

1. (12 points)

5 pts (a) Find the instantaneous rate of change for $f(x) = \frac{5x^2}{2} - \frac{6}{x} + 12x^4\sqrt{x^2+8}$ at $x = 1$.

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{2}x^2 - 6x^{-1} + 12x^4(x^2+8)^{1/2}$$

$$f'(x) = 5x + 6x^{-2} + 48x^3(x^2+8)^{1/2} + \underbrace{12x^4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(x^2+8)^{-1/2} \cdot 2x}_{\frac{12x^5}{\sqrt{x^2+8}}}$$

$$f'(1) = 5 + 6 + 48\sqrt{9} + \frac{12}{\sqrt{9}}$$

$$= 11 + 48 \cdot 3 + 4$$

ANSWER: $f'(1) = \underline{159}$

VERSION B: CHANGE "6" TO "8"
ANSWER: $f'(1) = 161$

(b) Let $g(x) = 3x^2 - 4$.

i. Write out and completely simplify the formula, in terms of h , for

4 pts

$$\frac{g(x+h) - g(x)}{h}$$

AND give the derivative of $g(x)$.

$$\frac{[3(x+h)^2 - 4] - [3x^2 - 4]}{h}$$

$$\frac{3(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) - 4 - 3x^2 + 4}{h}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{3x^2} + 6xh + 3h^2 - \cancel{3x^2}}{h} = 6x + 3h$$

VERSION B:
 $g(x) = 3x^2 - 8$
NO CHANGE TO THIS ANSWER
↙ ↓

ANSWER: $\frac{g(x+h) - g(x)}{h} = \underline{6x + 3h}$

$g'(x) = \underline{6x}$

ii. Find the equation for the tangent line to $g(x)$ at $x = 2$.

4 pts

$$y = m(x - x_0) + y_0$$

↑
2

$g(2) = 3(2)^2 - 4 = 8$

$g'(2) = 6(2) = 12$

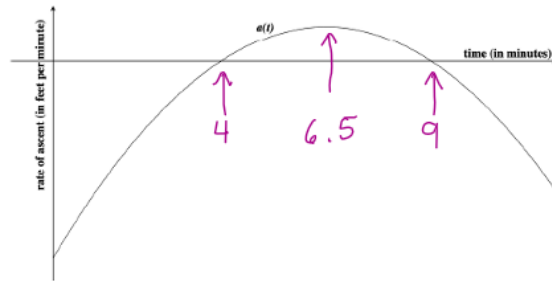
VERSION B:
 $g(2) = 4$
 $y_0 = 12(x-2) + 4 = 12x - 20$

$y = 12(x-2) + 8$

ANSWER: $y = \underline{12x - 16}$

2. At $t = 0$, Balloon A is 250 feet above the ground. Its **rate of ascent** (in feet per minute) at t minutes is

$$a(t) = -0.5t^2 + 6.5t - 18.$$



Recall, $a(t)$ is the **derivative** of the height function, so if $A(t)$ is the height of Balloon A, then $A'(t) = a(t)$.

5pts (a) Give the longest interval over which the Balloon A is rising.

A rising $\Leftrightarrow A'$ positive
NEED TO FIND WHEN $a(t) \geq 0$

$$-0.5t^2 + 6.5t - 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{-6.5 \pm \sqrt{6.5^2 - 4(-0.5)(-18)}}{2(-0.5)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-6.5 \pm \sqrt{6.25}}{-1} \\ &= \frac{-6.5 \pm 2.5}{-1} \\ &t = 4 \quad \& \quad t = 9 \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER: $t =$ 4 to $t =$ 9

4pts (b) Give the time when Balloon A is rising the fastest?

rising fastest $\Leftrightarrow a(t)$ maximum $\Leftrightarrow a'(t) = 0$

$$a'(t) = -t + 6.5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 6.5$$

ANSWER: $t =$ 6.5

4pts (c) The **height** (in feet) of a second balloon, Balloon B at t minutes is given by

$$B(t) = -1.5t^2 + 24t + 250.$$

How fast is Balloon A moving when Balloon B is at its highest altitude?

$$B \text{ max height } \Leftrightarrow B'(t) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -3t + 24 = 0$$

$$t = 8$$

21
VERSION B
 $\Rightarrow -3t + 21 = 0$
 $t = 7$
 $\Rightarrow a(7) = 3$

Rate of ascent
For Balloon A $= a(8) = -0.5(8)^2 + 6.5(8) - 18 = 2$

ANSWER: Speed of Balloon A (at time when B is highest) is 2 $\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{min}}$

3. You sell Items. For sell and producing x hundred Items, you are given:

Demand Curve (i.e. price): $p = 10 - x$ dollars/Item

Total Cost: $TC(x) = \frac{x^3}{12} + x^2 + x + 1$ hundred dollars.

12
VERSION B
3

(a) Recall: Average cost is defined by $AC(x) = \frac{TC(x)}{x}$. Find and simplify the formula for $AC(x)$ and the formula for the derivative of average cost $AC'(x)$.

3 pts $AC(x) = \frac{1}{12}x^2 + x + 1 + \frac{1}{x}$

ANSWER: $AC(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{12}x^2 + x + 1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1}$

ANSWER: $AC'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{6}x + 1 - x^{-2}}{1}$

(b) Approximate the change in Total Revenue from 200 Items to 201 Items. (You can use either Math 111 or Math 112 tools, but it is much faster to use the new tools).

3 pts $TR(x) = 10x - x^2$

$MR(x) = 10 - 2x$

MATH 112 WAY

CHANGE IN TR FROM 200 TO 201 $\approx MR(2) = 10 - 2(2) = 6$

MATH 111 WAY: $TR(2.01) - TR(2) = (10(2.01) - (2.01)^2) - (10(2) - 2^2) = 0.0599$ ANSWER: 6 dollars

← hundred # → ROUNDS TO SAME

VERSION B
← 8

(c) Give the longest interval over which $TR(x)$ is increasing.

3 pts

$TR \text{ MAX} \Leftrightarrow MR = 0$

$10 - 2x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 5$

← ∞ ALSO ACCEPTABLE



VERSION B
← 6

ANSWER: $x =$ 0 to $x =$ 5 hundred items

(d) At what quantity and selling price is profit maximum?

(Round final answer to two digits after the decimal)

5 pts

$MR = MC$

$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(\frac{1}{4})(-9)}}{2(\frac{1}{4})}$

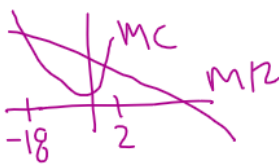
$10 - 2x = \frac{1}{4}x^2 + 2x + 1$

$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{25}}{\frac{1}{2}}$

$0 = \frac{1}{4}x^2 + 4x - 9$

$x = \frac{-4 + 5}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$

$x = \frac{-4 - 5}{\frac{1}{2}} = -18$



ANSWER: quantity = 2 hundred items

$p = 10 - x = 10 - 2$ price = 8 dollars/Item

← 10 VERSION B