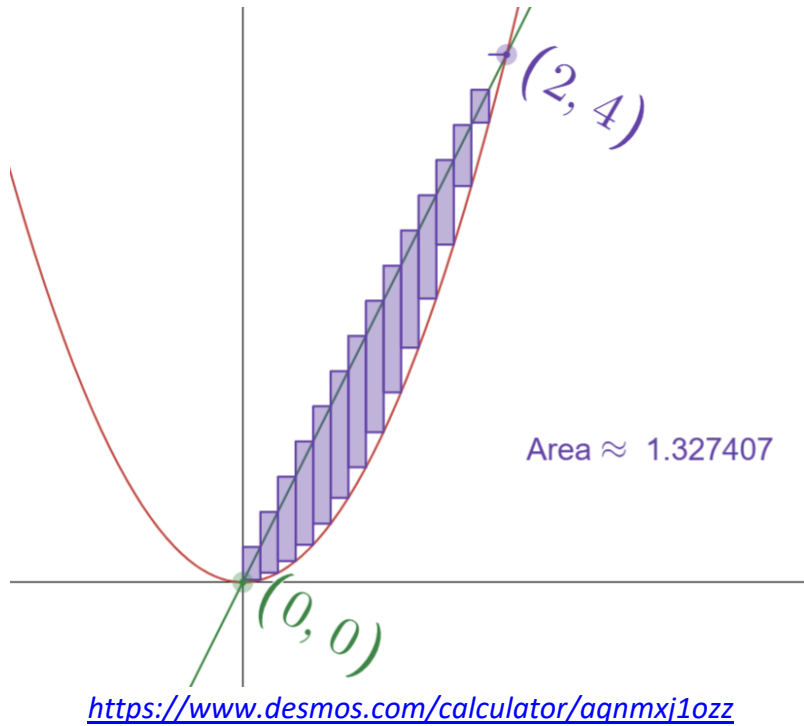


Ch 6: Basic Integral Applications

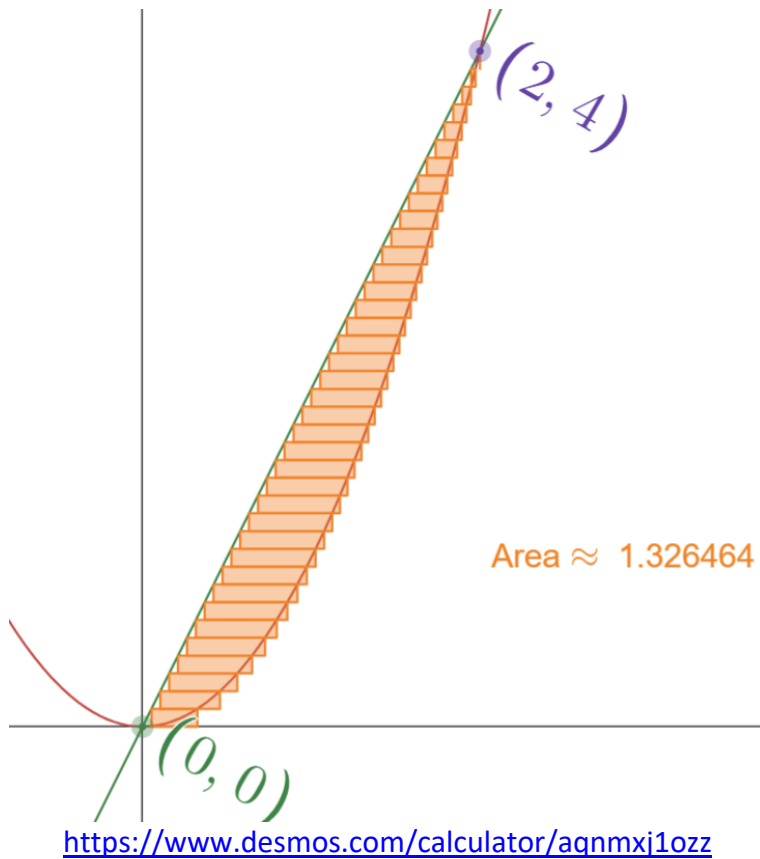
6.1 Areas Between Curves

Example 1: Find the area bounded between $y = 2x$ and $y = x^2$.



$$\text{Area} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n (f(x_i) - g(x_i)) \Delta x$$

Example 1 (again): Find the area bounded between $y = 2x$ and $y = x^2$.



$$\text{Area} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n (f(y_i) - g(y_i)) \Delta y$$

Summary: The area between curves

1. Draw picture, find intersections.
2. Choose dx or dy . Get ***everything*** in terms of the variable you choose.
3. Draw a typical approx. rectangle.
4. Set up as follows:

