

Lesson 24

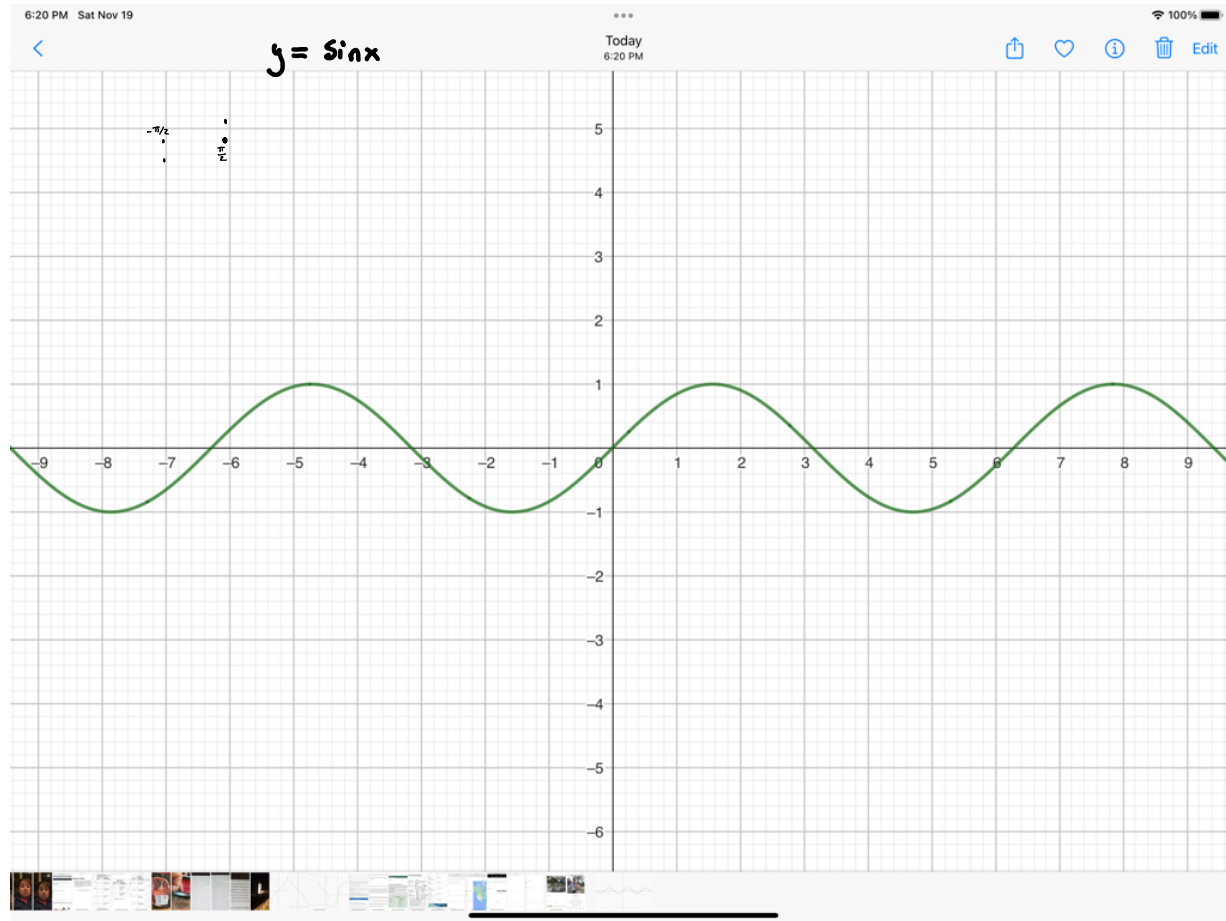
Read Chapter 20

Inverse trigonometric functions

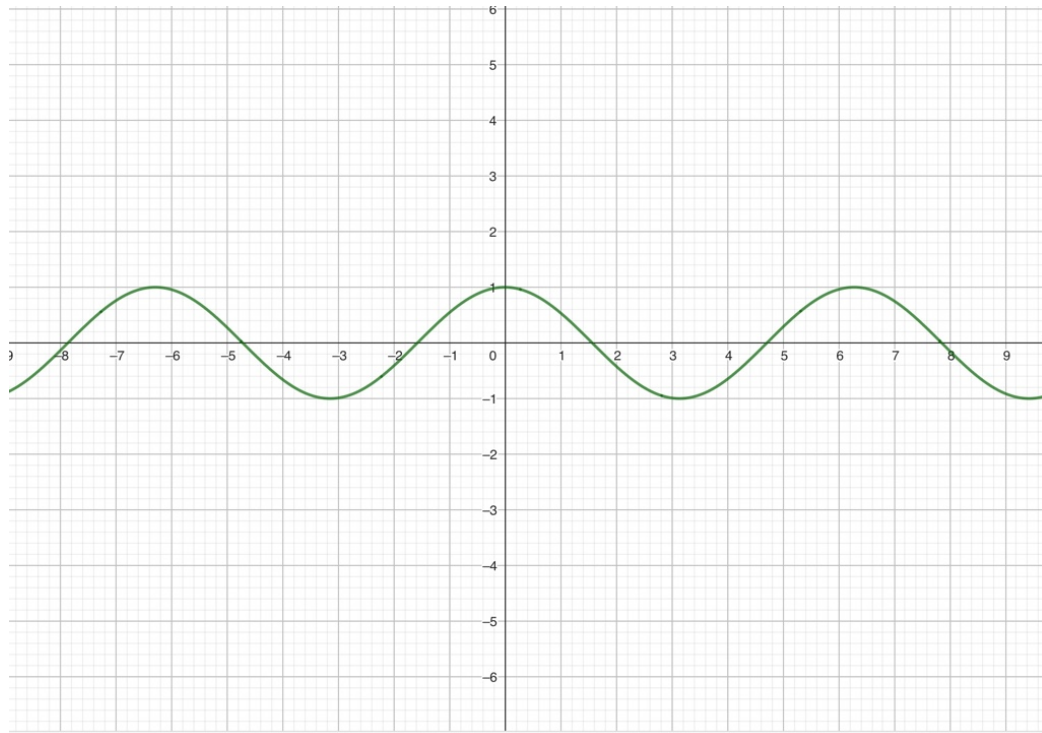
Midterm 3 review

1. University A had 20,000 students in 2000; enrollment at University A increases 2% every 10 years. In 2015 University B had 15,000 students; the number of