

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ Let } D: K^{n \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad D(A) = \sum_{j=1}^n (-1)^{1+j} a_{1j} \det(A_{1j})$$

Prove that:

$$\text{a) } D \begin{pmatrix} u+v \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = D \begin{pmatrix} u \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} + D \begin{pmatrix} v \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{b) } D \begin{pmatrix} kv \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = k D \begin{pmatrix} v \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$\textcircled{2}$  Let  $A = (a_{ij})$  be an  $n \times n$  matrix. Prove

$$\det(A) = \sum_{j=1}^n (-1)^{1+j} a_{1j} \det(A_{1j}) = \sum_{j=1}^n (-1)^{k+j} a_{kj} \det(A_{kj})$$

for all  $k = 2, \dots, n$

$\textcircled{3}$  Prove that

$$D \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ r \\ \vdots \\ r \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = 0$$