Lesson 2

Read Chapter 2

Coordinate systems

Distance formula

Rectilinear motion

Sarah can bicycle around a path, with constant speed, in two hours and 40 min. If she decreases her speed by 1 km/hr her time increases by 4 min. How long is the path?

In order to set up a 1D coordinate system you need:

- Origin
- Unit

In order to set up a 2D coordinate system you need:

- Origin
- Axes
- Units on axes

Distance formula

The distance between $P(x_1, y_1)$ and $Q(x_2, y_2)$ is

$$\sqrt{(x_2-x_1)^2+(y_2-y_1)^2}$$

Suppose at time t=2 an object starts moving from P(100,1) with velocity -30mph along the horizontal line y=1; its x and y coordinate at time t are:

Suppose at time t_1 an object starts moving from P(a, b) with velocity v_x along the horizontal line y = b; its x coordinate at time t is:

$$x = a + v_{\mathsf{x}}(t - t_1)$$

Suppose at time t_1 an object starts moving from P(a, b) with velocity v_y along a vertical line x = a; its y coordinate at time t is:

$$y = b + v_y(t - t_1)$$

Example

Ann and Bob start moving at the same time from the same location. Ann moves East at 6 feet/sec. Bob moves North at 5 feet/sec.

What is the distance between Ann and Bob 10 sec later? When is the distance between Ann and Bob 50 feet?