students enrolled in University B triples every 100 years. When will University B have twice as many students as University A ? Give your answer as a year , ex: 2027.

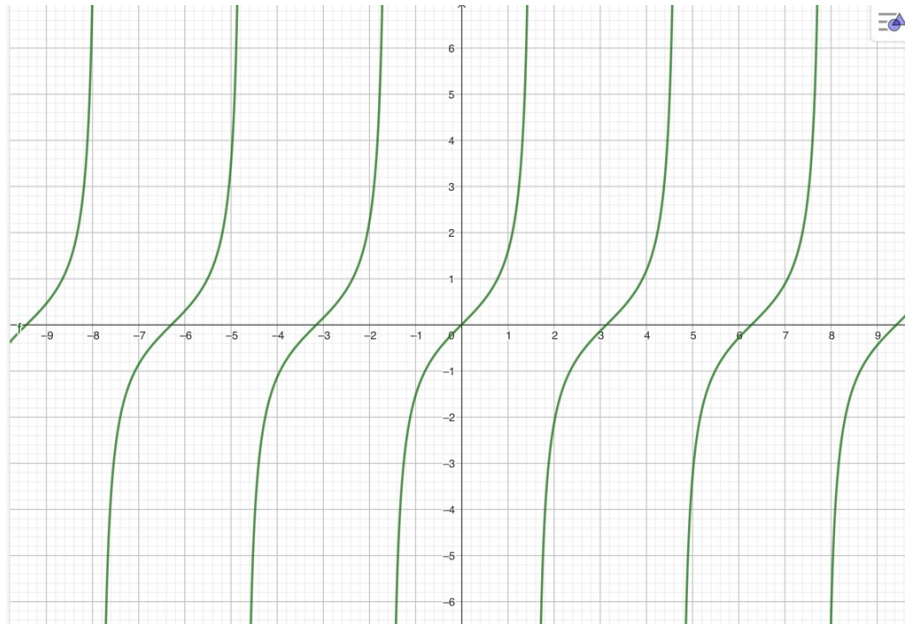
$\arcsin(x)$ is the inverse of $\sin x$ restricted to $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

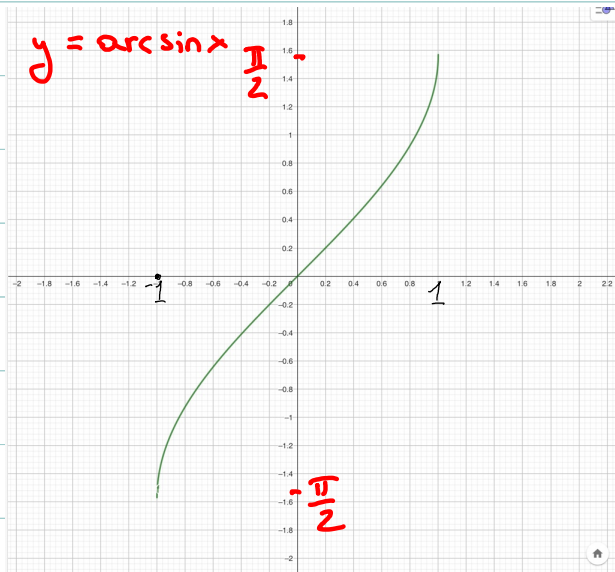


$\arccos(x)$ is the inverse of $\cos x$ restricted to $[0, \pi]$

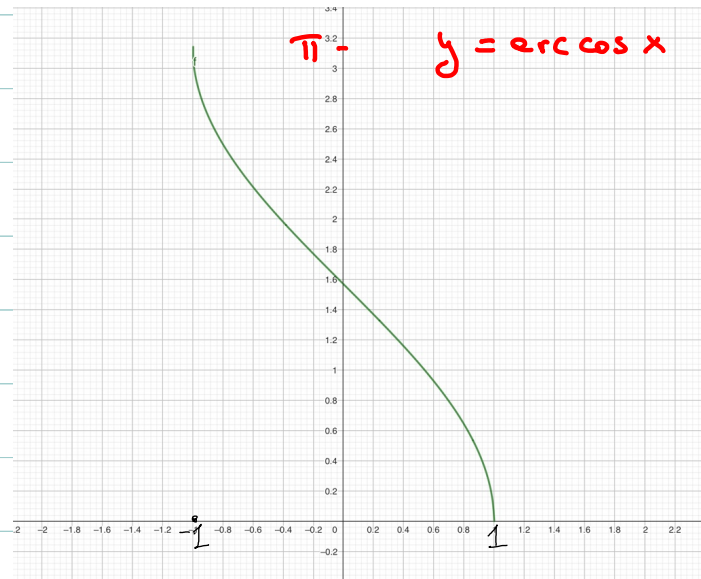


$\arctan(x)$ is the inverse of $\tan x$ restricted to $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$