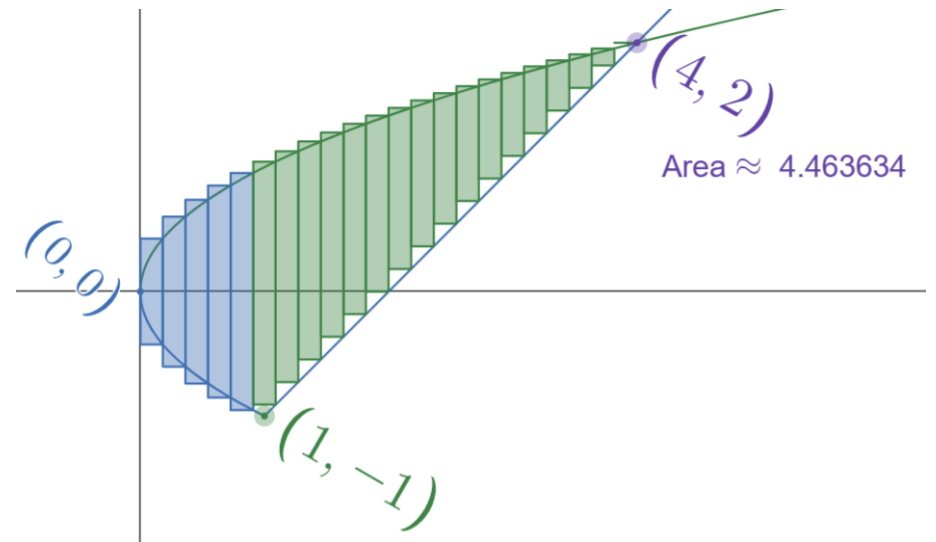
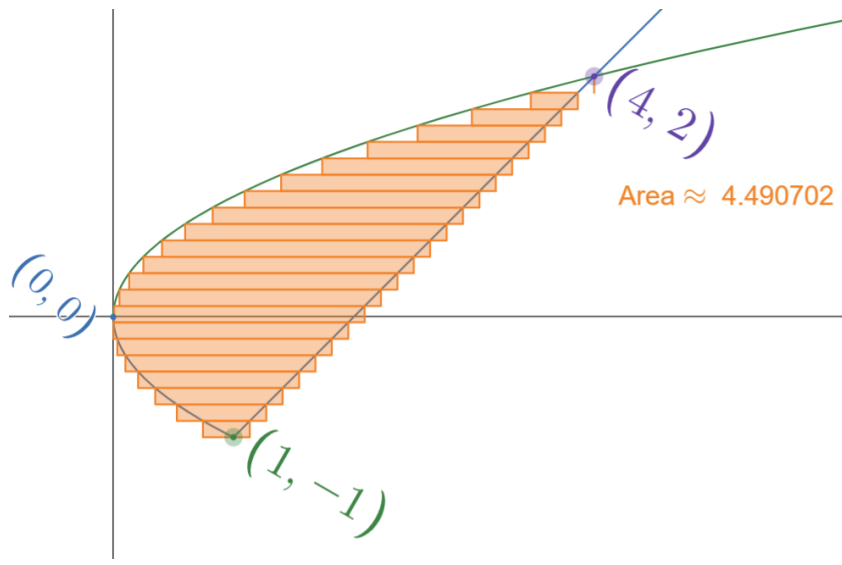
$$\text{Area} = \int_a^b (\text{TOP} - \text{BOTTOM}) \, dx$$

$$\text{Area} = \int_c^d (\text{RIGHT} - \text{LEFT}) \, dy$$

Example 2:

Set up an integral (or integrals) that give the area of the region bounded by

$$x = y^2 \quad \text{and} \quad y = x - 2.$$



“Fun” examples to try on your own:

1. The gateway arch is approximately an inverted catenary given by the equation:

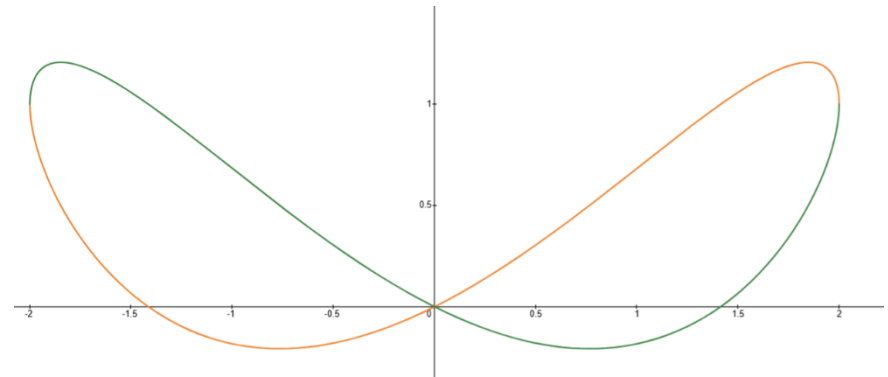
$$f(x) = 690 - 34(e^{(-0.01x)} + e^{(0.01x)})$$

What is the area under the gateway arch?



2. Find the total area between the “satchel” curves given by

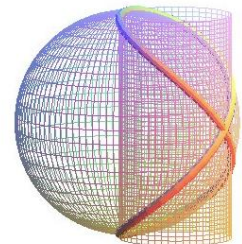
$$4y = x^2 + x\sqrt{4 - x^2} \text{ and } 4y = x^2 - x\sqrt{4 - x^2}$$



This is what the side view of the intersection of a cylinder and sphere looks like.

[Viviani's curve](#), Vivianische Kurve

[More info here \(as well as a gallery of other curves\)](#)



Set up an integral for the total positive area of the following regions:

