

Problem Set 1 (due Friday, April 6th)

FROM THE TEXT:

Pages 267-268: 2 a, e, f, h, 3 a, b, c, d, 5

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS:

**A:** Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{3}) \neq \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{5})$ .

**B:** Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5}) = \mathbb{Q}(\beta)$ , where  $\beta = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}$ .

**C:** Let  $p = 11213$  (which happens to be a prime number). Let  $a = 571 + p\mathbb{Z}$ , a nonzero element in the field  $F = \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ . Find the additive and multiplicative inverses of  $a$  in the field  $F$ . You should express your answers in the form  $r + p\mathbb{Z}$ , where  $0 \leq r < p$ .

**D:** Let  $F = \mathbb{Q}(\theta)$ , where  $\theta = \sqrt[3]{2}$  is the unique cube root of 2 in  $\mathbb{R}$ . Find the multiplicative inverse of  $f = 2 + 3\theta - \theta^2$  in  $F$ . Express your answer in the form  $f^{-1} = a + b\theta + c\theta^2$ , where  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}$ .

**E:** Let  $\varphi$  be an automorphism of the field  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Prove that  $\varphi(a) = a$  for all  $a \in \mathbb{Q}$ .

**F:** Is  $\mathbb{Q}[x]/(x^4 + 4)$  a field? Justify your answer carefully.