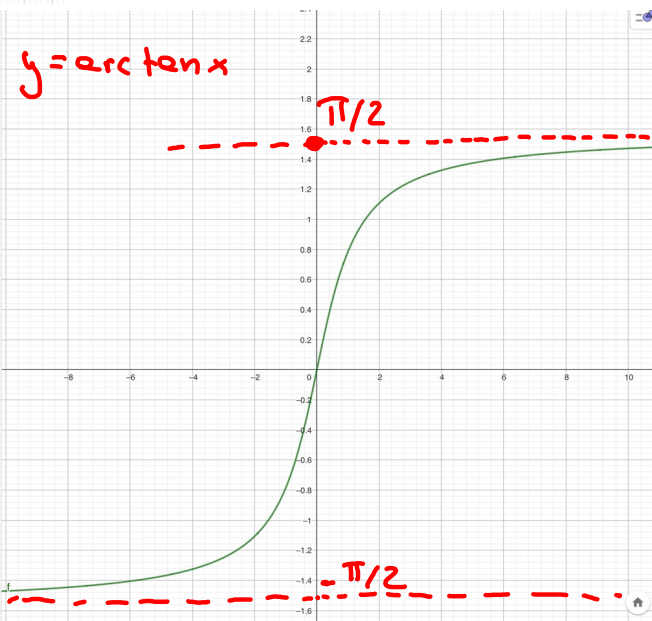




Domain $[-1, 1]$
Range $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$



Domain $[-1, 1]$
Range $[0, \pi]$

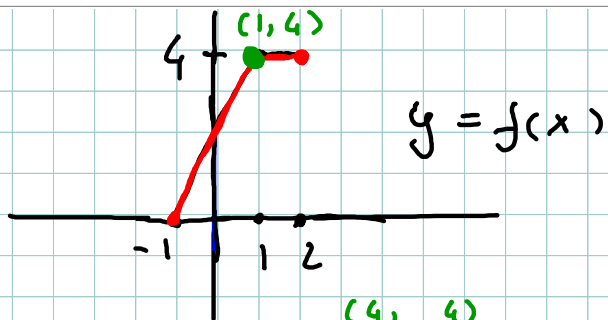


Domain $(-\infty, +\infty)$
Range $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$

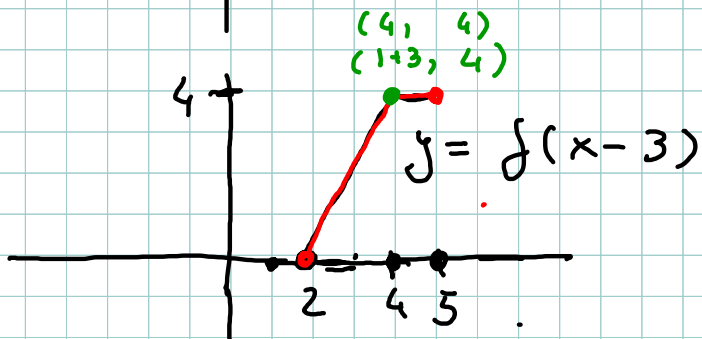
NAME (First,Last) .

Suppose $y = f(x)$ is a function with domain $-1 \leq x \leq 2$ and range $0 \leq y \leq 4$ and $g(x) = 5f\left(\frac{-x}{2} - 3\right) + 1$.

- (a) List the graphical operations, in a correct order, needed to transform the graph of f into the graph of g . (By graphical operations I mean shifts, reflections and scalings. Be precise, for example say something like *horizontal shift to the right of 7 units*, or *reflection around the x axis* or *vertical scaling of a factor $c = 7$*).
- (b) Suppose you know that the point $P = (1, 4)$ belongs to the graph of f . The graphical operations you listed above move P into some point Q on the graph of g . Find the coordinates of Q .
- (c) Find the domain and range of g .

