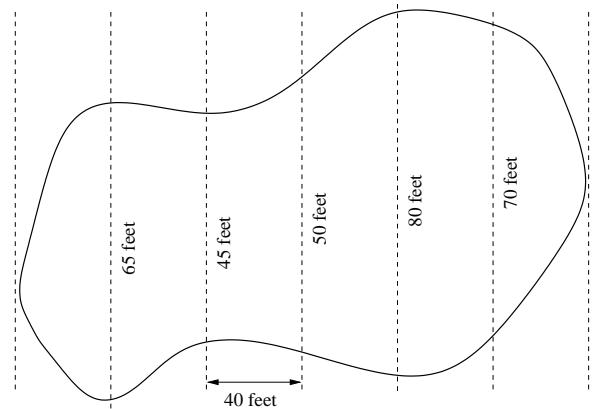


In this work sheet we'll study the problem of finding the area of a region bounded by curves. We'll first estimate an area given numerical information. Then we'll use calculus to find the area of a more complicated region.

## The Lake

1 The widths, in feet, of a small lake were measured at 40 foot intervals. Estimate the area of the lake.



*I can think of three possible methods:*

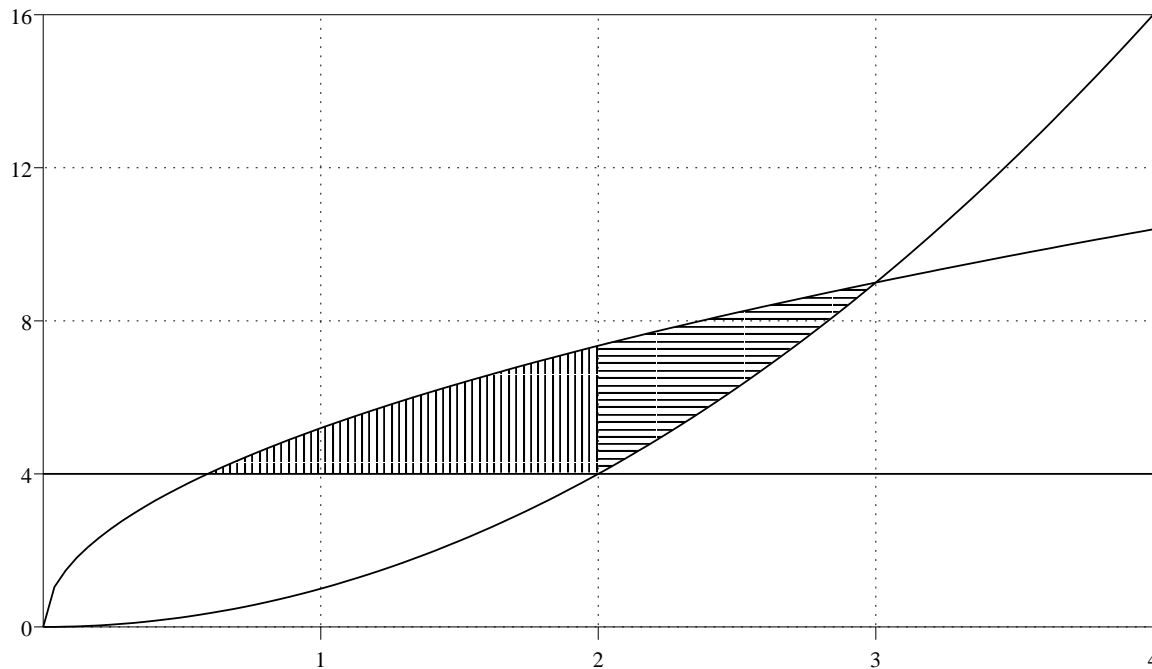
$$\text{Left Endpoints: } (0 \times 40) + (65 \times 40) + (45 \times 40) + (50 \times 40) + (80 \times 40) + (70 \times 40) = 12400 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{Right Endpoints: } (65 \times 40) + (45 \times 40) + (50 \times 40) + (80 \times 40) + (70 \times 40) + (0 \times 40) = 12400 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{Midpoints: } (65 \times 80) + (50 \times 80) + (70 \times 80) = 14800 \text{ ft}^2$$

## Area Bounded by Three Curves

2 On the grid below sketch the graphs of  $y = 4$ ,  $y = x^2$  and  $y = \sqrt{27x}$ . (The last one is just a piece of a sideways parabola).



3 Shade the “triangular” region bounded by the graphs of the three functions that lies above the horizontal line.

4 Compute the  $x$ -coordinate of the left endpoint of the region.

$$4 = \sqrt{27x} \text{ gives } x = \frac{16}{27}$$

5 Compute the  $x$ -coordinate of the right endpoint of the region.

$$x^2 = \sqrt{27x} \text{ gives } x = 3$$

6 Note that the top of the region consists of a single curve, but the bottom of the region consists of two different curves. Find the  $x$ -coordinate where these two curves meet.

$$4 = x^2 \text{ gives } x = 2, \text{ since we know } x \text{ is positive}$$

7 Sketch in a vertical line at the  $x$ -coordinate you found in the last problem. This divides the region into two smaller sub-regions.

8 Compute the area of the left sub-region.

$$\int_{\frac{16}{27}}^2 \sqrt{27x} - 4 \, dx = 4\sqrt{6} - \frac{584}{81} \approx 2.588$$

9 Compute the area of the right sub-region. Add the two areas together to get the total area.

$$\int_2^3 \sqrt{27x} - x^2 \, dx = \frac{35}{3} - 4\sqrt{6} \approx 1.8687$$

$$\left(4\sqrt{6} - \frac{584}{81}\right) + \left(\frac{35}{3} - 4\sqrt{6}\right) = \frac{361}{81} \approx 4.4568$$

10 Recompute the area using the following trick. Solve for  $x$  as a function of  $y$  in the two non-constant functions. Find the area by integrating with respect to  $y$ . Is this easier?

$$x = \sqrt{y} \quad x = \frac{y^2}{27}$$

$$\int_4^9 \sqrt{y} - \frac{y^2}{27} \, dy = \frac{361}{81}$$

*This seems a lot easier to me!*