p(t)$  is given by
- $$A^2 = c^2 + d^2 + 2cd\cos(l).$$
- (c) If the forks are struck with equal force, so that  $c = d$ , show that  $A = 2c|\cos(\frac{l}{2})|$ . For which values of  $l$  do we have  $A > c$  (constructive interference)? For which values do we have  $A < c$  (destructive interference)?
7. If a projectile is fired from ground level with an initial speed  $v$  ft/sec at an angle  $\theta$  with the horizontal, the distance  $R$  feet it travels before hitting the ground is given by

$$R = \frac{v^2}{16} \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta).$$

If  $v = 80$  ft/sec, find the angle  $\theta$  that makes  $R = 200$  feet. (Hint: use a double angle formula.)

8. Allyson needs to kick a soccer ball over Adri-N's head right to Nate; the three players are at the indicated locations. Determine the initial speed and angle Allyson should kick the ball. (Note: There is more than one correct answer; make sure to indicate what led you to your answer.)



\*\*\*NOT TO SCALE\*\*\*