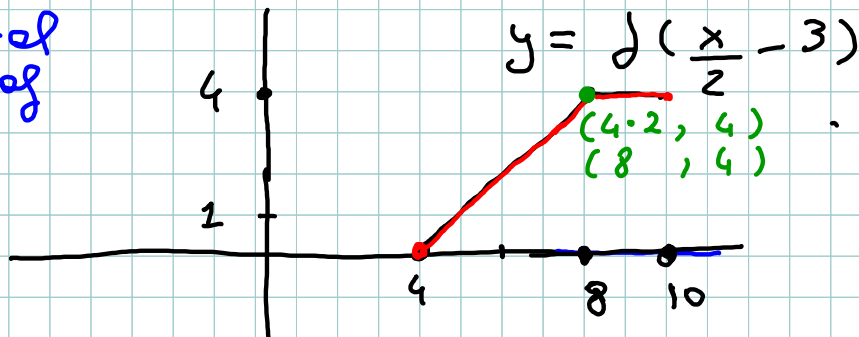


Just an example

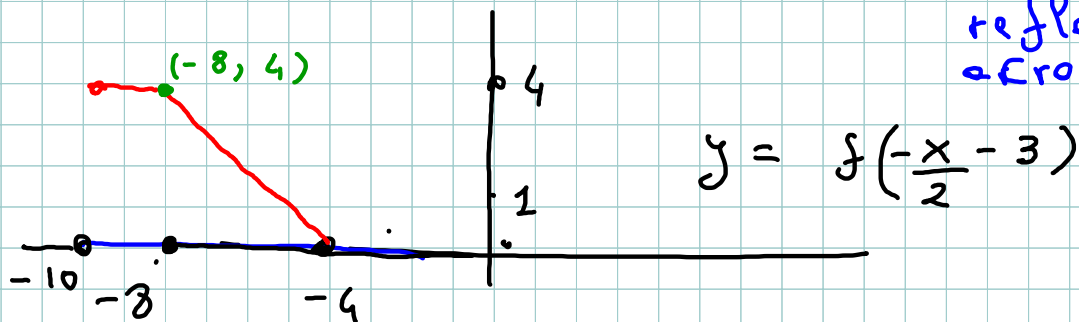


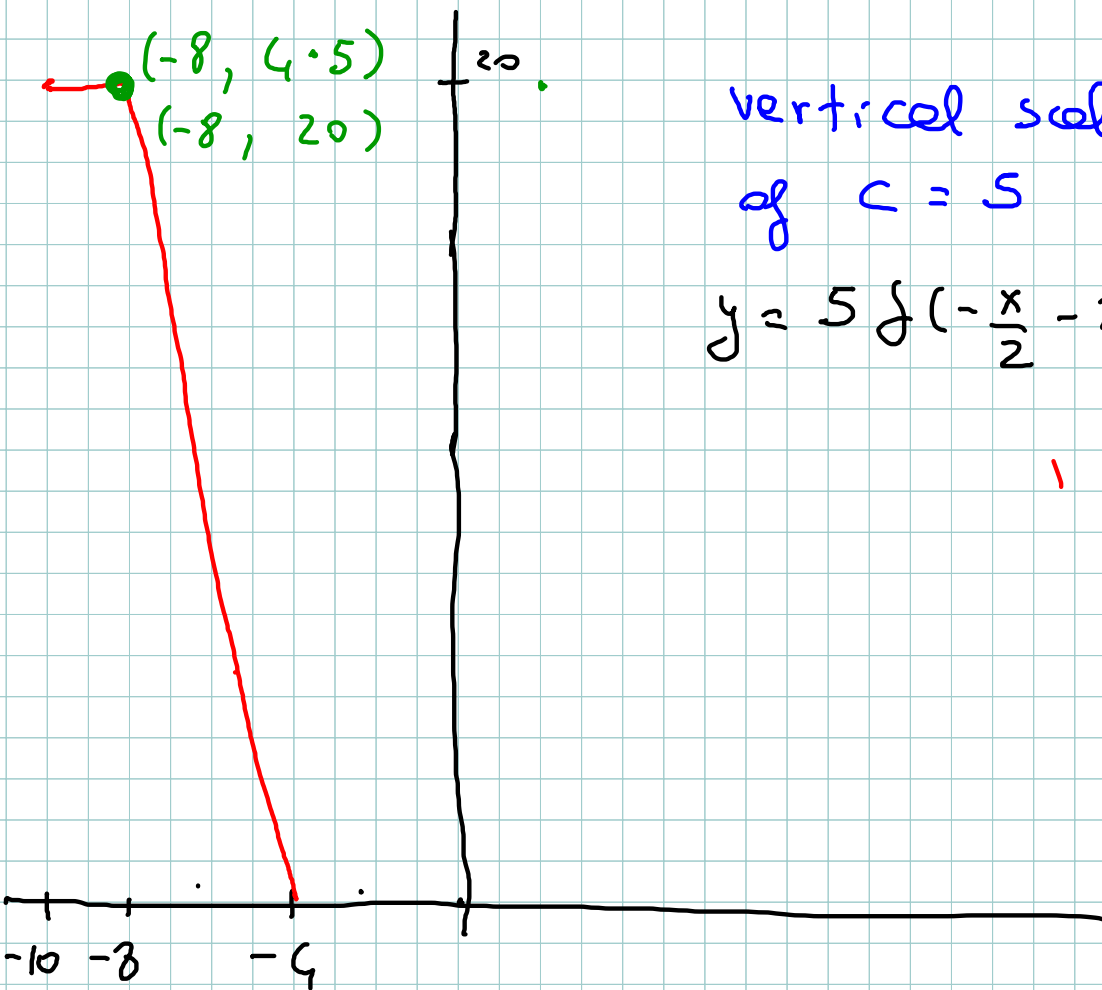
