

Which sets are denumerable? Infinite sets that look like  $\mathbb{Z}^+$  i.e. elements can be listed: first, second, third, ....

denumerable like $\mathbb{Z}^+$ smallest infinite sets	}	non denumerable lots of sets $\mathbb{R}$ $[0,1]$ $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}^+)$ lots of other stuff
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### Worksheet4

1. Prove that if you have denumerably many disjoint sets  $A_n$ , all of which are denumerable, their union  $\cup_n A_n = \{x | x \in A_n \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+\}$  is also denumerable.

2. Suppose  $A$  is a set. Prove that  $|A| < |P(A)|$ . you can assume  $A$  is infinite.

This means

- 1) There is  $f: A \rightarrow P(A)$   $f$  injective
- 2) No  $f: A \rightarrow P(A)$  can be surjective.

To prove an infinite set  $A$  is denumerable:

1) Show  $A \subseteq B$  with  $B$  denumerable

or

2) Find a bijection  $f: A \rightarrow B$  or  $f: B \rightarrow A$   
with  $B$  denumerable

or

3) Show  $A = A_1 \cup A_2$  with  $A_1, A_2$  denumerable

To prove an infinite set  $A$  is not denumerable

1) Use Cantor's diagonalization argument  
to prove any  $f: \mathbb{Z}^+ \rightarrow A$  cannot be  
surjective

2) Find a bijection  $f: A \rightarrow B$  or  $f: B \rightarrow A$   
with  $B$  non denumerable