

Problem 6.1. Taylor 3.1.2

Problem 6.2. Taylor 3.1.7

Problem 6.3. Taylor 3.1.10

Problem 6.4. Taylor 3.1.16

Problem 6.5. Establish the following:

- (1) For any integer n , $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} (k^n)^{1/k} = 1$.
- (2) Suppose that $\{a_k\}$ and $\{b_k\}$ are sequences of non-negative real numbers with $a = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} a_k$ and $b = \limsup_{k \rightarrow \infty} b_k$. Show that $ab = \limsup_{k \rightarrow \infty} (a_k b_k)$.

Problem 6.6. Taylor 3.2.1

Problem 6.7. Taylor 3.2.2

Problem 6.8. Find the power series expansion of

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+2)}$$

about $z = 0$, and find its radius of convergence.