Shift right 3 units

horizontal scaling of $c = 2$



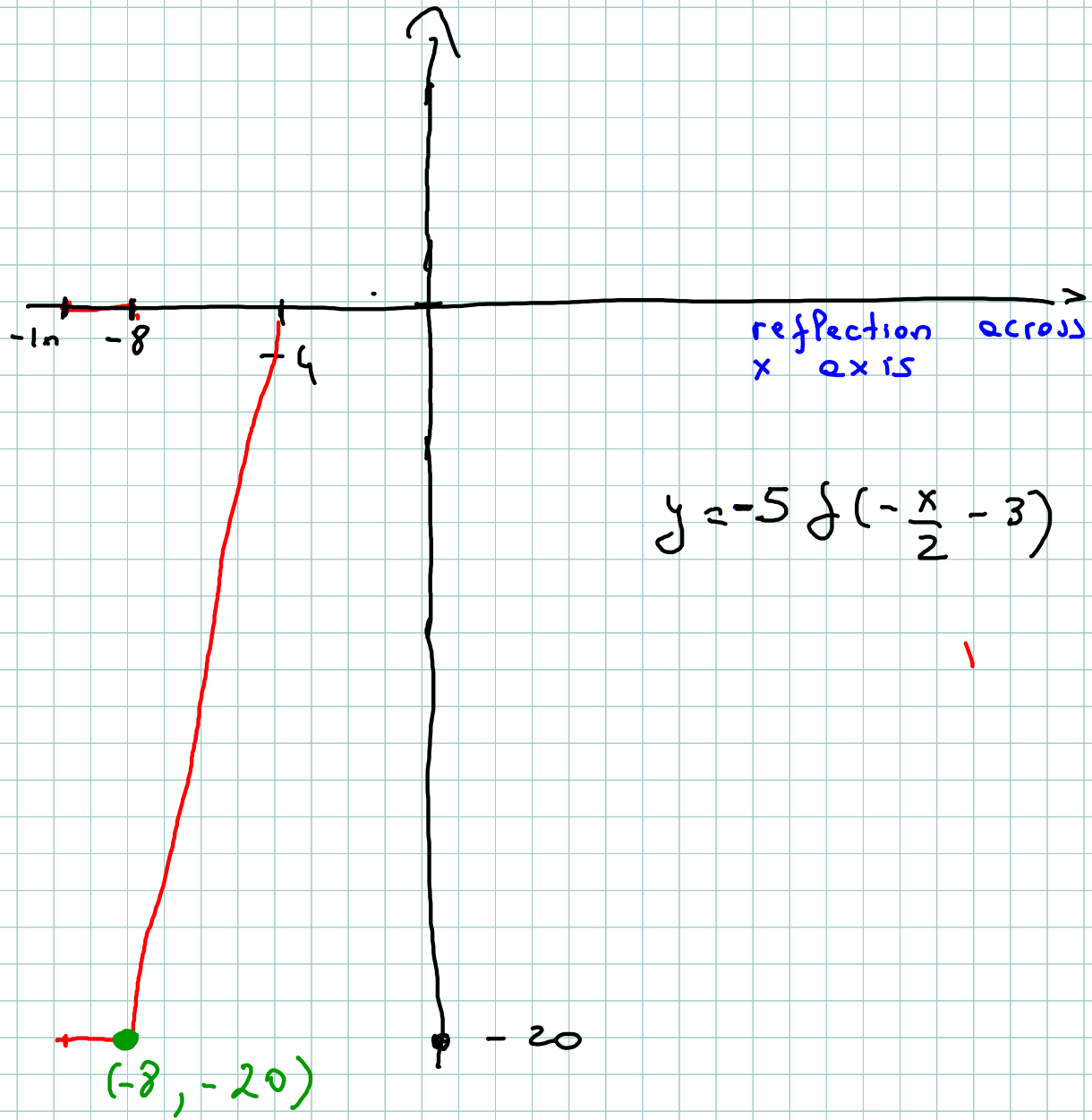
reflection across y axis

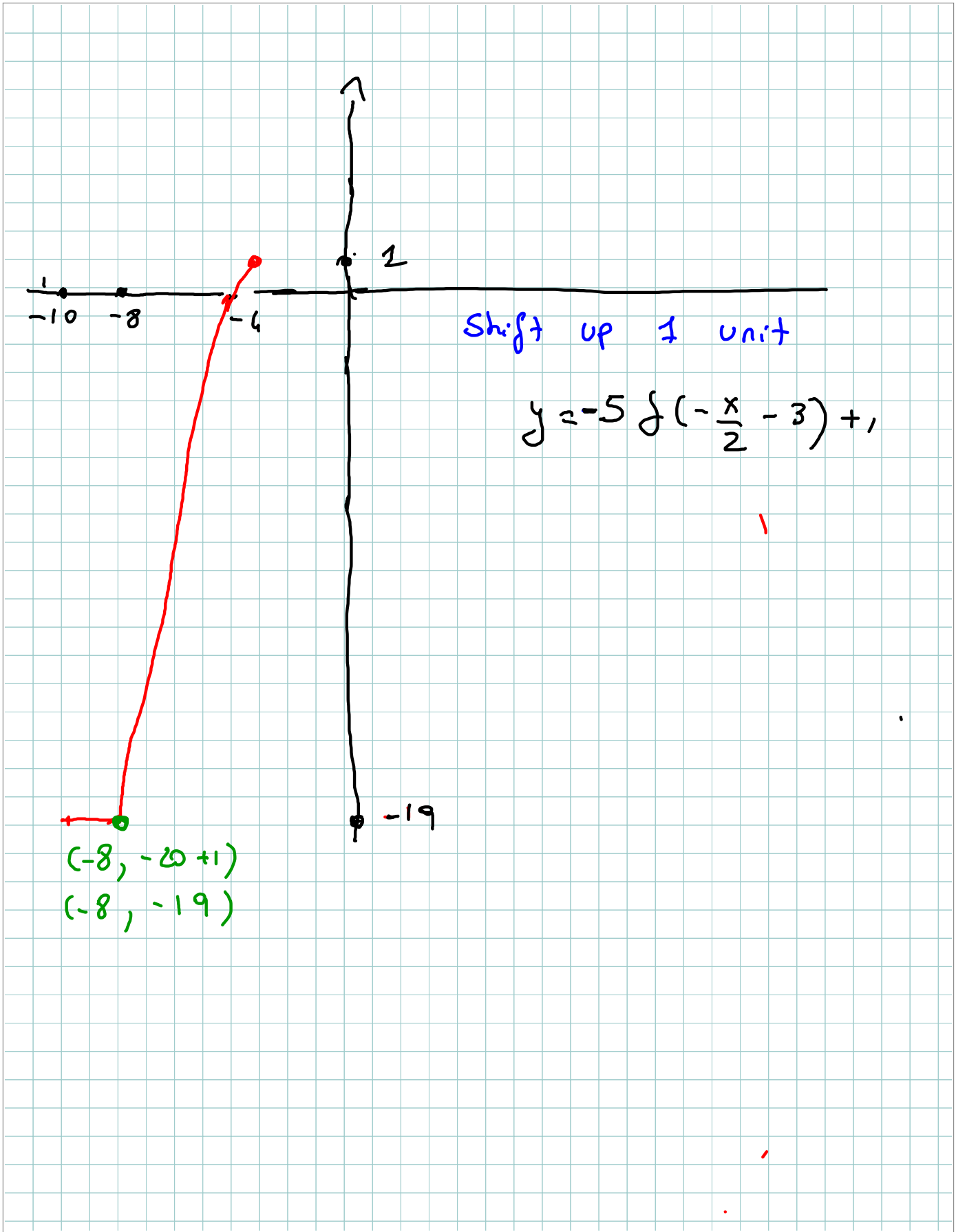




vertical scaling
of $c = 5$
 $y = 5 f\left(-\frac{x}{2} - 3\right)$

1





Solve $\sin(x) = \frac{1}{2}$

